

BIRLA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, MESRA, RANCHI
(MID SEMESTER EXAMINATION SP/2025)

CLASS:
BRANCH:

SEMESTER : IV
SESSION : SP/2025

SUBJECT: ED223 SAMPLING TECHNIQUES AND DESIGN OF EXPERIMENTS
TIME: 02 Hours

FULL MARKS: 25

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. The question paper contains 5 questions each of 5 marks and total 25 marks.
2. Attempt all questions.
3. The missing data, if any, may be assumed suitably.
4. Tables/Data handbook/Graph paper etc., if applicable, will be supplied to the candidates
5. Tabulated value of $\left|Z_{\frac{\alpha}{2}}\right|$ are: $|Z_{0.05}| = 1.645$, $|Z_{0.025}| = 1.96$, $|Z_{0.005}| = 2.58$

		CO	BL
Q.1 Discuss any two probability sampling methods with its advantages and disadvantages.	[5]	1	4
Q.2 Discuss any two non-random sampling methods with suitable examples.	[5]	1	3
Q.3 From a list of 82932 farms in a state, a sample of 2312 farms was selected by srswor. Let y_i denote the number of cattle on the i^{th} farm in the sample. Then we are given: $\sum y_i = 37211$, $\sum y_i^2 = 923489$ Estimate from the sample, (i) the total number of cattle in the state, its standard error, 95% confidence limits of the estimate (ii) the average number of cattle per farm, its standard error, 95% confidence limits of the estimate	[5]	2	4
Q.4 Considering all possible simple random samples drawn without replacement of size 2 from a population having 4 units with values {3, 5, 9, 1}, (i) show that the sample mean is an unbiased estimator of population mean. (ii) show that s^2 is an unbiased estimator of population mean square S^2 .	[5]	2	4
Q.5(a) For Q4, for all samples of size $n=2$ using srswor, Calculate the sampling variance of \bar{y} and show that it agrees with the formula $\left(\frac{N-n}{Nn}\right)S^2$.	[3]	2	3
Q.5(b) Show that for sampling from a finite population, the sample mean \bar{y} in srswor(N,n) is a better estimator of \bar{Y} as $Var(\bar{y} srswor) < Var(\bar{y} srswr)$	[2]	2	3

:04/03/2025:E