

**BIRLA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, MESRA, RANCHI**  
(MID SEMESTER EXAMINATION SP/2025)

CLASS: BTECH  
BRANCH: BIOTECHNOLOGY

SEMESTER : IV  
SESSION : SP/2025

SUBJECT: BE209 FLUID MECHANICS AND HEAT TRANSFER

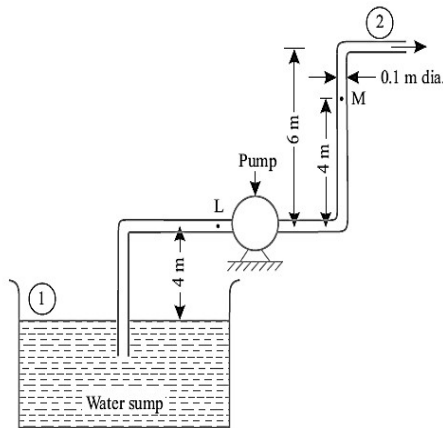
TIME: 02 Hours

FULL MARKS: 25

**INSTRUCTIONS:**

1. The question paper contains 5 questions each of 5 marks and total 25 marks.
2. Attempt all questions.
3. The missing data, if any, may be assumed suitably.
4. Tables/Data handbook/Graph paper etc., if applicable, will be supplied to the candidates

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|---|-----|---|-----------------|
| <p>Q.1(a) In a pipe of 300 mm diameter and 800 m length an oil of specific gravity 0.8 is flowing at the rate of <math>0.45 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}</math>. Find (i) Head lost due to friction (ii) Power required to maintain the flow. The kinematic viscosity of oil as 0.3 stoke.</p>                                  | [5] | 1 | BL<br>Analyzing |
| <p>Q.2(a) Figure shows a pump employed for lifting water from a sump. If it is required to pump 60 litres/sec of water through a 0.1 m diameter pipe from the sump to a point 10m above determine the power required. Also determine the pressure intensities at L and M. Assume overall efficiency of 70 percent .</p> | [5] | 1 | Evaluating      |



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|---|-----|---|---------------|
| <p>Q.3(a) A pipe carrying water experiences a sudden reduction in area. The area at point (1) is <math>0.002 \text{ m}^2</math> and at point (2) it is <math>0.001 \text{ m}^2</math> . The pressure at point (2) is 500 kPa and the velocity is 8 m/s. The loss coefficient K is 0.4. The density of water is <math>1000 \text{ kg/m}^3</math> . Calculate the following. i. The mass flow rate. ii. The pressure at point (1)</p> | [5] | 2 | Applying      |
| <p>Q.4(a) A fluid of viscosity 8 poise and specific gravity 1.2 is flowing through a circular pipe of diameter 100mm. The maximum shear stress at the pipe wall is <math>210 \text{ N/m}^2</math>. Find (i) The pressure gradient (ii) The average velocity (iii) Reynold's number of flow?</p>   | [5] | 2 | Evaluating    |
| <p>Q.5(a) An orifice meter with orifice diameter 15 cm is inserted in a pipe of 30 cm diameter. The pressure difference measured by a mercury oil differential manometer on the two sides of the orifice meter gives a reading of 50 cm of mercury. Find the rate of flow of oil of sp. Gravity 0.9 when the coefficient of discharge of orifice meter = 0.64.</p>  | [5] | 2 | Understanding |