BIRLA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, MESRA, RANCHI (MID SEMESTER EXAMINATION SP2023)

CLASS: IMSc **SEMESTER: IV** BRANCH:QEDS SESSION : SP2023 SUBJECT: ED219 ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AND DEMOGRAPHY TIME: 02 Hours FULL MARKS: 25 **INSTRUCTIONS:** 1. The question paper contains 5 questions each of 5 marks and total 25 marks. 2. Attempt all questions. 3. The missing data, if any, may be assumed suitably. 4. Tables/Data handbook/Graph paper etc., if applicable, will be supplied to the candidates _____ CO BL Q.1(a) Describe poverty. [2] C01 Q.1(b) Explain why poverty line in India is estimated using consumption expenditure method. [3] C01 Q.2(a) Describe the three dimensions of Gender Development Index and explain its [2] C01 calculation. A country's "Human Development Index" is 0.434. Its Life Expectancy Index is 0.578 [3] Q.2(b) CO1 and Income Index is 0.323. Calculate the Education Index for the country. Explain the Trade-offs among the three main objectives of Sustainable Development. CO1 Q.3(a) [2] Derive the Harrod-Domar model of economic growth (incorporating capital [3] CO2 Q.3(b) depreciation). Q.4(a) Using the Harrod-Domar model, explain how foreign investment can lead to higher [2] CO2 growth rates for a developing economy. Derive the equation of motion of capital for Solow model (incorporating capital [3] CO2 Q.4(b) depreciation). Q.5(a) Explain the Golden rule level of capital in Solow model. [2] CO2 Q.5(b) In India, an increase in capital of Rs. 5.13 lakh crore is required for an increase in [3] CO2

Q.5(b) In India, an increase in capital of Rs. 5.13 lakh crore is required for an increase in [3] C output of Rs. 2.32 lakh crore. How much would the rate of savings have to be to achieve a GDP growth rate of 12% in Harrod-Domar model? Take depreciation rate of 3%.

:::::23/02/2023:::::M