BIRLA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, MESRA, RANCHI (MID SEMESTER EXAMINATION)

CLASS: BE SEMESTER: IV SESSION: SP/2019

SUBJECT: CS4205 DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

TIME: 1.5 HOURS FULL MARKS: 25

INSTRUCTIONS:

- 1. The total marks of the questions are 30.
- 2. Candidates may attempt for all 30 marks.
- 3. In those cases where the marks obtained exceed 25 marks, the excess will be ignored.
- 4. Before attempting the question paper, be sure that you have got the correct question paper.
- 5. The missing data, if any, may be assumed suitably.

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Q1 (a) What is data abstraction? What are various types of data abstraction? What are [2] different types of database schema? (b) List the various components of DBMS and discuss various Query processor components. [3] Q2 (a) What is entity type? Explain different types of entity type. What are different types of [2] attributes? (b) Explain the concept of Generalization and aggregation with suitable example [3] Q3 (a) What is derived relation? Explain with suitable example. [2] (b) What is Join type and Join condition? Explain various join types with example. [3] Q4 (a) Explain how a nested subquery is used to perform test for set membership. [2] (b) What is cursor? When and how it is used in embedded SQL? Explain with suitable [3] example. Q5 (a) Give the formal definition of Relational Algebra. [2] (b) Explain rename operation, Cartesian product and division operation with suitable [3] example in Relational Algebra. Q6 [5] Consider the following two relations:

Loan: branch_name, loan_no, amount Borrower: customer_name, loan_no Depositor: customer_name, account_no.

Write queries in TRC for following:

- (i) Find branch_name, loan_no and amount for loans over 5000.
- (ii) Find the loan_no of each loan of an amount greater than 5000.
- (iii) Find the name of all customers who have a loan at Ranchi branch.
- (iv) Find name of all customers who have a loan, an account or both at the bank (use borrower and depositor relation)
- (v) Find name of all customers who have an account at the bank but does not have loan from the bank. (use borrower and depositor relation)

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