## BIRLA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, MESRA, RANCHI (MID SEMESTER EXAMINATION)

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CLASS: BE
SEMESTER: VI
BRANCH: CHEM
SESSION : SP/2019
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## SUBJECT : CL6007 POLYMER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

TIME: 1.5 HOURS
FULL MARKS: 25

## INSTRUCTIONS:

1. The total marks of the questions are 30 .
2. Candidates may attempt for all 30 marks.
3. In those cases where the marks obtained exceed 25 marks, the excess will be ignored.
4. Before attempting the question paper, be sure that you have got the correct question paper.
5. The missing data, if any, may be assumed suitably.

Q1 (a) Determine $M_{v}, M_{w}, M_{n}$, PDI, if sum of $N_{i}$ is 23 and numerator of $M_{v}$ \& $N_{i} M_{i}$ relation is $11661 \times 10^{8}$ Da for a condition where $M_{v}$ and $M_{w}$ are equivalent. Also determine $K$, if [ $n$ ] is $0.58 \mathrm{dl} / \mathrm{g}$. Use the GPC graph of a polymer below.

(b) Estimate the angular frequency of a sedimentation experiment, if polymer sample particle mass is $3.33 \times 10^{-6} \mathrm{mg}$, partial sp . vol. is $0.73 \mathrm{~mL} / \mathrm{g}$, solution density is 0.97 $\mathrm{g} / \mathrm{mL}$, translational friction coeff. Is $0.75, \mathrm{r}$ is 0.5 cm , linear velocity $3000 \mathrm{~cm} / \mathrm{s}$

Q2 Estimate $M_{w}$ of a polymer having the following light scattering expt. data. Take incident light intensity as 2500 lux, solute-solvent const. as 0.000033 . Also briefly explain principle of the experiment.

| C (g/ml) | 0.002 | 0.004 | 0.005 | 0.006 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| I (lux) | 2000 | 1500 | 1450 | 1440 |
| ( $\mu \mathrm{m})$ | 50 | 100 | 101 | 102 |

Q3 Determine [ n ] by plotting reduced viscosity and C. Calculate $M_{v}$ of PMMA dissolved in good solvent and if $\mathrm{K}=5 \times 10^{-5}$. Also determine flow time of different solutions if solvent flow time is 45 s . Briefly explain the procedure in both viscometers.

| $n_{\text {in }}(\mathrm{dl} / \mathrm{g})$ | 0.58 | 0.56 | 0.52 | 0.5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $C(\mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{dl})$ | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 1.2 |

Q4 (a) Calculate reciprocal dispersive power of PMMA using the plot below. Using the min. \& max. RI values determine applied stress if C is $4.7 \times 10^{12} \mathrm{~m}^{2} / \mathrm{N}$ if PMMA acts photoelastic. Also estimate permittivity of PMMA using max. RI value.

(b) Identify and describe the chemical structure and functions of materials associated with following terms: (i) used at $0.1 \%$ in filled PVC (ii) rubber need this process for mechanical strength (iii) used at 0.02-1\%

Q5 (a) Estimate mol. wt. and dissipation of a polymer sample having permittivity 2.8, density $0.975 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{ml}$, molar polarizability $6153 \mathrm{cc} / \mathrm{mol}$ and if it is lossy by a value of 0.275 . Also briefly describe methods used for studying creep and thermal stability
(b) Calculate heat of fusion in std. units of absolute crystalline PET, if a semi-crystalline PET has $46.3 \%$ crystallinity with heat of fusion of $0.1356 \mathrm{~J} / \mathrm{mg}$. For the same sample calculate amorphous phase area, if crystalline area is $6.25 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$

Q6 (a) Extract the thermal transition values from the graph below using std. methods and define them. Write discussion on the effect of PEG amount on the transitions. Illustrate the change in nature of the graph for exo up, endo up and endo down cases.

(b) Estimate gyromagnetic ratio, spin angular momentum and magnetic moment, if applied magnetic field is 0.3 tesla, resonance frequency is 10 GHz and energy is 15 J

