BIRLA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, MESRA, RANCHI (END SEMESTER EXAMINATION)

CLASS: **MSC** SEMESTER: II BRANCH: **CHEMISTRY** SESSION: SP/19 SUBJECT: CH411 EQUILIBRIUM NON EQUILIBRIUM & STATISTIED THERMODYNAMICS TIME: 3 Hours **FULL MARKS: 50 INSTRUCTIONS:** 1. The question paper contains 5 questions each of 10 marks and total 50 marks. 2. Attempt all questions. 3. The missing data, if any, may be assumed suitably. 4. Before attempting the question paper, be sure that you have got the correct question paper. 5. Tables/Data hand book/Graph paper etc. to be supplied to the candidates in the examination hall. Q.1(a) Consider an Ideal gas that occupies 1.00dm³ at 2.00bar. Calculate the work required to compress [5] the gas isothermally to a volume of 0.667 dm³ at a constant pressure of 3.00 bar followed by another isothermal compression to 0.500dm³ at a constant pressure of 4.00 bar. Compare the result with the work of compressing the gas isothermally and reversibly from 1.00 dm³ to 0.500dm³. What are Maxwell relations? Show that $\left(\frac{\partial U}{\partial S}\right)_P = T - P \left(\frac{\partial T}{\partial P}\right)_S$. Using the combined form of the 1st and 2nd law of thermodynamics and appropriate Maxwell's relations derive 1st thermodynamics equation [5] of state as $\left(\frac{\partial U}{\partial V}\right)_T = T \left(\frac{\partial P}{\partial T}\right)_V - P$ Q.2(a) Define and explain Gibbs free energy? Show and explain the pressure dependence of Gibbs free [5] Q.2(b) Define chemical potential. Derive Gibbs - Duhem equation. [5] Q.3(a) Explain the thermodynamic probability (W) and give only the final expression w.r.t. BE statistics [5] only. Define and explain canonical, grand canonical and microcanonical ensembles. Q.3(b) Explain molecular partition function and multiplication theorem. Calculate electronic partition [5] function for Hydrogen and He atom. [5] [5] Q.4(a) List the various transport processes and write their phenomenological equations. Define and discuss the four electrokinetic effects such as SP, EO, EOP and SC.

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Q.5(a) Differentiate between ideal and real gases. What is the virial equation of state? Why the second

Q.5(b) Discuss the Debye's theory of heat capacity of solids. What is the significance of Debye temperature?

virial coefficient is the most important?