

BIRLA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, MESRA, RANCHI
(MID SEMESTER EXAMINATION MO/2024)

CLASS: BTECH
BRANCH: PIE

SEMESTER : V
SESSION : MO/2024

SUBJECT: PE319 MATERIAL DEFORMATION PROCESSES

TIME: 02 Hours

FULL MARKS: 25

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. The question paper contains 5 questions each of 5 marks and total 25 marks.
2. Attempt all questions.
3. The missing data, if any, may be assumed suitably.
4. Tables/Data handbook/Graph paper etc., if applicable, will be supplied to the candidates

Q.1(a)	Demonstrate the stages of annealing after cold working explaining the effect on mechanical properties with the help of a neat diagram	[2]	CO1 BL2
Q.1(b)	I. Explain the sequential steps involved in impression die forging with the heat of neat sketches. II. Identify the need of flash and flash gutter in closed die forging.	[2+1]	CO1 BL2 BL2
Q.2(a)	I. Cite examples of parts manufactured by deep drawing process. II. Explain the state of stress in deep drawing with the help of a neat diagram.	[1+2]	CO1 BL1 BL3
Q.2(b)	I. Differentiate between ausforming and isoforming with the help of CCT diagrams. II. Demonstrate the main principle of explosive forming with the help of a diagram.	[2+1]	CO1 BL2 BL2
Q.3(a)	Derive the relationship between true strain and engineering strain.	[2]	CO2 BL2
Q.3(b)	The state of stress in N/mm ² at a point is given by $\begin{bmatrix} 10 & 4 & 0 \\ 4 & 12 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ Solve for the principal stresses.	[3]	CO2 BL3
Q.4(a)	State the assumptions of Levy Mises equations.	[2]	CO2 BL1
Q.4(b)	I. Starting from the strain as a function of displacement equations, derive the compatibility equations. II. Discuss the physical significance of compatibility equations.	[2+1]	CO2 BL3
Q.5(a)	Define hydrostatic and deviatoric stress explaining their significance.	[2]	CO2 BL3
Q.5(b)	In a tension test of steel, a specimen of circular cross section with original diameter 9 mm is used. The loads applied were 22 kN and 28 kN which reduces its diameter to 8.6 mm and 8.3 mm, respectively. Determine A. true stress and true strain for given loads B. strain hardening exponent and strength coefficient	[3]	CO2 BL3