

**BIRLA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, MESRA, RANCHI
(END SEMESTER EXAMINATION)**

**CLASS: B.Sc. (H)
BRANCH: MATHEMATICS & COMPUTING**

**SEMESTER : 1st
SESSION : MO/2025**

SUBJECT: MA25105 CALCULUS-I

TIME: 3 Hours

FULL MARKS: 50

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. The question paper contains 5 questions each of 10 marks and total 50 marks.
 2. Attempt all questions.
 3. The missing data, if any, may be assumed suitably.
 4. Before attempting the question paper, be sure that you have got the correct question paper.
 5. Tables/Data hand book/Graph paper etc. to be supplied to the candidates in the examination hall.
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| Q.1(a) If $y = \cos(m \sin^{-1}x)$, prove that
$(1 - x^2)y_{n+2} - (2n + 1)xy_{n+1} + (m^2 - n^2)y_n = 0.$ | [5] | |
| Q.1(b) Use Taylor's series expansion to expand $y = x^3 + 3x^2 + 2x + 1$ about the point $x = 1.$ | [5] | |
| Q.2(a) Find the asymptotes of the cubic equation $x^3 - 2y^3 + xy(2x - y) + y(x - y) + 1 = 0.$ | [5] | |
| Q.2(b) Define the curvature and radius of curvature of the curve. Find the radius of curvature of the conic $y - x = x^2 + 2xy + y^2$ at the origin. | [5] | |
| Q.3(a) If $u = \frac{x+y}{1-xy}$ and $v = \tan^{-1}x + \tan^{-1}y$, find $\frac{\partial(u,v)}{\partial(x,y)}$. Are u and v functionally related? If so, find the relationship. | [5] | |
| Q.3(b) Discuss the extreme values of the function $x^3 + y^3 - 3axy.$ | [5] | |
| Q.4(a) Find the reduction formula for the integral $\int \sin^n x dx$ and hence deduce that | [5] | |
| $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^n x dx = \begin{cases} \frac{(n-1)(n-3)(n-5) \dots 2}{n(n-2)(n-4) \dots 3}; & \text{if } n \text{ is odd} \\ \frac{(n-1)(n-3)(n-5) \dots 2}{n(n-2)(n-4) \dots 3} \cdot \frac{\pi}{2}; & \text{if } n \text{ is even} \end{cases}$ | | |
| Q.4(b) To prove that $\beta(m, n) = \frac{\Gamma m \Gamma n}{\Gamma(m+n)}.$ | [5] | |
| Q.5(a) Find the area of the region bounded by the parabola $y^2 = 4ax$ and the straight line $y = x.$ | [5] | |
| Q.5(b) Find the volume of the solid enclosed by the planes $x = 0, y = 0, z = 0$ and tetrahedron $\frac{x}{a} + \frac{y}{b} + \frac{z}{c} = 1.$ | [5] | |