

**BIRLA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, MESRA, RANCHI
(END SEMESTER EXAMINATION)**

CLASS: BSC.
BRANCH: CHEMISTRY

SEMESTER : I
SESSION : MO/2025

SUBJECT: ED103 STATISTICAL METHODS-I

TIME: 3 Hours

FULL MARKS: 50

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. The question paper contains 5 questions each of 10 marks and total 50 marks.
 2. Attempt all questions.
 3. The missing data, if any, may be assumed suitably.
 4. Before attempting the question paper, be sure that you have got the correct question paper.
 5. Tables/Data hand book/Graph paper etc. to be supplied to the candidates in the examination hall.
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- Q.1(a) Construct a grouped frequency distribution for the following 20 waiting times (in minutes): [5] CO BL
8, 12, 14, 9, 7, 11, 15, 10, 6, 13, 9, 16, 18, 11, 10, 12, 14, 20, 5, 9. 1

- Q.1(b) For grade counts A:12, B:18, C:25, D:10, F:5, compute sector angles for a pie chart. [5] 1

- Q.2(a) For data 4, 6, 9, 9, 10, 12, 13, 13, 13, 15 compute mean, median and mode; comment on [5] 2
distribution shape.

- Q.2(b) Using the following grouped table (Age 20-24:6, 25-29:14, 30-34:20, 35-39:10, 40-44:5), [5] 2
estimate the mean and median age:

Age group	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44
frequency	6	14	20	10	5

- Q.3(a) For sample 7, 9, 10, 12, 12, 13 compute sample variance and standard deviation, interpret [5] 3
the standard deviation.

- Q.3(b) Given output classes 50-59:5, 60-69:12, 70-79:18, 80-89:10, 90-99:5, estimate mean and [5] 3
SD, then compute the coefficient of variation; also obtain quartile deviation from the
grouped cumulative distribution

Age group	50-59	60-69	70-79	80-89	90-99
frequency	5	12	18	10	5

- Q.4(a) For bivariate data (2,56), (3,62), (4,65), (5,70), (6,74), compute sample covariance s_{xy} [5] 4
and Pearson correlation r ; interpret.

- Q.4(b) Why is correlation considered a standardized measure, while covariance is not? [5] 4

- Q.5(a) For points (1,2), (2,3), (3,5), (4,4), (5,6), obtain OLS estimates ω_0, ω_1 and write the fitted [5] 5
line; interpret the slope.

- Q.5(b) Perform the multiple linear regression with the following data: [5]

x_1	200	220	250	270	300
x_2	4	5	5	6	7
y	50	55	60	65	70