

BIRLA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, MESRA, RANCHI
(END SEMESTER EXAMINATION)

CLASS: BTECH
BRANCH: COMMON FOR ALL (MINOR)

SEMESTER : V
SESSION : MO/2025

SUBJECT: CS263 DATA STRUCTURES AND ALGORITHM

TIME: 3 Hours

FULL MARKS: 50

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. The question paper contains 5 questions each of 10 marks and total 50 marks.
 2. Attempt all questions.
 3. The missing data, if any, may be assumed suitably.
 4. Before attempting the question paper, be sure that you have got the correct question paper.
 5. Tables/Data hand book/Graph paper etc. to be supplied to the candidates in the examination hall.
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|--------|--|-------|----|
| Q.1(a) | Calculate the time complexity of the following pseudo-code and justify your answer:
for i = 1 to n
for j = 1 to n
if A[i] == A[j]
print "Found" | [5] 1 | 3 |
| Q.1(b) | Solve the following recurrence relations using the Master Theorem and determine their time complexities:
(a) $T(n) = 2T(n/2) + n$
(b) $T(n) = 4T(n/2) + n^2$
(c) $T(n) = T(n/2) + 1$
For each case, identify: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• The values of a, b, and $f(n)$• Which case of the Master Theorem applies• The final time complexity $T(n)$ | [5] 1 | 3 |
| Q.2(a) | Evaluate the following postfix expression using a stack and show all intermediate steps:
12 3 4 + * 2 / 5 6 - + | [5] 2 | 3 |
| Q.2(b) | Compare circular queue and linear queue. Discuss situations where a circular queue is preferred. | [5] 2 | 2 |
| Q.3(a) | What are the main advantages and disadvantages of using linked lists over arrays? | [5] 3 | 2 |
| Q.3(b) | Write a C program to create a singly linked list with nodes containing values 10->15->23->40->45. Now, insert 35 after the node containing 23 and delete the node containing 45. Show the final linked list structure. | [5] 3 | 3 |
| Q.4(a) | Insert the following values into a BST in the given order: 50, 30, 70, 20, 40, 60, 80. Draw the resulting tree and perform inorder traversal. | [5] 4 | 3 |
| Q.4(b) | For the given adjacency list, perform BFS starting from vertex A and list the order of exploration:
A → [B, C]
B → [A, D]
C → [A, E]
D → [B, F]
E → [C]
F → [D] | [5] 4 | 3 |
| Q.5(a) | What is radix sort? Describe the concept and list its advantages over comparison-based sorting algorithms. | [5] 5 | 2 |
| Q.5(b) | Explain Heap Sort. Write the heapify process for the array. | [5] 5 | 1 |