

BIRLA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, MESRA, RANCHI  
(MID SEMESTER EXAMINATION MO/2024)

CLASS: IMSc  
BRANCH: MATHEMATICS AND COMPUTING

SEMESTER : III  
SESSION : MO/2024

SUBJECT: MA202R1 ABSTRACT ALGEBRA

TIME:02  
hours

FULL MARKS: 25

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. The question paper contains 5 questions each of 5 marks and total 25 marks.
2. Attempt all questions.
3. The missing data, if any, may be assumed suitably.
4. Tables/Data handbook/Graph paper etc., if applicable, will be supplied to the candidates

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- |        |   | CO  | BL |
|--------|---|-----|----|
| Q.1(a) | If $a \equiv b \pmod n$ and $c \equiv d \pmod n$ , then prove that<br>$ac \equiv bd \pmod n$  | [2] | 1  |
| Q.1(b) | Examine if the relation $\rho$ on the set $Z$ is an equivalence relation, where<br>$\rho = \{(a, b) \in Z \times Z : 3a + 4b \text{ is divisible by } 7\}$  | [3] | 1  |
| Q.2(a) | Find all the cyclic subgroups of the group $(Z_5, +)$ .   | [2] | 1  |
| Q.2(b) | Prove that $(Z, \cdot)$ is a group, where ' $\cdot$ ' is defined as<br>$a \cdot b = a + b + 1, a, b \in Z$  | [3] | 1  |
| Q.3(a) | Find $[G : H]$ , where $H = \{\bar{0}, \bar{1}, \bar{2}, \bar{3}\}$ and $G = (Z_6, +)$ .  | [2] | 2  |
| Q.3(b) | Let $G = (Z, +)$ and $\phi : G \rightarrow G$ is defined by $\phi(x) = -x, x \in Z$ . Prove that $\phi$ is a homomorphism and determine $\ker \phi$ .   | [3] | 2  |
| Q.4    | Prove that, if $\phi : (G, \cdot) \rightarrow (G', *)$ be a homomorphism, then $\phi$ is injective iff $\ker \phi = \{e_{G'}\}$ , where $e_{G'}$ is the identity element of $(G', *)$ .   | [5] | 2  |
| Q.5    | Find the conjugacy classes $cl(\rho_0), cl(\rho_1)$ and $cl(\rho_2)$ in $S_3$ . Here<br>$\rho_0 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \end{pmatrix}, \rho_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \rho_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$ | [5] | 3  |

Note that others elements of  $S_3$  follow usual notations.

:20/09/2024:E