BIRLA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, MESRA, RANCHI (MID SEMESTER EXAMINATION MO/2023)

SEMESTER: I

SESSION: MO/2023

CLASS:

BRANCH:

IMSc

MATHEMATICS & COMPUTING

SUBJECT: MA102 REAL ANALYSIS TIME: 02 Hours **FULL MARKS: 25 INSTRUCTIONS:** 1. The question paper contains 5 questions each of 5 marks and total 25 marks. 2. Attempt all questions. 3. The missing data, if any, may be assumed suitably. 4. Tables/Data handbook/Graph paper etc., if applicable, will be supplied to the candidates CO BLQ.1(a) Define supremum and infimum of a non-empty subset of \mathbb{R} . [2] 1 1 Q.1(b) Calculate the supremum and infimum of the set $\{1 + \frac{(-1)^n}{n}; n \in \mathbb{N}\}$. Q.2(a) Explain if \mathbb{N} , the set of all natural numbers is (i) an open set; (ii) a closed set; (iii) both [2] 2 open and closed set; (iv) neither an open nor a closed set. Q.2(b) Let $G \subset \mathbb{R}$ be an open set and $F \subset \mathbb{R}$ be a closed set. Then explain the nature of the [3] 2 set $G \cap F^c$. Find the formula for the nth term of the sequence 1, $-\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{9}, -\frac{1}{16}, \frac{1}{25}, \dots$ Q.3(a) [2] 1 1 Q.3(b) Show that every convergent sequence is bounded. Does the converse hold? [3] 2 Q.4(a) Examine the monotonicity, boundedness and convergence of the sequence $x_n = \frac{(2n+3)!}{(n+1)!}$; n=1, 2, 3, Q.4(b) Find the limit of the sequence whose nth term is $\frac{\cos^2(n)}{n^2+1}$. [3] 3 3 Q.5(a) Find the sum of the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(n+1)(n+2)}$. [2] 3 3 Q.5(b) Examine the convergence and divergence of the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n}{(2n-1)(2n+1)}$. [3] 3

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