BIRLA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, MESRA, RANCHI (END SEMESTER EXAMINATION)

CLASS: IMSc SEMESTER: I
BRANCH: Mathematics & Computing SESSION: MO/2023

SUBJECT: CH111 CHEMISTRY-I

TIME: 3 Hours FULL MARKS: 50

INSTRUCTIONS:

- 1. The question paper contains 5 questions each of 10 marks and total 50 marks.
- 2. Attempt all questions.
- 3. The missing data, if any, may be assumed suitably.
- 4. Before attempting the question paper, be sure that you have got the correct question paper.
- 5. Tables/Data hand book/Graph paper etc. to be supplied to the candidates in the examination hall.

BL CO Q.1(a) Write the postulates of Bohr's atomic theory. State and explain the Heisenberg [2+3] 1 1 uncertainty principle Write down the Schrodinger wave equation for hydrogen-like system. What is atomic 2 [2+3] 1 orbital? Draw the probability distribution and radial probability distribution curves for 1s and 2s orbitals? 0.2(a) Write short note on Inert Pair Effect. 1 Q.2(b) Draw the structure and discuss the bonding in B₂H₆ 2 2 Q.3(a) Explain the order of stability for the following carbocations. 2 [3+2] 3

$$(I) \qquad (II) \qquad (III) \qquad (IV)$$

Explain, why does the addition of singlet carbene to cis-2-butene lead to stereospecific addition, while it is stereoselective if it is triplet carbene.

Q.3(b) Explain the relative reaction rate (K_r) of the following S_N2 reaction.

[3+2] 3 3

$$R-Br + Cl^- \longrightarrow R-Cl + Br^-$$

R = 1) CH₃ II) CH₂CH₃ III) CH IV)
$$-$$
C-Br

 $K_r = 30 1 0.25 0.03$

- Q.4(a) Give example of different types of stoichiometric defects in ionic solids. Differentiate [2+3] 4 1 between n type and p type semiconductor
- Q.4(b) Draw the Born Haber cycle for $CaCl_2$. According to VSEPR theory, draw the structure of [3+2] 4 2 ICl_3
- Q.5(a) Carry out the following conversion [3+2] 4 2

COOH
$$H_3$$
 H_3 H_4 H_5 H_5 H_6 H_7 H_8 H_8

(Fischer to Sawhorse)

(Newman to Fischer)

(Sawhorse to Newman)

Draw the structure of Z and E 2-pentene.

Q.5(b) Draw both the enantiomers (R & S) of the chemical formula 1,2-dibromo-2- [2+3] 4 2 methylbutane. Explain the relationship between following molecules

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