BIRLA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, MESRA, RANCHI (END SEMESTER EXAMINATION MO/SP20**)

 CLASS:
 M. Tech
 SEMESTER : M02022

 BRANCH:
 SER
 SESSION : 2022

 SUBJECT:
 SR502 ELEMENTS OF AERODYNAMICS
 FULL MARKS: 50

 TIME:
 03 Hours
 FULL MARKS: 50

 INSTRUCTIONS:
 1. The question paper contains 5 questions each of 10 marks and total 50 marks.
 2. Attempt all questions.

 3. The missing data, if any, may be assumed suitably.
 Here and total 50 marks.
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4. Tables/Data handbook/Graph paper etc., if applicable, will be supplied to the candidates

- Q.1(a) What do you understand by Aerodynamics? Explain with suitable examples.
- Q.1(b) Briefly discuss the different speed regimes and its significance.
- Q.1(c) With the help of a neat sketch, show the different forces and moments acting on a aerofoil. Obtain [5] an expression for lift and drag coefficients on the aerofoil.

[2]

[3]

[2]

[3]

- Q.2(a) Differentiate between center of gravity and center of pressure.
- Q.2(b) What do you understand by flow similarity. Explain with the help of suitable example.
- Q.2(c) Consider the supersonic flow over a 5° deg half-angle wedge at zero angle of attack. The freestream [5] Mach number ahead of the wedge is 2.0, and the freestream pressure and density are $1.01 \times 10^5 \text{ N/m}^2$ and 1.23 kg/m^3 , respectively (this corresponds to standard sea level conditions). The pressures on the upper and lower surfaces of the wedge are constant with distance s and equal to each other, namely, pu = pl = $1.31 \times 10^5 \text{ N/m}^2$. The pressure exerted on the base of the wedge is equal to p ∞ . The shear stress varies over both the upper and lower surfaces as $\tau_w = 431s^{-0.2}$. The chord length, c, of the wedge is 2 m. Calculate the drag coefficient for the wedge.



Q.3(a)	Differentiate between pathline, streamline and streakline.	[2]
Q.3(b)	Discuss the significance of stream function and velocity potential in a flow. Also discuss the limitation of the velocity potential.	[3]
Q.3(c)	Show that the measurement of wake velocity can determine the drag of a body.	[5]
Q.4(a)	Briefly discuss the vortex panel method.	[2]
Q.4(b)	What do you understand by the Kutta Jukowski theorem?	[3]
Q.4(c)	Show that the combination of uniform flow and doublet yields a drag value of 0.	[5]
Q.5(a)	Why does boundary layer exist in a flow?	[2]
Q.5(b)	What is a displacement thickness? Obtain an expression for displacement thickness in a flow.	[3]
Q.5(c)	Derive the prandtl's boundary layer equation for a 2D, incompressible case	[5]

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