| CLASS: | M. TECH. [COGNIZANT] |
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| BRANCH: | CS |

SUBJECT: CS530 LINEAR ALGEBRA
TIME: $\quad 03$ Hours
FULL MARKS: 50

## INSTRUCTIONS:

1. The question paper contains 5 questions each of 10 marks and total 50 marks.
2. Attempt all questions.
3. The missing data, if any, may be assumed suitably.
4. Tables/Data handbook/Graph paper etc., if applicable, will be supplied to the candidates
Q.1(a) Differentiate between the strategy behind solving a set of linear equations by Gauss Seidel and Jacobi approaches.
[BL-2: Understand, CO-2]
Q.1(b) Explain the main idea of Gauss elimination method for solving a set of linear equations.
[BL-2: Understand, CO-2]
Q.1(c) Use Gaussian elimination to solve the system of linear equations:

$$
2 x_{2}+x_{3}=-8, \quad x_{1}-2 x_{2}-3 x_{3}=0, \quad-x_{1}+x_{2}+2 x_{3}=3
$$

[BL-3: Apply, CO-1]
Q.2(a) Define vector space over R.
[BL-1: Remember, CO-3]
Q.2(b) Check the linear dependency of the following vectors in $R^{4}: ~ v 1=(2,1,1,5), \quad v 2=(2,2,1,1)$, [3] $\mathrm{v} 3=(3,1,6,1), \mathrm{v} 4=(1,1,1,1)$. Give only the important steps. [BL-3: Apply, CO-1]
Q.2(c) Give some important applications of Matrices. Let $A=$ [ [2 3] [3 2] ] be a matrix. Is this matrix diagonalizable? If so, find its eigen values and the corresponding eigen vectors.
[BL-1: Remember, CO-1]
Q.3(a) A fair coin is tossed 10 times. What is the probability that we get(a) exactly5 Heads (b) at least 3 Heads?
[BL-3: Apply, CO-2]
Q.3(b) An urn contains 10 black and 10 white balls. Draw 3 balls (a) without replacement, and (b) with replacement. What is the probability that all three are white? [BL-3: Apply, CO-2]
Q.3(c) What do you know about descriptive statistics and inferential statistics? Explain.
[BL-2: Understand, CO-4]
Q.4(a) Differentiate between t-test and Z-test.
[BL-2: Understand, CO-4]
Q.4(b) Discuss the importance of data transformation. Does Z-score transformation always result in Normal distribution? Justify your answer.
[BL-4: Analyze, CO-5]
Q.4(c) A sample of 900 Heart patients is created from a database (consisting of 1048576 patients) for diagnosing Heart disease based on 12 symptoms (features/attributes). Suppose the symptom: Heartrate (out of 12 symptoms) has a mean of 3.4 bpm and SD 2.61 bpm , where the population mean is 3.25 bpm and SD is 2.61 bpm for this attribute. If the population is normal, infer the mean of the sample considering $95 \%$ confidence limit. The value of $Z$ at $5 \%$ significant level is $\left|Z_{a}\right|=1.96$.
[BL-3: Apply, CO-5]
Q.5.(a)

$$
\text { The nullity of } A=\left[\begin{array}{lll}
2 & 3 & 7 \\
1 & 1 & 9 \\
9 & 2 & x
\end{array}\right] \text { is } 1 \text {, then the value of } x=
$$

$\qquad$
Q.5(b) If a random variable $X$ is uniformly distributed over the interval [a, b] if its probability density

$$
f(x)=\frac{1}{b-a}, \quad a \leq x \leq b
$$

function is of the form
where $a$ and $b$ are constants. Find $E[X]$ over $[a, b]$. Is it first moment? Justify.

