

**BIRLA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, MESRA, RANCHI  
(END SEMESTER EXAMINATION MO/SP20\*\*)**

**CLASS: BTECH  
BRANCH: CS/IT**

**SEMESTER: III  
SESSION: MO/2022**

**SUBJECT: CS231 DATA STRUCTURES**

**TIME: 03 Hours**

**FULL MARKS: 50**

**INSTRUCTIONS:**

1. The question paper contains 5 questions each of 10 marks and total 50 marks.
  2. Attempt all questions.
  3. The missing data, if any, may be assumed suitably.
  4. Tables/Data handbook/Graph paper etc., if applicable, will be supplied to the candidates
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- Q.1(a) If there are three loops in a nested form. "The outer loop will take more time compared to the innermost loop". Agree/ Disagree Justify. [2]  
CO1,BL1
- Q.1(b) Why does storing of sparse matrices need extra consideration? How are sparse matrices stored efficiently in the computer's memory? [3]  
CO1,BL2
- Q.1(c) Consider the following segment of C code: [5]  
int j=1,n;  
while(j<=n)  
    j=j\*2 ;  
CO1  
BL3  
Find the number of comparisons made in the execution of the loop for any n>0?
- Q.2(a) Is there any Overflow and underflow conditions in a CQ? Justify. [2]  
CO2,BL1
- Q.2(b) Is it a right choice to implement one stack using two queues? Justify. [3]  
CO2,BL2
- Q.2(c) Write an algorithm/pseudocode/ procedure to replace every element with the nearest greater element on the right of that element in an array of elements. [5]  
CO2  
BL3
- Q.3(a) If the head of a linked list is pointing to kth element, then how will you get the elements before the kth element? [2]  
CO3,BL1
- Q.3(b) Write a procedure/algorithm to check a linked list is palindrome or not. [3]  
CO3,BL2
- Q.3(c) Write a procedure/algorithm to count the number of non-zero values in a circular link list. [5]  
CO3,BL3
- Q.4(a) Consider the following array of elements <89,19,50,17,12,15,2,5,7,11,6,9,100> The minimum number of interchanges needed to convert it into a max heap is? [2]  
CO4,BL1
- Q.4(b) Write the procedure for DFS. Explain with an example. [3]  
CO4,BL2
- Q.4(c) Write an algorithm/procedure to find the element in BST which is closet to the given key. Explain with an example. [5]  
CO4,BL3
- Q.5(a) Given an array of 1,00,000-pixel color values, each of which is an integer in the range of [0,255]. Which sorting algorithm is preferable for sorting them. Explain. [2]  
CO5,BL1
- Q.5(b) Compare and contrast between Heap sort and Insertion sort. [3]  
CO5,BL2
- Q.5(c) Create a 3-way search tree for the data [5]  
<45,29,32,49,63,18,27,30,31,36,39,46,47,54,59,61,67,72>  
CO5  
BL3  
Insert 23,45,67 and delete 9,36.

:::22/11/2022:::E