BIRLA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, MESRA, RANCHI (END SEMESTER EXAMINATION)

CLASS: IMSc SEMESTER: III **BRANCH: CHEMISTRY** SESSION: MO/2022

SUBJECT: CH201R1 INORGANIC CHEMISTRY-II

TIME: **FULL MARKS: 50** 3:00 Hours

INSTRUCTIONS:

- 1. The question paper contains 5 questions each of 10 marks and total 50 marks.
- 2. Attempt all questions.
- 3. The missing data, if any, may be assumed suitably.
- 4. Before attempting the question paper, be sure that you have got the correct question paper.
- 5. Tables/Data hand book/Graph paper etc. to be supplied to the candidates in the examination hall.

Q.1(a) Identify the structure of
$$x_1$$
, y_1 , x_2 , and y_2 in the following reactions.

Marks CO BL

[2] CO5 2

(i)
$$3B(CH_3)_3 + 3NH_3 \xrightarrow{320-340^0C} x_1 + 6CH_4$$

 $x_1 + 3H_2O \xrightarrow{} y_1 + 3NH_3$

(ii)
$$3B_2H_6 + 6NH_2CH_3 \xrightarrow{180-200^0C} x_2 + 12H_2$$

 $x_2 + 3H_2O \xrightarrow{60^0C} y_2 + 3H_2$

- Q.1(b) Write the reactions for the following transformation and identify the structure of [3] CO5 2 product/(s)
 - (i). Hydrolysis of cyclic-tetra-phosphonitrilic chloride
 - (ii). Ammonolysis of cyclic-tri-phosphonitrilic chloride
 - (iii). The reaction of cvclic-tri-phosphonitrilic chloride with 1.2-dihvdroxybenzene
- Silicate minerals are rock-forming minerals made up of silicate groups. The building [5] CO5 3 block of silicate minerals is the silica tetrahedron, represented by the chemical formula SiO₄⁴⁻. The SiO₄⁴⁻ is represented by the following diagram.

Follow the pictorial representation of the SiO₄⁴⁻ unit, and draw the structure of i) cyclic-(SiO₃)₃⁶⁻ and ii) cyclic- (SiO₃)₆¹²⁻ silicate units.

- Q.2(a) Explain the Hall-Heroult process for the isolation of Aluminium metal. CO1 2 [3] Q.2(b) Outline the principles of refining metals by the following methods: CO1
 - i. Refining of Titanium by electrolytic Kroll Process
 - Vapour Phase refining of Nickel and Zirconium ii.
- Q.2(c) Explain- All Bronsted acids are Lewis's acids, but all Bronsted bases are not Lewis's [5] CO2 3 bases.
- Q.3(a) Explain Li can't form alum, but Na can do. [2] CO3 1
- Q.3(b)With example briefly discuss the salient features of nuclear spin isomerism [3] CO3 2
- 3 Q.3(c)From the Born Haber type cycle for the formation of proton and hydride from gaseous CO3 hydride H_nX, write the expression for the heat of formation of proton and hydride.

PTO

Q.4(a)	Why the electrical conductance of Sodium in liquid ammonia first decreases, then increases?	[2]	CO4	1
Q.4(b) Q.4(c)	Solubility on alkali metal fluorides and iodide in water is opposite - Explain. Write short note on Cryptand.	[3] [5]	CO4 CO4	2
Q.5(a) Q.5(b) Q.5(c)	Instead of having unpaired electron, GaX_2 is diamagnetic - Explain Draw the structure and bonding in diborane. With example discuss the Inert Pair Effect.	[2] [3] [5]	CO3 CO4 CO3	1 2 3

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