BIRLA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, MESRA, RANCHI (MID SEMESTER EXAMINATION)

CLASS: BE BRANCH: MECH

SUBJECT : EE3201 INTRODUCTION TO SYSTEM THEORY

TIME: 1.5 HOURS

INSTRUCTIONS:

- 1. The total marks of the questions are 30.
- 2. Candidates may attempt for all 30 marks.
- 3. In those cases where the marks obtained exceed 25 marks, the excess will be ignored.
- 4. Before attempting the question paper, be sure that you have got the correct question paper.
- 5. The missing data, if any, may be assumed suitably.
- _____
- Q1 (a) Define the following: Causal and Noncausal Systems. Give one example of each. [2] (b) Check whether the system given by $\frac{d^3y(t)}{dt^3} + 4\frac{d^2y(t)}{dt^2} + 5\frac{dy(t)}{dt} + 2y(t) = x(t)$ is linear or nonlinear.
- Q2 (a) For the signal given in Fig-1, draw the following signals: [2] (i) x(t)u(1-t) (ii) x(t)[u(t)-u(t-1)] (iii) x(t)u(t-1) (iv) $x(t)\delta(t-1.5)$





(b) (i) Represent the following signals in terms of unit step signals:



- (ii) If a signal x(t) is given by x(t)=Cos t+Sin t+ Sin tCos t, determine the even and odd components of the signal.
- Q3 (a) Establish the analogy between electrical and mechanical systems.
 - (b) Write the equilibrium equation and obtain the equivalent analog electrical system using [3] force-voltage and force-current analogy for the system given in Fig-2.



ΡΤΟ

[2]

[3]

SEMESTER: VII/ADD

SESSION: MO/2019

FULL MARKS: 25

- Q4 (a) Explain the dual systems.
- [2] [3] (b) Obtain the electrical analog for a one-tank liquid level system of your choice. Also develop its transfer function.
- Q5 (a)

[2] Show that the Laplace transform of a periodic function with period T is equal to $\frac{1}{1-e^{-Ts}}$

[3]

times the Laplace transform of the first cycle. (b) State and prove the initial value theorem.

For the given Laplace transform

 $Y(s) = \frac{17s^3 + 7s^2 + s + 6}{s^5 + 3s^4 + 5s^3 + 4s^2 + 2s},$

Find the initial and final values of the corresponding time function y(t).

Q6 (a) Write the Laplace transform of the following functions and mention the property which [2] is used.

(*i*) $3t + 4 \exp(-2t)$ (*ii*) $t \exp(at)$

(b) Obtain the inverse Laplace transform of the functions given by $20 \qquad 2(s+2)$ [3]

(*i*)
$$\frac{20}{s(s^2+10s+9)}$$
 (*ii*) $\frac{2(s+2)}{s^2+4s+13}$

:::: 23/09/2019M ::::::