

**BIRLA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, MESRA, RANCHI
(END SEMESTER EXAMINATION)**

CLASS: MBA
BRANCH: MBA

SEMESTER : III
SESSION : MO/18

SUBJECT: MBA3005 CORPORATE FINANCE

TIME: 3:00 HRS.

FULL MARKS: 60

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. The question paper contains 7 questions each of 12 marks and total 84 marks.
2. Candidates may attempt any 5 questions maximum of 60 marks.
3. The missing data, if any, may be assumed suitably.
4. Before attempting the question paper, be sure that you have got the correct question paper.
5. Tables/Data hand book/Graph paper etc. to be supplied to the candidates in the examination hall.

- Q.1(a) Who are the participants in Financial Market? Describe their role. [6]
Q.1(b) What is meant by new issue market? Explain. [6]
- Q.2(a) Is it possible for a firm to have a high current ratio and still find difficulties in paying its current debts? Explain with illustration. [6]
Q.2(b) Extracts from the financial account of XYZ are given below : [6]
Sales amounted to Rs. 3,50,000/- in the first year and Rs. 3,00,000 in the second year. You are required to comment on the solvency position of the firm with the help of accounting ratios.

	Year - I		Year - II	
	Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities
Stocks	10,000	---	20,000	---
Debtors	30,000	---	30,000	---
Payment in Advance	2,000	---	---	---
Cash in Hand	20,000	---	15,000	---
Sundry Creditors	---	25,000	---	30,000
Acceptances	---	15,000	---	12,000
Bank Overdraft	---	---	---	5,000
	62,000	40,000	65,000	47,000

- Q.3(a) "Bond price variability is directly related to the term to maturity". Explain. [6]
Q.3(b) A share is currently selling for Rs. 80/- expected to pay a dividend of Rs. 5/- at the end of the year. It is estimated that the share will sell for Rs. 99/- at the end of the year. Given the current price of Rs. 80/- and the expected dividend of Rs. 5/- what would the price have to be at the end of one year to justify purchase of the share today, if required rate of return were 17%. [6]
- Q.4(a) Explain the term capital budgeting. Why is it significant for a firm? [6]
Q.4(b) A machine will cost Rs. One Lakh and will provide annual net cash inflow of Rs. 20,000/-, 30,000/-, 15,000/-, 15,000/-, 30,000/-, 40,000/-, 10,000/- from years 1 through 6. The cost of capital is 15%. Calculate the machine net present value. [6]
- Q.5(a) What is Corporate Financing? How is it different from Project Financing? [6]
Q.5(b) How is the risk allocated in project financing? [6]
- Q.6 When do merger makes an economic sense? What are the important reasons for merger and acquisition? [12]
- Q.7 What is the market to book value? What is its determinant? [12]

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