

CBCS based Syllabus for

**I.M.Sc. (Chemistry) (1st-10th Semester)
and
M.Sc. (1st– 4th Semester)**



**Department of Chemistry
B.I.T. Mesra, Ranchi
98A, Academic Council, 2nd May, 2018**

CBCS based Course structure for Integrated M.Sc. programme of BIT:

Important notes:

- The basic criteria of UGC have been followed in preparing the course structure of this programme.
- **The Exit option with B.Sc. (Chemistry as Major) can be offered to them who want to get it after successful completion of 6th semester.**
- On the other hand, a parallel entry is allowed in 7th semester in the form of M.Sc. programme.

Department Vision

To become a recognized centre of excellence for teaching and research in Chemical Sciences through producing excellent academicians, professionals, entrepreneur and innovators

Department Mission

Inoculate fundamental concepts of Chemical Sciences to students & scholars through our state of art laboratory, teaching and research facilities. Building a scientific environment and motivation towards innovation with quality research in chemical sciences and allied areas.

Program Educational Objectives of Integrated M.Sc. & M.Sc.:

1. To impart high quality education and research to develop future academicians, scientists and technocrats.
2. To develop a vibrant and motivational work environment by availability of high end research exposure at UG, PG and research levels.
3. To instill values like work commitment, honesty, integrity, empathy as fundamental basis for serving humanity through chemical education and research.

Program Outcomes of Integrated M.Sc. & M.Sc.:

1. The students will be trained personnel resource in Chemical Sciences who will get through national and international level tests and be an asset to the nation.
2. They will have knowledge of basic fundamentals of chemical sciences and allied areas and will be able to compete national level tests such as JAM, UGC-CSIR NET, GATE, etc., successfully.
3. They will have an exposure to high end modern facilities used in research at par with global standards.
4. They will implement their educational and research skills with basic human values, integrity, empathy and ultimate objective of serving humanity.

The contents of laboratory papers are designed to meet the course objectives and outcomes of their respective theory papers.

BIRLA INSTITUTE OF TEHCNOLOGY- MESRA, RANCHI NEW COURSE STRUCTURE- To be effective from academic session 2018-19 Based on CBCS & OBE model for IMSc Chemistry									
Semester of Study (Recommended)	Level	Category of course	Course Code	Courses	Mode of Delivery & Credits L-Lecture; T-Tutorial; P-Practicals			Total Credits C- Credits	
					L (Periods /week)	T (Periods /week)	P (Periods/ week)	C	
FIRST	1	THEORY							
		PC	CH103	Inorganic Chemistry-I; Atomic Structure &Chemical Bonding-I	3	1	0	4	
		PC	CH 104	Physical Chemistry-I; States of Matter & Ionic Equilibrium	3	1	0	4	
		FS Foundation sciences	PH109	Physics I	3	1	0	4	
		HSS	MT123	Business Communications	2	0	2	3	
		LABORATORIES							
		PC	CH 105	Inorganic Chemistry-I Lab	0	0	3	2	
		PC	CH 106	Physical Chemistry-I Lab	0	0	3	1.5	
		FS	PH110	Physics-I Lab	0	0	3	1.5	
		MC Mandatory Course	MC 101/102/ 103/104	Choice of: NCC/NSS/ PT & Games/Creative Arts (CA)	0	0	2	1	
		TOTAL						21	
		THEORY							
SECOND	1	PC	CH107	Physical Chemistry-II; ChemicalThermodynamics & its Applications	3	1	0	4	
	1	PC	CH108	Organic Chemistry-I	3	1	0	4	
	1	FS	MA108	Mathematics- III	3	1	0	4	
	2	GE	CS270	Fundamendal of Computers	3	0	0	3	
	LABORATORIES								
	1	PC	CH109	Physical Chemistry-II Lab	0	0	3	1.5	
		PC	CH110	Organic Chemistry-I Lab	0	0	3	1.5	
	2	GE	CS271	Fundamental of Computer Lab	0	0	3	1.5	
	1	MC	MC105/ 106/107 /1 08	Choice of: NCC/NSS/ PT & Games/Creative Arts (CA)	0	0	2	1	
			TOTAL						20.5
		GRAND TOTAL FOR FIRST YEAR							41.5
		THEORY							
THIRD	2	PC	CH201	Inorganic Chemistry-II; s and p-BlockElements	3	1	0	4	
	2	PC	CH202	Physical Chemistry-III; Phase Equilibria &Chemical Kinetics	3	1	0	4	
	2	PC	CH203	Organic Chemistry-II;Oxygen ContainingFunctional Groups	3	1	0	4	
	1	FS	PH111	Physics –II	3	1	0	4	
	1	HSS	OE	(Open Elective)	3	0	0	3	
	LABORATORIES								
	2	PC	CH204	Inorganic Chemistry-II Lab	0	0	3	1.5	
		PC	CH205	Physical Chemistry-III Lab	0	0	4	2	
	2	PC	CH206	Organic Chemistry-II Lab	0	0	3	1.5	
	1	FS	PH112	Physics II Lab	0	0	3	1.5	
2	MC	MC201/ 202/203 /2 04	Choice of: NCC/NSS/ PT & Games/Creative Arts (CA)	0	0	2	1		
		TOTAL						26.5	

	THEORY								
FOURTH	2	PC	CH207	Inorganic Chemistry-III; Coordination Chemistry	3	1	0	4	
		PC	CH208	Physical Chemistry-IV; Electrochemistry	3	1	0	4	
		PC	CH209	Organic Chemistry-III, Heterocyclic Chemistry	3	1	0	4	
		FS	MA207	Mathematics IV	3	1	0	4	
	1	FS	CE101	Env. Science	2	0	0	2	
			LABORATORIES						
	2	PC	CH210	Inorganic Chemistry-III Lab	0	0	4	2	
		PC	CH211	Physical Chemistry-IV Lab	0	0	3	1.5	
		PC	CH212	Organic Chemistry-III Lab	0	0	3	1.5	
		MC	MC205/ 206/207 /208	Choice of: NCC/NSS/ PT & Games/ Creative Arts (CA)	0	0	2	1	
TOTAL								24	
GRAND TOTAL FOR SECOND YEAR								50.5	
FIFTH	THEORY								
	3	PC	CH301	Physical Chemistry-V; Quantum Chemistry & Spectroscopy	3	1	0	4	
		PC	CH302	Organic Chemistry-IV; Biomolecules	3	1	0	4	
		PE	CH(303/ 304)	PE I (Annexure-1)	3	1	0	4	
		PE	CH(305/ 306)	PE II (Annexure-1)	3	1	0	4	
		FS	MA301	Probability and Statistics	3	1	0	4	
	LABORATORIES								
	3	PC	CH307	Physical Chemistry-V Lab	0	0	3	1.5	
		PC	CH308	Organic Chemistry-IV Lab	0	0	3	1.5	
		PE	CH309/ CH310	PE I-LAB (Annexure-1)	0	0	4	2	
		PE	CH311/ CH312	PE II-LAB (Annexure-1)	0	0	4	2	
	TOTAL								27
	SIXTH	THEORY							
3		PC	CH313	Inorganic Chemistry-IV; Organometallic Chemistry	3	1	0	4	
		PC	CH314	Organic Chemistry-V; Spectroscopy	3	1	0	4	
		PE	CH(315/ 316)	PE III (Annexure-1)	3	1	0	4	
		PE	CH(317/ 318)	PE IV (Annexure-1)	3	1	0	4	
LABORATORIES									
3		PC	CH319	Inorganic Chemistry-IV Lab	0	0	3	1.5	
			CH320	Organic Chemistry-V Lab	0	0	3	1.5	
		PE	CH (321/32 2)	PE III-LAB(Annexure-1)	0	0	4	2	
		PE	CH (323/32 4)	PE IV-LAB(Annexure-1)	0	0	4	2	
		PC	CH325	B.Sc. Project Work				4	
TOTAL								27	
GRAND TOTAL FOR THIRD YEAR								54	
GRAND TOTAL FOR B.Sc. (HONOURS) CHEMISTRY								146	
NOTE: The Exit option with B.Sc. (Chemistry as Major) can be offered to the student who wants to get it after successful completion of 6 th semester.									

SEVENTH	THEORY								
	4	PC	CH401	Basic Inorganic Chemistry	3	1	0	4	
			CH402	Chemical Kinetics & Surface Chemistry	3	0	0	3	
			CH403	Reactions Mechanism in Organic Chemistry	3	0	0	3	
			CH404	Organometallic Chemistry	3	0	0	3	
			CH405	Principles of Organic Synthesis	3	1	0	4	
		OE		OPEN ELECTIVE-I	3	0	0	3	
	2	HSS	MT204	Constitution of India	2	0	0	0	
	LABORATORIES								
	4	PC	CH406	Physical Chemistry-VI Lab	0	0	4	2	
CH407			Organic Chemistry-VI Lab	0	0	4	2		
TOTAL								24	
EIGHTH	THEORY								
	4	PC	CH408	Advanced Inorganic Chemistry	3	0	0	3	
			CH409	Quantum Chemistry & Group Theory	3	1	0	4	
			CH410	Modern Organic Chemistry	3	0	0	3	
			CH411	Equilibrium, Non-Equilibrium & Statistical Thermodynamics	3	0	0	3	
			CH412	Analytical Chemistry	3	1	0	4	
		OE		OPEN ELECTIVE-II	3	0	0	3	
	LABORATORIES								
	4	PC	CH413	Inorganic Chemistry-V Lab	0	0	4	2	
		PC	CH 414	Theoretical & Computational Chemistry Lab	0	0	4	2	
TOTAL								24	
GRAND TOTAL FOR FOURTH YEAR								48	
NINTH	THEORY								
	5	PC	CH501	Spectroscopic Elucidation of Molecular Structure	3	1	0	4	
		PE	CH502/503/504	PE-V(Inorganic/Physical/Organic) (Annexure-1)	3	1	0	4	
		PE	CH 505/506 /507	PE-VI (Inorganic/Physical/Organic) (Annexure-1)	3	1	0	4	
	LABORATORIES								
	5	PC	CH508	Advanced Characterization Lab	0	0	4	2	
		PE	CH509/510/511	PE Lab (Inorganic/Physical/Organic)(A nnexure-1)	0	0	4	2	
		RP	CH500	Research Dissertation Part I	0	0	4	4	
	TOTAL								20
	TENTH	THEORY							
5		PE	CH513/514/515	PE-VII (Inorganic/Physical/Organic)(A nnexure-1)	3	1	0	4	
		RP	CH550	Research Dissertation Part II	0	0	8	8	
TOTAL								12	
GRAND TOTAL FOR FIFTH YEAR								32	
GRAND TOTAL (B.Sc.) [IMSc Semester I to Semester VI]								146	
GRAND TOTAL (M.Sc.) [IMSc Sem VII to Sem-X /or M.Sc Sem I to Sem IV]								80	
GRAND TOTAL (Integrated M.Sc.)								226	

PROGRAM ELECTIVE (PE) ANNEXURE-1

LEVEL		Code No.	Name of the Courses	Prerequisites	L	T	P	C
PE-I	3	CH303	Analytical Methods in Chemistry	Intermediate level chemistry	3	1	0	4
		CH304	Industrial Chemical & Environment	Intermediate level chemistry	3	1	0	4
PE-II	3	CH305	Inorganic Materials of Industrial Importance	Intermediate level chemistry	3	1	0	4
		CH306	Molecular Modeling & Drug Design	Intermediate level chemistry	3	1	0	4
		CH309	Analytical Methods in Chemistry Lab	Intermediate level chemistry	0	0	4	2
		CH310	Industrial Chemical & Environment Lab	Intermediate level chemistry	0	0	4	2
		CH311	Inorganic Materials of Industrial Importance Lab	Intermediate level chemistry	0	0	4	2
		CH312	Molecular Modeling & Drug Design Lab	Intermediate level chemistry	0	0	4	2
PE-III	3	CH315	Research Methodology for Chemistry	Intermediate level chemistry	3	1	0	4
		CH316	Novel Inorganic Solids	Intermediate level chemistry	3	1	0	4
		CH317	Polymer Chemistry	Intermediate level chemistry	3	1	0	4
		CH318	Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis	Intermediate level chemistry	3	1	0	4
PE – III&IV Lab	3	CH321	Research Methodology for Chemistry Lab	Intermediate level chemistry	0	0	4	2
		CH322	Novel Inorganic Solids Lab	Intermediate level chemistry	0	0	4	2
		CH323	Polymer Chemistry Lab	Intermediate level chemistry	0	0	4	2
		CH324	Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis Lab	Intermediate level chemistry	0	0	4	2
PE-V	5	CH502	Solid State & Nuclear Chemistry	B.Sc. Chemistry	3	1	0	4
		CH503	Molecular Spectroscopy	B.Sc. Chemistry	3	1	0	4
		CH504	Advanced Organic Synthesis	B.Sc. Chemistry	3	1	0	4
PE-VI	5	CH505	Bioinorganic Chemistry	B.Sc. Chemistry	3	1	0	4
		CH506	Advanced Electrochemistry	B.Sc. Chemistry	3	1	0	4
		CH507	Selected Topics in Organic Synthesis	B.Sc. Chemistry	3	1	0	4
		CH509	Special Lab(Inorganic)	B.Sc. Chemistry	0	0	4	2
		CH510	Special Lab(Physical)	B.Sc. Chemistry	0	0	4	2
		CH511	Special Lab(Organic)	B.Sc. Chemistry	0	0	4	2
		CH513	Inorganic Photochemistry	B.Sc. Chemistry	3	1	0	4
PE-VII	5	CH514	Chemical Application of Group Theory	B.Sc. Chemistry	3	1	0	4
		CH515	Interdisciplinary Organic Chemistry	B.Sc. Chemistry	3	1	0	4

Course code: CH 103

Course title: Inorganic Chemistry-I: Atomic Structure & Chemical Bonding-I

Pre-requisite(s): Intermediate level Chemistry

Co- requisite(s):

Credits: 4 L: 3 T: 1 P: 0

Class schedule per week: 04

Class: I. M. Sc.

Semester / Level: I. M. Sc. I

Branch: Chemistry

Name of Teacher:

Course Objectives

This course enables the students:

A.	To understand the structure of atom at electronic level
B.	To develop knowledge on the physical and chemical properties of the atoms
C.	To create concept of interaction of atomic orbitals
D.	To know the process of electron transfer

Course Outcomes

After the completion of this course, students will be:

1.	Able to explain the properties of the atoms quantum mechanically and calculate the atomic parameters
2.	Able to predict the chemical reactivity
3.	Able to explain the interaction between atoms
4.	Able to predict and analyse the redox reactions
5.	Able to predict the chemical reactivity

Syllabus

Module- I: Atomic Structure (10 Lectures)

Bohr's theory, its limitations and atomic spectrum of hydrogen atom. Wave mechanics: de Broglie equation, Heisenberg's Uncertainty Principle and its significance, Schrödinger's wave equation, significance of ψ and ψ^2 . Quantum numbers and their significance. Normalized and orthogonal wave functions. Sign of wave functions. Radial and angular wave functions for hydrogen atom. Radial and angular distribution curves. Shapes of *s*, *p*, *d* and *f* orbitals. Contour boundary and probability diagrams. Pauli's Exclusion Principle, Hund's rule of maximum multiplicity, Aufbau's principle and its limitations, Variation of orbital energy with atomic number.

Module- II: Periodicity of Elements (9 Lectures)

s, *p*, *d*, *f* block elements, the long form of periodic table. Detailed discussion of the following properties of the elements, with reference to *s* and *p*-block.

(a) Effective nuclear charge, shielding or screening effect, Slater rules, variation of effective nuclear charge in periodic table.

(b) Atomic radii (van der Waals)

(c) Ionic and crystal radii.

(d) Covalent radii (octahedral and tetrahedral)

(e) Ionization enthalpy, Successive ionization enthalpies and factors affecting ionization energy. Applications of ionization enthalpy.

(f) Electron gain enthalpy, trends of electron gain enthalpy.

(g) Electronegativity, Pauling's/ Mulliken's/ Allred Rachow's/ and Mulliken-Jaffe's electronegativity scales. Variation of electronegativity with bond order, partial charge, hybridization, group electronegativity. Sanderson's electron density ratio.

Module- III: Chemical Bonding I (9 Lectures)

- (i) *Ionic bond*: General characteristics, types of ions, size effects, radius ratio rule and its limitations. Packing of ions in crystals. Born-Landé equation with derivation and importance of Kapustinskii expression for lattice energy. Madelung constant, Born-Haber cycle and its application, Solvation energy.
- (ii) *Metallic Bond*: Qualitative idea of valence bond and band theories. Semiconductors and insulators, defects in solids.
- (iii) *Weak Chemical Forces*: van der Waals forces, ion-dipole forces, dipole-dipole interactions, induced dipole interactions, Instantaneous dipole-induced dipole interactions. Repulsive forces, Hydrogen bonding (theories of hydrogen bonding, valence bond treatment) Effects of chemical force, melting and boiling points, solubility energetics of dissolution process.

Module- IV: Chemical Bonding II (10 Lectures)

Covalent bond: Lewis structure, Valence Bond theory (Heitler-London approach). Energetics of hybridization, equivalent and non-equivalent hybrid orbitals. Bent's rule, Resonance and resonance energy, Molecular orbital theory. Molecular orbital diagrams of diatomic and simple polyatomic molecules N_2 , O_2 , C_2 , B_2 , F_2 , CO , NO , and their ions; HCl , BeF_2 , CO_2 , (idea of $s-p$ mixing and orbital interaction to be given). Formal charge, Valence shell electron pair repulsion theory (VSEPR), shapes of simple molecules and ions containing lone pairs and bond pairs of electrons, multiple bonding (σ and π bond approach) and bond lengths. Covalent character in ionic compounds, polarizing power and polarizability. Fajan's rules and consequences of polarization. Ionic character in covalent compounds: Bond moment and dipole moment. Percentage ionic character from dipole moment and electronegativity difference.

Module- V: Oxidation-Reduction (7 Lectures)

Redox equations, Standard Electrode Potential and its application to inorganic reactions. Principles involved in volumetric analysis to be carried out in class.

Text books:

1. Lee, J. D. Concise Inorganic Chemistry ELBS, 1991.
2. Douglas, B. E. and McDaniel, D. H. Concepts & Models of Inorganic Chemistry Oxford, 1970.

Reference books:

1. Atkins, P. W. & Paula, J. Physical Chemistry, 10th Ed., Oxford University Press, 2014.
2. Day, M. C. and Selbin, J. Theoretical Inorganic Chemistry, ACS Publications, 1962.
3. Rodger, G. E. Inorganic and Solid State Chemistry, Cengage Learning India Edition, 2002.

Course Delivery methods
Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
Tutorials/Assignments
Seminars
Mini projects/Projects
Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets
Simulation

Course Outcome (CO) Attainment Assessment tools & Evaluation procedure

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Teacher's Assessment	5
Mid Sem	25
Two Quizzes	10+10
End Sem Examination Marks	50

Assessment Components	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4
Mid Sem	√	√		
Quiz –I	√			
Quiz II			√	
End Sem Examination Marks	√	√	√	√

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty
2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Mapping between Objectives and Outcomes

<u>Course Outcome #</u>	<u>Program Outcomes</u>			
	<u>PO1</u>	<u>PO2</u>	<u>PO3</u>	<u>PO4</u>
<u>CO1</u>	H	H	L	<u>L</u>
<u>CO2</u>	M	H	H	L
<u>CO3</u>	H	H	M	L
<u>CO4</u>	H	H	M	M
<u>CO5</u>	L	M	H	H

Mapping Between COs and Course Delivery (CD) methods

CD	Course Delivery methods	Course Outcome	Course Delivery Method
CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1
CD2	Tutorials/Assignments	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1,CD2
CD3	Seminars	CO 2, 3	CD3
CD4	Mini projects/Projects	CO3, 4	CD4
CD5	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids	CO 1, 2, 3	CD5
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD6
CD7	Simulation	CO2, 4	CD7

Lecture wise Lesson planning Details.

Week No.	Lect. No.	Ch. No.	Topics to be covered	Text Book / References	COs mapped	Methodology used
1-3	L1-10	1	Atomic Structure	T1, R2,R3	1, 2	PPT Digi Class/Chock-Board
4-6	L 11-19	2	Periodicity of elements	T1, R2,R3	1, 2	-do-
7-9	L20-28	3	Chemical Bonding I	T1, R2,R3	1, 2	-do-
10-13	L29-38	4	Chemical Bonding II	T1, R2,R3	1, 2	-do-
14-15	L39-45	5	Oxidation reduction	T1, R1,R3	1, 2	-do-

Course code: CH 104

Course title: Physical Chemistry-I: States of Matter & Ionic Equilibrium

Pre-requisite(s): Intermediate Level Chemistry

Co- requisite(s):

Credits: 4 L: 3 T: 1 P: 0

Class schedule per week: 04

Class: I. M. Sc.

Semester / Level: I. M. Sc. I

Branch: Chemistry

Name of Teacher:

Course Objectives

This course enables the students:

A.	To differentiate the states of matter based on molecular level interactions
B.	To understand the concept of ideal and real gases from the molecular level energetic
C.	To familiarize with different physical properties of liquids and solids
D.	To understand the theories of equilibrium in ionic medium

Course Outcomes

After the completion of this course, students will be:

1.	Able to derive the Van der Waals equation of state and explain the deviation of real gases from ideal gases
2.	Able to analyse surface tension and viscosity coefficient of liquids
3.	Able to use Bragg's law to index cubic powder XRD pattern, determine unit cell parameter
4.	Able to calculate pH/pKa, degree of ionization, dissociation constant, solubility product of electrolytes

Syllabus

Module I: Gaseous state: *Kinetic molecular model of a gas*

(9 Lectures)

Postulates and derivation of the kinetic gas equation; collision frequency; collision diameter; mean free path and viscosity of gases, including their temperature and pressure dependence, relation between mean free path and coefficient of viscosity, calculation of σ from η ; variation of viscosity with temperature and pressure. Maxwell distribution and its use in evaluating molecular velocities (average, root mean square and most probable) and average kinetic energy, law of equipartition of energy, degrees of freedom and molecular basis of heat capacities.

Module II: Gaseous state: *Behaviour of real gases*

(9 Lectures)

Deviations from ideal gas behaviour, compressibility factor, Z , and its variation with pressure for different gases. Causes of deviation from ideal behaviour. van der Waals equation of state, its derivation and application in explaining real gas behaviour, mention of other equations of state (Berthelot, Dietrici); virial equation of state; van der Waals equation expressed in virial form and calculation of Boyle temperature. Isotherms of real gases and their comparison with van der Waals isotherms, continuity of states, critical state, relation between critical constants and van der Waals constants, law of corresponding states.

Module III: Liquid state

(8 Lectures)

Qualitative treatment of the structure of the liquid state; Radial distribution function; physical properties of liquids; vapour pressure, surface tension and coefficient of viscosity, and their determination. Effect of addition of various solutes on surface tension and viscosity. Explanation of cleansing action of detergents. Temperature variation of viscosity of liquids and comparison with that of gases. Qualitative discussion of structure of water.

Module IV: Solid state

(8 Lectures)

Nature of the solid state, law of constancy of interfacial angles, law of rational indices, Miller indices, elementary ideas of symmetry, symmetry elements and symmetry operations, qualitative idea of point and space groups, seven crystal systems and fourteen Bravais lattices; X-ray diffraction, Bragg's law, a simple account of rotating crystal method and powder pattern method. Analysis of powder diffraction patterns of NaCl, CsCl and KCl.

Module V: Ionic Equilibria

(11 Lectures)

Strong, moderate and weak electrolytes, degree of ionization, factors affecting degree of ionization, ionization constant and ionic product of water. Ionization of weak acids and bases, pH scale, common ion effect; dissociation constants of mono-, di- and triprotic acids (exact treatment). Salt hydrolysis-calculation of hydrolysis constant, degree of hydrolysis and pH for different salts. Buffer action; buffer capacity derivation of Henderson equation and its applications; applications of buffers in analytical chemistry and biochemical processes. Solubility and solubility product of sparingly soluble salts-applications. Qualitative treatment of acid-base titration curves. Theory of acid-base indicators; selection of indicators and their limitations. Multistage equilibria in polyelectrolyte systems; hydrolysis and hydrolysis constants.

Text books:

1. Kapoor, K. L. A Textbook of Physical Chemistry, Volume 1, Macmillan Publishers India Ltd, 2004
2. Atkins, P. W. & Paula, J. de Atkin's Physical Chemistry 10th Ed., Oxford University Press (2014).
3. Castellan, G. W. Physical Chemistry 4th Ed. Narosa (2004).

Reference books:

1. Ball, D. W. Physical Chemistry Thomson Press, India (2007).
2. Mortimer, R. G. Physical Chemistry 3rd Ed. Elsevier: NOIDA, UP (2009).
3. Engel, T. & Reid, P. Physical Chemistry 3rd Ed. Pearson (2013).

Course Delivery methods
Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
Tutorials/Assignments
Seminars
Mini projects/Projects
Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets
Simulation

Course Outcome (CO) Attainment Assessment tools & Evaluation procedure

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Teacher's Assessment	5
Mid Sem	25
Two Quizzes	10+10
End Sem Examination Marks	50

Assessment Components	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4
Mid Sem	√	√	√	
Quiz –I	√	√		
Quiz II			√	
End Sem Examination Marks	√	√	√	√

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty
2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Mapping between Objectives and Outcomes

Course Outcome #	Program Outcomes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4
CO1	M	H	L	L
CO2	H	H	M	L
CO3	H	H	H	M
CO4	H	H	H	M

Mapping Between COs and Course Delivery (CD) methods

CD	Course Delivery methods	Course Outcome	Course Delivery Method
CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1
CD2	Tutorials/Assignments	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1,CD2
CD3	Seminars	CO 2,3	CD3
CD4	Mini projects/Projects	CO3, 4	CD4
CD5	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids	CO 1, 2, 3	CD5
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD6
CD7	Simulation	CO2, 4	CD7

Lecture wise Lesson planning Details.

Week No.	Lect. No.	Ch. No.	Topics to be covered	Text Book /References	COs mapped	Methodology used
1-3	L1-L9	1	Gaseous state: Kinetic molecular model of a gas	T1, R1,R3	1	PPT Digi Class/Chock-Board

4-6	L10-L18	2	Behaviour of real gases	T1,T2 R1,R3	1	-do-
7-9	L19-L26	3	Viscosity and Surface Tension	T1, R2,R3	2	-do-
9-12	L27-L34	4	Solid state	T1	3	-do-
12-15	L35-L45	5	Ionic equilibria	T1	4	-do-

Course code: CH 105

Course title: INORGANIC CHEMISTRY- I LAB

Pre-requisite(s): Intermediate level chemistry

Co- requisite(s):

Credits: 2 L: 0 T: 0 P: 4

Class schedule per week: 04

Class: I. M. Sc.

Semester / Level: I. M. Sc. I

Branch: Chemistry

Name of Teacher:

Syllabus

(A) Titrimetric Analysis

- (i) Calibration and use of apparatus
- (ii) Preparation of solutions of different Molarity/Normality of titrants

(B) Acid-Base Titrations

- (i) Estimation of carbonate and hydroxide present together in mixture.
- (ii) Estimation of carbonate and bicarbonate present together in a mixture.
- (iii) Estimation of free alkali present in different soaps/detergents

(C) Oxidation-Reduction Titrimetry

- (i) Estimation of Fe(II) and oxalic acid using standardized KMnO_4 solution.
- (ii) Estimation of oxalic acid and sodium oxalate in a given mixture.
- (iii) Estimation of Fe(II) with $\text{K}_2\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7$ using internal (diphenylamine, anthranilic acid) and external indicator.

Reference book:

1. Mendham, J., A. I. Vogel's Quantitative Chemical Analysis 6th Ed., Pearson, 2009.

Assessment Tool	% Contribution
Progressive Evaluation	60 (Day to day performance: 30, Quiz: 10, Viva: 20)
End Sem Examination	40 (Experiment Performance: 30, Quiz: 10)

Course code: CH 106
Course title: Physical Chemistry-I Lab
Pre-requisite(s): Intermediate level chemistry
Co- requisite(s):
Credits: 1.5 L: 0 T: 0 P: 3
Class schedule per week: 03
Class: I. M. Sc.
Semester / Level: I. M. Sc. I
Branch: Chemistry
Name of Teacher:

Syllabus

1. Surface tension measurements.

- Determine the surface tension by (i) drop number (ii) drop weight method.
- Study the variation of surface tension of detergent solutions with concentration.

2. Viscosity measurement using Ostwald's viscometer.

- Determination of viscosity of aqueous solutions of (i) polymer (ii) ethanol and (iii) sugar at room temperature.
- Study the variation of viscosity of sucrose solution with the concentration of solute.

3. Indexing of a given powder diffraction pattern of a cubic crystalline system.

4. pH metry

- Study the effect on pH of addition of HCl/NaOH to solutions of acetic acid, sodium acetate and their mixtures.
- Preparation of buffer solutions of different pH
 - Sodium acetate-acetic acid
 - Ammonium chloride-ammonium hydroxide
- pH metric titration of (i) strong acid vs. strong base, (ii) weak acid vs. strong base.
- Determination of dissociation constant of a weak acid.

Any other experiment carried out in the class.

Reference Books:

- Khosla, B. D.; Garg, V. C. & Gulati, A. Senior Practical Physical Chemistry, R. Chand & Co.: New Delhi (2011).
- Garland, C. W.; Nibler, J. W. & Shoemaker, D. P. Experiments in Physical Chemistry 8th Ed.; McGraw-Hill: New York (2003).
- Halpern, A. M. & McBane, G. C. Experimental Physical Chemistry 3rd Ed.; W.H. Freeman & Co.: New York (2003).

Assessment Tool	% Contribution
Progressive Evaluation	60 (Day to day performance: 30, Quiz: 10, Viva: 20)
End Sem Examination	40 (Experiment Performance: 30, Quiz: 10)

Course code: CH 107

Course title: Physical Chemistry-II: Chemical Thermodynamics & its Applications

Pre-requisite(s): Intermediate level Chemistry

Co- requisite(s):

Credits: 4 L: 3 T: 1 P: 0

Class schedule per week: 04

Class: I. M. Sc.

Semester / Level: I. M. Sc. II

Branch: Chemistry

Name of Teacher:

Course Objectives

This course enables the students:

A.	To understand the basic principles of thermodynamics
B.	To analyze the thermodynamic parameters in systems with variable compositions
C.	To develop the concept of equilibrium in chemical reactions using rate constant
D.	To familiarize the concept of colligative properties of solutions

Course Outcomes

After the completion of this course, students will be:

1.	Able to calculate different thermodynamic parameters of reversible and irreversible systems using First, Second and Third Law of thermodynamics
2.	Able to measure the equilibrium constants of chemical reactions
3.	Able to determine the decrease in vapour pressure, increase in boiling point, depression of freezing point and osmotic pressure of solutions

Syllabus

Module I: Basic Thermodynamics I

(9 lectures)

Intensive and extensive variables; state and path functions; isolated, closed and open systems; zeroth law of thermodynamics.

First law: Concept of heat, q , work, w , internal energy, U , and statement of first law; enthalpy, H , relation between heat capacities, calculations of q , w , U and H for reversible, irreversible and free expansion of gases (ideal and van der Waals) under isothermal and adiabatic conditions.

Thermochemistry: Heats of reactions: standard states; enthalpy of formation of molecules and ions and enthalpy of combustion and its applications; calculation of bond energy, bond dissociation energy and resonance energy from thermochemical data, effect of temperature (Kirchhoff's equations) and pressure on enthalpy of reactions. Adiabatic flame temperature, explosion temperature.

Module II: Basic Thermodynamics II

(10 lectures)

Second Law: Concept of entropy; thermodynamic scale of temperature, statement of the second law of thermodynamics; molecular and statistical interpretation of entropy. Calculation of entropy change for reversible and irreversible processes.

Third Law: Statement of third law, concept of residual entropy, calculation of absolute entropy of molecules.

Free Energy Functions: Gibbs and Helmholtz energy; variation of S , G , A with T , V , P ; Free energy change and spontaneity. Relation between Joule-Thomson coefficient and other thermodynamic parameters; inversion temperature; Gibbs-Helmholtz equation; Maxwell relations; thermodynamic equation of state.

Module III: Systems of Variable Composition

(7 lectures)

Partial molar quantities, dependence of thermodynamic parameters on composition; Gibbs-Duhem equation, chemical potential of ideal mixtures, change in thermodynamic functions in mixing of ideal gases.

Module IV: Chemical Equilibrium

(10 lectures)

Criteria of thermodynamic equilibrium, degree of advancement of reaction, chemical equilibria in ideal gases, concept of fugacity. Thermodynamic derivation of relation between Gibbs free energy of reaction and reaction quotient. Coupling of exoergic and endoergic reactions. Equilibrium constants and their quantitative dependence on temperature, pressure and concentration. Free energy of mixing and spontaneity; thermodynamic derivation of relations between the various equilibrium constants K_p , K_c and K_x . Le Chatelier principle (quantitative treatment); equilibrium between ideal gases and a pure condensed phase.

Module V: Solutions and Colligative Properties

(9 lectures)

Dilute solutions; lowering of vapour pressure, Raoult's and Henry's Laws and their applications. Excess thermodynamic functions.

Thermodynamic derivation using chemical potential to derive relations between the four colligative properties [(i) relative lowering of vapour pressure, (ii) elevation of boiling point, (iii) Depression of freezing point, (iv) osmotic pressure] and amount of solute. Applications in calculating molar masses of normal, dissociated and associated solutes in solution.

Text books:

1. Kapoor, K. L. A Textbook of Physical Chemistry, Volume 2, Mcmillan Publishers India Ltd, 2004.
2. Peter, A. & Paula, J. de. Physical Chemistry 10th Ed., Oxford University Press (2014).
3. Castellan, G. W. Physical Chemistry 4th Ed., Narosa (2004).

Reference books:

1. Engel, T. & Reid, P. Physical Chemistry 3rd Ed., Prentice-Hall (2012).
2. McQuarrie, D. A. & Simon, J. D. Molecular Thermodynamics Viva Books Pvt. Ltd.: New Delhi (2004).
3. Assael, M. J.; Goodwin, A. R. H.; Stamatoudis, M.; Wakeham, W. A. & Will, S. Commonly Asked Questions in Thermodynamics. CRC Press: NY (2011).
4. Levine, I. N. Physical Chemistry 6th Ed., Tata Mc Graw Hill (2010).
5. Metz, C. R. 2000 solved problems in chemistry, Schaum Series (2006).

Course Delivery methods
Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
Tutorials/Assignments
Seminars
Mini projects/Projects
Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets
Simulation

Course Outcome (CO) Attainment Assessment tools & Evaluation procedure

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Teacher's Assessment	5
Mid Sem	25
Two Quizzes	10+10
End Sem Examination Marks	50

Assessment Components	CO1	CO2	CO3
Mid Sem	√	√	
Quiz I	√		
Quiz II	√	√	
End Sem Examination Marks	√	√	√

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty
2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Mapping between Objectives and Outcomes

Course Outcome #	Program Outcomes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4
CO1	H	H	M	L
CO2	H	H	M	L
CO3	H	H	H	2

Mapping Between COs and Course Delivery (CD) methods

CD	Course Delivery methods	Course Outcome	Course Delivery Method
CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors	CO1, 2, 3	CD1
CD2	Tutorials/Assignments	CO1, 2, 3	CD1,CD2
CD3	Seminars	CO 2,3	CD3
CD4	Mini projects/Projects	CO 2,3	CD4
CD5	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids	CO 1, 2, 3	CD5
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets	CO1, 2, 3	CD6
CD7	Simulation	CO 2	CD7

Lecture wise Lesson planning Details.

Week No.	Lect. No.	Ch. No.	Topics to be covered	Text Book / References	COs mapped	Methodology used
1-4	L1-L10	1	Thermodynamics and its Laws	T1,T2,T3,R2	1	PPT Digi Class/Chock-Board
4-7	L11-L20	2	Thermodynamic Energy Functions	T2,T3 R2,R3	1	-do-
7-9	L21-L26	3	Systems of Variable Compositions	T2, T3,R2	1	-do-
8-12	L27-L36	4	Chemical Equilibrium	T1,R4	2	-do-
12-15	L37-L45	5	Colligative Properties	T1,T2	3	-do-

Course code: CH 108
Course title: Organic Chemistry-I
Pre-requisite(s): Intermediate level chemistry
Co- requisite(s):
Credits: 4 L: 3 T: 1 P: 0
Class schedule per week: 04
Class: I. M. Sc.
Semester / Level: I. M. Sc. II
Branch: Chemistry
Name of Teacher:

Course Objectives

This course enables the students:

A.	To understand the basics of organic chemistry including stereochemistry perspectives
B.	To grow knowledge on the hybridization, bonding and structural properties of the molecules
C.	To create concept of molecular orbital, arrow in mechanism, with 3D structural understanding.
D.	To know the process of reaction driven by nucleophiles and electrophiles

Course Outcomes

After the completion of this course, students will be:

1.	Able to explain the organic reaction mechanism
2.	Able to predict the resonance structure and aromaticity
3.	Able to explain the interaction between reaction intermediates
4.	Able to predict and analyses the configuration and conformation of molecules

Syllabus

Module I: Basics of Organic Chemistry

(9 Lectures)

Organic Compounds: Classification, and Nomenclature, Hybridization, Shapes of molecules, Influence of hybridization on bond properties.

Electronic Displacements: Inductive, electromeric, resonance and mesomeric effects, hyperconjugation and their applications; Dipole moment; Organic acids and bases; their relative strength.

Homolytic and Heterolytic fission with suitable examples. Curly arrow rules, formal charges; Electrophiles and Nucleophiles; Nucleophilicity and basicity; Types, shape and their relative stability of Carbocations, Carbanions, Free radicals and Carbenes.

Introduction to types of organic reactions and their mechanism: Addition, Elimination and Substitution reactions.

Module II: Stereochemistry

(9 Lectures)

Fischer Projection, Newmann and Sawhorse Projection formulae and their interconversions; Geometrical isomerism: *cis-trans* and, syn-anti isomerism E/Z notations with C.I.P rules.

Optical Isomerism: Optical Activity, Specific Rotation, Chirality/Asymmetry, Enantiomers, Molecules with two or more chiral-centres, Distereoisomers, meso structures, Racemic mixture and resolution. Relative and absolute configuration: D/L and R/S designations.

Module III: Chemistry of Aliphatic Hydrocarbons

(9 Lectures)

A. Carbon-Carbon sigma bonds, Chemistry of alkanes: Formation of alkanes, Wurtz Reaction, Wurtz-Fittig Reactions, Free radical substitutions: Halogenation -relative reactivity and selectivity.

B. Carbon-Carbon pi bonds:

Formation of alkenes and alkynes by elimination reactions, Mechanism of E1, E2, E1cb reactions. Saytzeff and Hofmann eliminations.

Reactions of alkenes: Electrophilic additions their mechanisms (Markownikoff/Anti Markownikoff addition), mechanism of oxymercuration-demercuration, hydroboration-oxidation, ozonolysis, reduction

(catalytic and chemical), syn and anti-hydroxylation (oxidation). 1,2-and 1,4-addition reactions in conjugated dienes and, Diels-Alder reaction; Allylic and benzylic bromination and mechanism, e.g. propene, 1-butene, toluene, ethyl benzene. Reactions of alkynes: Acidity, Electrophilic and Nucleophilic additions. Hydration to form carbonyl compounds, Alkylation of terminal alkynes.

Module IV: Cycloalkanes and Conformational Analysis (9 Lectures)

Types of cycloalkanes and their relative stability, Baeyer strain theory, Conformation analysis of alkanes: Relative stability: Energy diagrams of cyclohexane: Chair, Boat and Twist boat forms; Relative stability with energy diagrams.

Module V: Aromatic Hydrocarbons (9 Lectures)

Aromaticity: Hückel's rule, aromatic character of arenes, cyclic carbocations/carbanions and heterocyclic compounds with suitable examples. Electrophilic aromatic substitution: halogenation, nitration, sulphonation and Friedel-Craft's alkylation/acylation with their mechanism. Directing effects of the groups.

Text books:

1. Finar, I. L. Organic Chemistry (Volume 1), Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).
2. Finar, I. L. Organic Chemistry (Volume 2: Stereochemistry and the Chemistry of Natural Products), Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).
3. Morrison, R. N. & Boyd, R. N. Organic Chemistry, Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).

Reference books:

1. Eliel, E. L. & Wilen, S. H. Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds, Wiley: London, 1994.
2. Kalsi, P. S. Stereochemistry Conformation and Mechanism, New Age International, 2005.
3. McMurry, J. E. Fundamentals of Organic Chemistry, 7th Ed. Cengage Learning India Edition, 2013.

Course Delivery methods
Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
Tutorials/Assignments
Seminars
Mini projects/Projects
Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets
Simulation

Course Outcome (CO) Attainment Assessment tools & Evaluation procedure

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Mid Sem	25
Assignment	05
Two Quizzes	20
End Sem Examination Marks	50

Assessment Components	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4
Mid Sem	√	√		
Assignment	√	√	√	
Quiz –I	√			
Quiz II			√	
End Sem Examination Marks	√	√	√	√

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty

2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Mapping between Objectives and Outcomes

Course Outcome #	Program Outcomes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4
CO1	M	H	L	L
CO2	H	H	M	L
CO3	H	H	H	M
CO4	H	M	H	L

Mapping Between COs and Course Delivery (CD) methods

CD	Course Delivery methods	Course Outcome	Course Delivery Method
CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1
CD2	Tutorials/Assignments	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1,CD2
CD3	Seminars	CO 2, 3	CD3
CD4	Mini projects/Projects	CO3, 4	CD4
CD5	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids	CO 1, 2, 3	CD5
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD6
CD7	Simulation	CO2, 4	CD7

Lecture wise Lesson planning Details.

Week No.	Lect. No.	Tentative Date	Ch. No.	Topics to be covered	Text Book / References	COs mapped	Methodology used

	L1-L5			Organic Compounds: Structure, Bonding, Electronics	T1, T3, R3	1	PPT Digi Class/Chock-Board
	L5-L12			Reactivity & Mechanism	T1, T3, R3	1	-do-
	L13-L20			Isomerism and Projection Formula	T3, R1,R2	2	-do-
	L21-L27			Optical Isomerism, Configuration Nomenclature	T3, R1,R2	3	-do-
	L28-L33			Sigma Bond and Pi Bond Reactivity in Organic Reactions	T1, R3	4	-do-
	L34-L39			Cycloalkanes and Conformation	T3, R1,R2	4	do
	L40-L45			Aromaticity and Electrophilic Substitution Reaction	T3, R3	4	do

Course code: CH 109
Course title: Physical Chemistry-II Lab
Pre-requisite(s): Intermediate level chemistry
Co- requisite(s):
Credits: 1.5 L: 0 T: 0 P: 3
Class schedule per week: 03
Class: I. M. Sc.
Semester / Level: I. M. Sc. II
Branch: Chemistry
Name of Teacher:

Syllabus

Thermochemistry

- (a) Determination of heat capacity of a calorimeter for different volumes using change of enthalpy data of a known system (method of back calculation of heat capacity of calorimeter from known enthalpy of solution or enthalpy of neutralization).
- (b) Determination of heat capacity of the calorimeter and enthalpy of neutralization of hydrochloric acid with sodium hydroxide.
- (c) Calculation of the enthalpy of ionization of ethanoic acid.
- (d) Determination of heat capacity of the calorimeter and integral enthalpy (endothermic and exothermic) solution of salts.
- (e) Determination of basicity/proticity of a polyprotic acid by the thermochemical method in terms of the changes of temperatures observed in the graph of temperature versus time for different additions of a base. Also calculate the enthalpy of neutralization of the first step.
- (f) Determination of enthalpy of hydration of copper sulphate.
- (g) Study of the solubility of benzoic acid in water and determination of ΔH .

Any other experiment carried out in the class.

Reference Books:

1. Khosla, B. D.; Garg, V. C. & Gulati, A., Senior Practical Physical Chemistry, R. Chand & Co.: New Delhi (2011).
2. Athawale, V. D. & Mathur, P. Experimental Physical Chemistry New Age International: New Delhi (2001).

Assessment Tool	% Contribution
Progressive Evaluation	60 (Day to day performance: 30, Quiz: 10, Viva: 20)
End Sem Examination	40 (Experiment Performance: 30, Quiz: 10)

Course code: CH 110
Course title: Organic Chemistry-I Lab
Pre-requisite(s): Intermediate level chemistry
Co- requisite(s):
Credits: 1.5 L: 0 T: 0 P: 3
Class schedule per week: 03
Class: I. M. Sc.
Semester / Level: I. M. Sc. II
Branch: Chemistry
Name of Teacher:

Syllabus

1. Checking the calibration of the thermometer
2. Purification of organic compounds by crystallization using the following solvents:
 - a. Water
 - b. Alcohol
 - c. Alcohol-Water
3. Determination of the melting points of above compounds and unknown organic compounds (Kjeldahl method and electrically heated melting point apparatus)
4. Effect of impurities on the melting point – mixed melting point of two unknown organic compounds
5. Determination of boiling point of liquid compounds. (boiling point lower than and more than 100 °C by distillation and capillary method)
6. Chromatography
 - a. Separation of a mixture of two amino acids by ascending and horizontal paper chromatography
 - b. Separation of a mixture of two sugars by ascending paper chromatography
 - c. Separation of a mixture of *o*-and *p*-nitrophenol or *o*-and *p*-aminophenol by thin layer chromatography (TLC)

Reference Books:

1. Mann, F. G. & Saunders, B. C. Practical Organic Chemistry, Pearson Education (2009).
2. Furniss, B. S.; Hannaford, A. J.; Smith, P.W.G.; Tatchell, A.R. Practical Organic Chemistry, 5th Ed., Pearson (2012).

Assessment Tool	% Contribution
Progressive Evaluation	60 (Day to day performance: 30, Quiz: 10, Viva: 20)
End Sem Examination	40 (Experiment Performance: 30, Quiz: 10)

Course code: CH 201
Course title: Inorganic Chemistry-II
Pre-requisite(s): Intermediate level chemistry
Co- requisite(s):
Credits: 4 L: 3 T: 1 P: 0
Class schedule per week: 04
Class: I. M. Sc.
Semester / Level: I. M. Sc. III
Branch: Chemistry
Name of Teacher:

Course Objectives

This course enables the students:

A.	To understand the principle and techniques of metallurgy
B.	To grow knowledge on the acid- base properties of molecules
C.	To know about inorganic polymers
D.	To know about the reactivity of s, p block elements

Course Outcomes

After the completion of this course, students will be:

1.	Able to explain metallurgical processes
2.	Able to interpret and explain the acidic/basic properties of molecules
3.	Able to explain the applications of Inorganic Polymers
4.	Able to interpret and explain the chemical reactions of s, p block elements

Syllabus

Module I: General Principles of Metallurgy (9 Lectures)

Chief modes of occurrence of metals based on standard electrode potentials. Ellingham diagrams for reduction of metal oxides using carbon and carbon monoxide as reducing agent. Electrolytic Reduction, Hydrometallurgy. Methods of purification of metals: Electrolytic Kroll process, Parting process, van Arkel-de Boer process and Mond's process, Zone refining.

Module II: Acids and Bases (9 Lectures)

Brönsted-Lowry concept of acid-base reactions, solvated proton, relative strength of acids, types of acid-base reactions, levelling solvents, Lewis acid-base concept, Classification of Lewis acids, Hard and Soft Acids and Bases (HSAB) Application of HSAB principle.

Module III: Chemistry of s and p Block Elements (9 Lectures)

Inert pair effect, Relative stability of different oxidation states, diagonal relationship and anomalous behaviour of first member of each group. Allotropy and catenation. Complex formation tendency of s and p block elements. Hydrides and their classification ionic, covalent and interstitial. Basic beryllium acetate and nitrate. Study of the following compounds with emphasis on structure, bonding, preparation, properties and uses. Boric acid and borates, boron nitrides, borohydrides (diborane) carboranes and graphitic compounds, silanes, Oxides and oxoacids of nitrogen, Phosphorus and chlorine. Peroxo acids of sulphur, interhalogen compounds, polyhalide ions, pseudohalogens and basic properties of halogens.

Module IV: Noble Gases (9 Lectures)

Occurrence and uses, rationalization of inertness of noble gases, Clathrates; preparation and properties of XeF₂, XeF₄ and XeF₆; Nature of bonding in noble gas compounds (Valence bond treatment and MO treatment for XeF₂). Molecular shapes of noble gas compounds (VSEPR theory).

Module V: Inorganic Polymers (9 Lectures)

Types of inorganic polymers, comparison with organic polymers, synthesis, structural aspects and applications of silicones and siloxanes. Borazines, silicates and phosphazenes, and polysulphates.

Text books:

1. Lee, J. D. Concise Inorganic Chemistry, ELBS, 1991.
2. Douglas, B.E; Mac Daniel, D.H. & Alexander, J.J. Concepts & Models of Inorganic Chemistry 3rd Ed., John Wiley Sons, N.Y. 1994.
3. Greenwood, N. N. & Earnshaw, E. A. Chemistry of the Elements, Butterworth-Heinemann. 1997.
4. Cotton, F.A. & Wilkinson, G. Advanced Inorganic Chemistry, Wiley, VCH, 1999.

Reference books:

1. Rodger, G.E. Inorganic and Solid State Chemistry, Cengage Learning India Edition, 2002.
2. Miessler, G. L. & Donald, A. Tarr. Inorganic Chemistry 4th Ed., Pearson, 2010.19
3. Atkin, P. Shriver & Atkins' Inorganic Chemistry 5th Ed. Oxford University Press (2010).

Course Delivery methods
Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
Tutorials/Assignments
Seminars
Mini projects/Projects
Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
Industrial/guest lectures
Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets
Simulation

Course Outcome (CO) Attainment Assessment tools & Evaluation procedure

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Teacher's Assessment	5
Mid Sem	25
Two Quizzes	10+10
End Sem Examination Marks	50

Assessment Components	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4
Mid Sem	√	√		
Quiz –I	√			
Quiz II			√	
End Sem Examination Marks	√	√	√	√

Indirect Assessment –**1. Student Feedback on Faculty****2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome****Mapping between Objectives and Outcomes**

<u>Course Outcome #</u>	<u>Program Outcomes</u>			
	<u>PO1</u>	<u>PO2</u>	<u>PO3</u>	<u>PO4</u>
<u>CO1</u>	H	H	M	<u>L</u>
<u>CO2</u>	M	H	H	L
<u>CO3</u>	H	H	M	L
<u>CO4</u>	M	H	M	M

Mapping Between COs and Course Delivery (CD) methods

CD	Course Delivery methods	Course Outcome	Course Delivery Method
CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1
CD2	Tutorials/Assignments	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1,CD2
CD3	Seminars	CO 2, 3	CD3
CD4	Mini projects/Projects	CO3, 4	CD4
CD5	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids	CO 1, 2, 3	CD5
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD6
CD7	Simulation	CO2, 4	CD7

Lecture wise Lesson planning Details.

Week No.	Lect. No.	Ch. No.	Topics to be covered	Text Book / References	COs mapped	Methodology used
	L1-9	1	Metallurgy	T1, R2,R3	1, 2	PPT Digi Class/Chock -Board
	L 10-18	2	Acids & Bases	T1, R2,R3	1, 2	-do-
	L19-27	3	Chemistry of <i>s</i> and <i>p</i> Block Elements	T1, R2,R3	1, 2	-do-

	L28-36	4	Noble gases	T1, R2,R3	1, 2	-do-
	L37-45	5	Inorganic polymers	T1, R1,R3	1, 2	-do-

Course code: CH 202

Course title: Physical Chemistry-III: Phase Equilibria & Chemical Kinetics

Pre-requisite(s): Intermediate level chemistry

Co- requisite(s):

Credits: 4 L: 3 T: 1 P: 0

Class schedule per week: 04

Class: I. M. Sc.

Semester / Level: I. M. Sc. III

Branch: Chemistry

Name of Teacher:

Course Objectives

This course enables the students:

A.	To develop the concepts of phase equilibrium in multi-component systems
B.	To understand the principles of reaction rates and mechanism and apply those ideas in elementary to complex reactions
C.	To grow the basic understanding about catalysis and its role on reaction mechanism

Course Outcomes

After the completion of this course, students will be:

1.	Able to calculate the number of degrees of freedom in a system using phase rule
2.	Able to draw phase diagram in multi-component systems
3.	Able to derive rate equations of chemical reactions
4.	Able to solve problems on rate constants for (i) unimolecular (ii) bimolecular and (iii) complex reactions and adsorption kinetics

Syllabus

Module I: Phase Equilibria I

(15 lectures)

Concept of phases, components and degrees of freedom, derivation of Gibbs Phase Rule for non-reactive and reactive systems; Clausius-Clapeyron equation and its applications to solid-liquid, liquid-vapour and solid-vapour equilibria, phase diagram for one component systems, with applications. Phase diagrams for systems of solid-liquid equilibria involving eutectic, congruent and incongruent melting points, solid solutions. Three component systems, water-chloroform-acetic acid system, triangular plots.

Module II: Phase Equilibria II

(15 lectures)

Binary solutions: Gibbs-Duhem-Margules equation, its derivation and applications to fractional distillation of binary miscible liquids (ideal and nonideal), azeotropes, lever rule, partial miscibility of liquids, CST, miscible pairs, steam distillation. Nernst distribution law: its derivation and applications.

Module III: Chemical Kinetics

(15 lectures)

Order and molecularity of a reaction, rate laws in terms of the advancement of a reaction, differential and integrated form of rate expressions up to second order reactions, experimental methods of the determination of rate laws, kinetics of complex reactions (integrated rate expressions up to first order only): (i) Opposing reactions (ii) parallel reactions and (iii) consecutive reactions and their differential rate equations (steady-state approximation in reaction mechanisms) (iv) chain reactions. Temperature dependence of reaction rates; Arrhenius equation; activation energy. Collision theory of reaction rates, Lindemann mechanism, qualitative treatment of the theory of absolute reaction rates.

Module IV: Catalysis

(10 lectures)

Types of catalyst, specificity and selectivity, mechanisms of catalyzed reactions at solid surfaces; effect of particle size and efficiency of nanoparticles as catalysts. Enzyme catalysis, Michaelis-Menten mechanism, acid-base catalysis.

Module V: Surface chemistry

(5 lectures)

Physical adsorption, chemisorption, adsorption isotherms. nature of adsorbed state.

Text books:

1. Kapoor, K. L. A Textbook of Physical Chemistry, Volume 3, Macmillan Publishers India Ltd, 2004
2. Kapoor, K. L. A Textbook of Physical Chemistry, Volume 5, Macmillan Publishers India Ltd, 2004
3. Atkins, P. & Paula, J. D. Physical Chemistry 10th Ed., Oxford University Press (2014).
4. Castellan, G. W. Physical Chemistry, 4th Ed., Narosa (2004).
5. McQuarrie, D. A. & Simon, J. D., Molecular Thermodynamics, Viva Books Pvt. Ltd.: New Delhi (2004).

Reference books:

1. Engel, T. & Reid, P. Physical Chemistry 3rd Ed., Prentice-Hall (2012).
2. Assael, M. J.; Goodwin, A. R. H.; Stamatoudis, M.; Wakeham, W. A. & Will, S. Commonly Asked Questions in Thermodynamics. CRC Press: NY (2011).
3. Zundhal, S. S. Chemistry concepts and applications Cengage India (2011).
4. Ball, D. W. Physical Chemistry Cengage India (2012).
5. Mortimer, R. G. Physical Chemistry 3rd Ed., Elsevier: NOIDA, UP (2009).
6. Levine, I. N. Physical Chemistry 6th Ed., Tata McGraw-Hill (2011).
7. Metz, C. R. Physical Chemistry 2nd Ed., Tata McGraw-Hill (2009).

Course Delivery methods
Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
Tutorials/Assignments
Seminars
Mini projects/Projects
Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets
Simulation

Course Outcome (CO) Attainment Assessment tools & Evaluation procedure

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Teacher's Assessment	5
Mid Sem	25
Two Quizzes	10+10
End Sem Examination Marks	50

Assessment Components	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4
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Mid Sem	√	√		
Quiz –I	√			
Quiz II			√	
End Sem Examination Marks	√	√	√	√

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty

2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Mapping between Objectives and Outcomes

Course Outcome #	Program Outcomes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4
CO1	H	H	L	L
CO2	H	H	M	L
CO3	H	H	H	M
CO4	M	H	M	L

Mapping Between COs and Course Delivery (CD) methods

CD	Course Delivery methods	Course Outcome	Course Delivery Method
CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1
CD2	Tutorials/Assignments	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1,CD2
CD3	Seminars	CO 2,3	CD3
CD4	Mini projects/Projects	CO 4	CD4
CD5	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids	CO 1, 2, 3	CD5
CD8	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD6
CD9	Simulation	CO 3	CD7

Lecture wise Lesson planning Details.

Week No.	Lect. No.	Ch. No.	Topics to be covered	Text Book / References	COs mapped	Methodology used

1-4	L1-L09	1	Basics of Phase Equilibria	T1, T2 R1,R4	1,2	PPT Digi Class/Chock -Board
5-8	L10-L18	2	Phase Equilibria in Binary Systems	T1,T2 R1,R3	1,2	-do-
9-12	L19-L27	3	Chemical Kinetics	T1, R2,R3	3	-do-
12-14	L28-L36	4	Chemical and Enzyme Catalysis	T2, T3	3, 4	-do-
15	L37-L45	5	Surface Chemistry	T2	4	-do-

Course code: CH 203

Course title: Organic Chemistry-II

Pre-requisite(s): Intermediate level chemistry

Co- requisite(s):

Credits: 4 L: 3 T: 1 P: 0

Class schedule per week: 04

Class: I. M. Sc.

Semester / Level: I. M. Sc. III

Branch: Chemistry

Name of Teacher:

Course Objectives

This course enables the students:

A.	To understand the basics of Halogenated Hydrocarbons, Alcohols, Phenols, Ethers and Epoxides, Carboxylic Acids and their Derivatives
B.	To have detailed idea of synthesis and physical properties.
C.	To study Nucleophilic additions, Nucleophilic addition-elimination reactions involving carbonyl compounds
D.	To know the process of reaction driven by nucleophiles and electrophiles

Course Outcomes

After the completion of this course, students will be:

1.	Able to explain the organic reaction mechanisms
2.	Able to draw stepwise mechanisms involved various organic synthesis
3.	Able to explain the interaction between reaction intermediates
4.	Able to predict and analyses the configuration and conformation of molecules

Syllabus

Module I: Chemistry of Halogenated Hydrocarbons**(9 Lectures)**

Alkyl halides: Methods of preparation, nucleophilic substitution reactions – S_N1 , S_N2 and S_Ni mechanisms with stereochemical aspects and effect of solvent etc.; nucleophilic substitution vs. elimination.

Aryl halides: Preparation, including preparation from diazonium salts. nucleophilic aromatic substitution; S_NAr , Benzyne mechanism.

Relative reactivity of alkyl, allyl/benzyl, vinyl and aryl halides towards nucleophilic substitution reactions. Organometallic compounds of Mg and Li – Use in synthesis of organic compounds.

Module II: Alcohols, Phenols, Ethers and Epoxides**(9 Lectures)**

Alcohols: preparation, properties and relative reactivity of 1° , 2° , 3° alcohols, Bouvaelt-Blanc Reduction; Preparation and properties of glycols: Oxidation by periodic acid and lead tetraacetate, Pinacol-Pinacolone rearrangement;

Phenols: Preparation and properties; Acidity and factors effecting it, Ring substitution reactions, Reimer-Tiemann and Kolbe's-Schmidt Reactions, Fries and Claisen rearrangements with mechanism;

Ethers and Epoxides: Preparation and reactions with acids. Reactions of epoxides with alcohols, ammonia derivatives and $LiAlH_4$.

Module III: Carbonyl Compounds**(10 Lectures)**

Structure, reactivity and preparation;

Nucleophilic additions, Nucleophilic addition-elimination reactions with ammonia derivatives with mechanism; Mechanisms of Aldol and Benzoin condensation, Knoevenagel condensation, Claisen-Schmidt, Perkin, Cannizzaro and Wittig reaction, Beckmann and Benzil-Benzilic acid rearrangements, haloform reaction and Baeyer Villiger oxidation, α -substitution reactions, oxidations and reductions (Clemmensen, Wolff-Kishner, $LiAlH_4$, $NaBH_4$, MPV, PDC and PGC);

Addition reactions of unsaturated carbonyl compounds: Michael addition.

Active methylene compounds: Keto-enol tautomerism. Preparation and synthetic applications of diethyl malonate and ethyl acetoacetate.

Module IV: Carboxylic Acids and their Derivatives**(10 Lectures)**

Preparation, physical properties and reactions of monocarboxylic acids: Typical reactions of dicarboxylic acids, hydroxy acids and unsaturated acids: succinic/phthalic, lactic, malic, tartaric, citric, maleic and fumaric acids;

Preparation and reactions of acid chlorides, anhydrides, esters and amides; Comparative study of nucleophilic substitution at acyl group -Mechanism of acidic and alkaline hydrolysis of esters, Claisen condensation, Dieckmann and Reformatsky reactions, Hofmann-bromamide degradation and Curtius rearrangement.

Module V: Sulphur containing compounds**(7 Lectures)**

Preparation and reactions of thiols, thioethers and sulphonic acids.

Text books:

1. Morrison, R. T. & Boyd, R. N. Organic Chemistry, Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).
2. Finar, I. L. Organic Chemistry (Volume 1), Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).

Reference books:

1. Graham Solomons, T.W. Organic Chemistry, John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
2. McMurry, J.E. Fundamentals of Organic Chemistry, 7th Ed. Cengage Learning India Edition, 2013.

Course Delivery methods
Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
Tutorials/Assignments
Seminars

Mini projects/Projects
Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets
Simulation

Course Outcome (CO) Attainment Assessment tools & Evaluation procedure

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Teacher's Assessment	5
Mid Sem	25
Two Quizzes	10+10
End Sem Examination Marks	50

Assessment Components	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4
Mid Sem	√	√		
Assignment	√	√	√	
Quiz -1	√			
Quiz II			√	
End Sem Examination Marks	√	√	√	√

Indirect Assessment –

- 1. Student Feedback on Faculty**
- 2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome**

Mapping between Objectives and Outcomes

Course Outcome #	Program Outcomes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4
CO1	H	H	L	L
CO2	H	H	M	L

CO3	H	H	H	M
CO4	H	H	L	M

Mapping Between COs and Course Delivery (CD) methods

CD	Course Delivery methods	Course Outcome	Course Delivery Method
CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1
CD2	Tutorials/Assignments	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1,CD2
CD3	Seminars	CO 2, 3	CD3
CD4	Mini projects/Projects	CO3, 4	CD4
CD5	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids	CO 1, 2, 3	CD5
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD6
CD7	Simulation	CO2, 4	CD7

Lecture wise Lesson planning Details.

Week No.	Lect. No.	Ch. No.	Topics to be covered	Text Book / References	COs mapped	Methodology used
	L1-L9	1	Chemistry of Halogenated Hydrocarbons	T1, T2, R1,R2	4	PPT Digi Class/Chock -Board
	L10-L18	2	Alcohols, Phenols, Ethers and Epoxides	T1, R1,R2	4	-do-
	L19-L27	3	Carbonyl Compounds	T1, R1,R2	3	-do-
	L28-L37	4	Carboxylic Acids and their Derivatives	T1, T2, R2	3	-do-
	L38-L45	5	Sulphur containing compounds	T1, T2, R1	2	-do-

Course code: CH 204
Course title: Inorganic Chemistry-II Lab
Pre-requisite(s): Intermediate level chemistry
Co- requisite(s):
Credits: 1.5 L: 0 T: 0 P: 3
Class schedule per week: 03
Class: I. M.Sc.
Semester / Level: I. M. Sc. III
Branch: Chemistry
Name of Teacher:

Syllabus

(A) Iodo / Iodimetric Titrations

- (i) Estimation of Cu(II) and $K_2Cr_2O_7$ using sodium thiosulphate solution (Iodimetrically).
- (ii) Estimation of (i) arsenite and (ii) antimony in tartar-emeti iodimetrically
- (iii) Estimation of available chlorine in bleaching powder iodometrically.

(B) Inorganic preparations

- (i) Cuprous Chloride, Cu_2Cl_2
- (ii) Preparation of Manganese(III) phosphate, $MnPO_4 \cdot H_2O$
- (iii) Preparation of Aluminium potassium sulphate $KAl(SO_4)_2 \cdot 12H_2O$ (Potash alum) or Chrome alum.

Reference Books:

1. Mendham, J., A. I. Vogel's Quantitative Chemical Analysis 6th Ed., Pearson, 2009.

Assessment Tool	% Contribution
Progressive Evaluation	60 (Day to day performance: 30, Quiz: 10, Viva: 20)
End Sem Examination	40 (Experiment Performance: 30, Quiz: 10)

Course code: CH 205
Course title: Physical Chemistry-III Lab
Pre-requisite(s): Intermediate level chemistry
Co- requisite(s):
Credits: 2 L: 0 T: 0 P: 4
Class schedule per week: 04
Class: I. M. Sc.
Semester / Level: I. M. Sc. III
Branch: Chemistry
Name of Teacher:

Syllabus

- I. Determination of critical solution temperature and composition of the phenol-water system and to study the effect of impurities on it.
- II. Phase equilibria: Construction of the phase diagram using cooling curves or ignition tube method:
- simple eutectic and
 - congruently melting systems.
- III. Distribution of acetic/ benzoic acid between water and cyclohexane.
- IV. Study the equilibrium of at least one of the following reactions by the distribution method:
- $I_2(aq) + I^- \rightarrow I_3^-(aq)$
 - $Cu^{2+}(aq) + nNH_3 \rightarrow [Cu(NH_3)_n]^{2+}$
- V. Study the kinetics of the following reactions.
- Initial rate method: Iodide-persulphate reaction
 - Integrated rate method:
 - Acid hydrolysis of methyl acetate with hydrochloric acid.
 - Saponification of ethyl acetate.
 - Compare the strengths of HCl and H₂SO₄ by studying kinetics of hydrolysis of methyl acetate.
- VI. Adsorption
- I. Verify the Freundlich and Langmuir isotherms for adsorption of acetic acid on activated charcoal.

Reference Books:

- Khosla, B. D.; Garg, V. C. & Gulati, A. Senior Practical Physical Chemistry, R. Chand & Co.: New Delhi (2011).
- Garland, C. W.; Nibler, J. W. & Shoemaker, D. P. Experiments in Physical Chemistry 8th Ed.; McGraw-Hill: New York (2003).
- Halpern, A. M. & McBane, G. C. Experimental Physical Chemistry 3rd Ed.; W.H. Freeman & Co.: New York (2003).

Assessment Tool	% Contribution
Progressive Evaluation	60 (Day to day performance: 30, Quiz: 10, Viva: 20)
End Sem Examination	40 (Experiment Performance: 30, Quiz: 10)

Course code: CH 206

Course title: Organic Chemistry-II Lab

Pre-requisite(s): Intermediate level chemistry

Co- requisite(s):

Credits: 1.5 L: 0 T: 0 P:3

Class schedule per week: 03

Class: I. M. Sc.

Semester / Level: I. M. Sc. III

Branch: Chemistry

Name of Teacher:

Syllabus

1 Functional group tests for alcohols, phenols, carbonyl and carboxylic acid group.

2 Organic preparations:

i. Acetylation of one of the following compounds: amines (aniline, *o*-, *m*-, *p*-toluidines and *o*-, *m*-, *p*-anisidine) and phenols (β -naphthol, vanillin, salicylic acid) by any one method:

a. Using conventional method.

b. Using green approach

ii. Benzoylation of one of the following amines (aniline, *o*-, *m*-, *p*-toluidines and *o*-, *m*-, *p*-anisidine) and one of the following phenols (β -naphthol, resorcinol, *p*-cresol) by Schotten-Baumann reaction.

iii. Oxidation of ethanol/ isopropanol (Iodoform reaction).

iv. Bromination of any one of the following:

a. Acetanilide by conventional methods

b. Acetanilide using green approach (Bromate-bromide method)

v. Nitration of any one of the following:

a. Acetanilide/nitrobenzene by conventional method

b. Salicylic acid by green approach (using ceric ammonium nitrate).

vi. Selective reduction of *m*-dinitrobenzene to *m*-nitroaniline.

vii. Reduction of *p*-nitrobenzaldehyde by sodium borohydride.

viii. Hydrolysis of amides and esters.

ix. Semicarbazone of any one of the following compounds: acetone, ethyl methyl ketone, cyclohexanone, benzaldehyde.

x. S-Benzylisothiuronium salt of one each of water soluble and water insoluble acids (benzoic acid, oxalic acid, phenyl acetic acid and phthalic acid).

xi. Aldol condensation using either conventional or green method.

xii. Benzil-Benzilic acid rearrangement.

The above derivatives should be prepared using 0.5-1g of the organic compound. The solid samples must be collected and may be used for recrystallization, melting point and TLC.

Reference Books:

1. Mann, F.G. & Saunders, B.C. Practical Organic Chemistry, Pearson Education (2009).

2. Furniss, B.S., Hannaford, A.J., Smith, P.W.G. & Tatchell, A.R. Practical Organic Chemistry, 5th Ed. Pearson (2012).

3. Ahluwalia, V.K. & Aggarwal, R. Comprehensive Practical Organic Chemistry: Preparation and Quantitative Analysis, University Press (2000).

Assessment Tool	% Contribution
Progressive Evaluation	60 (Day to day performance: 30, Quiz: 10, Viva: 20)
End Sem Examination	40 (Experiment Performance: 30, Quiz: 10)

Course code: CH 207
Course title: Inorganic Chemistry-III
Pre-requisite(s): Intermediate level chemistry
Co- requisite(s):
Credits: 4 L: 3 T: 1 P: 0
Class schedule per week: 04
Class: I. M. Sc.
Semester / Level: I. M. Sc. IV
Branch: Chemistry
Name of Teacher:

Course Objectives

This course enables the students:

A.	To learn the theory and application of coordination chemistry
B.	To learn the electronic structure and reactivity of transition elements
C.	To study the chemistry of Lanthanoids and Actinides
D.	To grow the basic concept of bio-inorganic chemistry

Course Outcomes

After the completion of this course, students will be:

1.	Able to explain the principle and application of coordination chemistry
2.	Able to predict the reactivity of transition elements
3.	Able to predict the reactivity of Lanthanides and Actinides
4.	Able to explain the basic features of bioinorganic chemistry

Syllabus

Module-I: Coordination Chemistry I (9 Lectures)

Werner's theory, valence bond theory (inner and outer orbital complexes), electroneutrality principle and back bonding. Crystal field theory, measurement of $10 Dq$ (Δ_o), CFSE in weak and strong fields, pairing energies, factors affecting the magnitude of $10 Dq$ (Δ_o , Δ_t). Octahedral vs. tetrahedral coordination, tetragonal distortions from octahedral geometry Jahn-Teller theorem, square planar geometry.

Module-II: Coordination Chemistry II (9 Lectures)

Qualitative aspect of Ligand field and MO Theory. IUPAC nomenclature of coordination compounds, isomerism in coordination compounds. Stereochemistry of complexes with 4 and 6 coordination numbers. Chelate effect, polynuclear complexes, Labile and inert complexes.

Module-III: Transition Elements (10 Lectures)

General group trends with special reference to electronic configuration, colour, variable valency, magnetic and catalytic properties, ability to form complexes. Stability of various oxidation states and e.m.f. (Latimer & Bsworth diagrams). Difference between the first, second and third transition series. Chemistry of Ti, V, Cr Mn, Fe and Co in various oxidation states (excluding their metallurgy).

Module-IV: Lanthanoids and Actinoids (7 Lectures)

Electronic configuration, oxidation states, colour, spectral and magnetic properties, lanthanide contraction, separation of lanthanides (ion-exchange method only).

Module-V: Bioinorganic Chemistry (10 Lectures)

Metal ions present in biological systems, classification of elements according to their action in biological system. Geochemical effect on the distribution of metals. Sodium/K-pump, carbonic anhydrase and carboxypeptidase. Excess and deficiency of some trace metals. Toxicity of metal ions (Hg, Pb, Cd and As), reasons for toxicity, Use of chelating agents in medicine. Iron and its application in bio-systems, Haemoglobin; Storage and transfer of iron.

Text books:

1. Greenwood, N.N. & Earnshaw A. Chemistry of the Elements, Butterworth-Heinemann, 1997.
2. Huheey, J. E., Inorganic Chemistry, Prentice Hall, 1993.
3. Lippard, S. J. & Berg, J. M. Principles of Bioinorganic Chemistry Panima Publishing Company 1994.
4. Cotton, F. A. & Wilkinson, G, Advanced Inorganic Chemistry Wiley-VCH, 1999

Reference books:

1. Basolo, F, and Pearson, R.C. Mechanisms of Inorganic Chemistry, John Wiley & Sons, NY, 1967.
2. Purcell, K.F & Kotz, J.C. Inorganic Chemistry W.B. Saunders Co, 1977.

Course Delivery methods
Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
Tutorials/Assignments
Seminars
Mini projects/Projects
Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets
Simulation

Course Outcome (CO) Attainment Assessment tools & Evaluation procedure

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Teacher's Assessment	5
Mid Sem	25
Two Quizzes	10+10
End Sem Examination Marks	50

Assessment Components	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4
Mid Sem	√	√		
Quiz –I	√			
Quiz II			√	
End Sem Examination Marks	√	√	√	√

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty
2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Mapping between Objectives and Outcomes

	Program Outcomes
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Course Outcome #	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4
CO1	M	H	L	L
CO2	H	M	M	L
CO3	H	H	H	M
CO4	M	H	H	M

Mapping Between COs and Course Delivery (CD) methods

CD	Course Delivery methods	Course Outcome	Course Delivery Method
CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1
CD2	Tutorials/Assignments	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1,CD2
CD3	Seminars	CO 2, 3	CD3
CD4	Mini projects/Projects	CO3, 4	CD4
CD5	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids	CO 1, 2, 3	CD5
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD6
CD7	Simulation	CO2, 4	CD7

Lecture wise Lesson planning Details.

Week No.	Lect. No.	Ch. No.	Topics to be covered	Text Book / References	COs mapped	Methodology used
	L1-L9	1	Werner's theory, valence bond theory (inner and outer orbital complexes), electroneutrality principle and back bonding. Crystal field theory	T1, T2, R1,R2	4	PPT Digi Class/Chock-Board
	L10-L18	2	Qualitative aspect of Ligand field and MO Theory	T1, R1,R2	4	-do-
	L19-L28	3	Transition Elements	T1, R1,R2	3	-do-
	L29-L35	4	Lanthanoids and Actinoids	T1, T2, R2	3	-do-
	L36-L45	5	Bioinorganic Chemistry	T1, T2, R1	2	-do-

Course code: CH 208

Course title: Physical Chemistry-IV: Electrochemistry

Pre-requisite(s): Intermediate level chemistry

Co- requisite(s):

Credits: 4 L: 3 T: 1 P: 0

Class schedule per week: 04

Class: I. M. Sc.

Semester / Level: I. M. Sc. IV

Branch: Chemistry

Name of Teacher:

Course Objectives

This course enables the students:

A.	To understand the basic concept of conductivity and related phenomenon in electrolytic medium
B.	To learn the applicability of conductance measurement to determine different physical properties
C.	To gain the knowledge about electromotive forces in galvanic cells and its relation with various thermodynamic parameters
D.	To develop the concept on electrical and magnetic properties of matter

Course Outcomes

After the completion of this course, students will be:

1.	Able to calculate equivalent conductivity, ionic mobility, transference numbers of electrolyte
2.	Able to determine dissociation constant, ionic product, solubility product, hydrolysis constant using conductometric measurement
3.	Able to measure the cell potential in a galvanic cell with half cell equations
4.	Able to determine equilibrium constants, pH/pKa, thermodynamic parameters with the help of EMF measurement
5.	Able to explain electrical and magnetic phenomenon in matter with molecular level interpretations

Syllabus

Module I: Conductance: Theory

(15 lectures)

Arrhenius theory of electrolytic dissociation. Conductivity, equivalent and molar conductivity and their variation with dilution for weak and strong electrolytes. Molar conductivity at infinite dilution. Kohlrausch law of independent migration of ions. Debye-Hückel-Onsager equation, Wien effect, Debye-Falkenhagen effect, Walden's rules. Ionic velocities, mobilities and their determinations, transference numbers and their relation to ionic mobilities, determination of transference numbers using Hittorf and Moving Boundary methods.

Module II: Conductance: Applications

(10 lectures)

Applications of conductance measurement: (i) degree of dissociation of weak electrolytes, (ii) ionic product of water (iii) solubility and solubility product of sparingly soluble salts, (iv) conductometric titrations, and (v) hydrolysis constants of salts.

Module III: Electromotive Force of Galvanic Cells: Theory

(10 lectures)

Quantitative aspects of Faraday's laws of electrolysis, rules of oxidation/reduction of ions based on half-cell potentials, applications of electrolysis in metallurgy and industry. Chemical cells, reversible and irreversible cells with examples. Electromotive force of a cell and its measurement, Nernst equation; Standard electrode (reduction) potential and its application to different kinds of half-cells.

Module IV: Electromotive Force of Galvanic Cells: Applications

(15 lectures)

Application of EMF measurements in determining (i) free energy, enthalpy and entropy of a cell reaction, (ii) equilibrium constants, and (iii) pH values, using hydrogen, quinone-hydroquinone, glass and $\text{SbO/Sb}_2\text{O}_3$ electrodes. Concentration cells with and without transference, liquid junction potential; determination of activity coefficients and transference numbers. Qualitative discussion of potentiometric titrations (acid-base, redox, precipitation).

Module V: Electrical & Magnetic Properties of Atoms and Molecules (10 lectures)

Basic ideas of electrostatics, Electrostatics of dielectric media, Clausius-Mossotti equation, Lorentz-Lorentz equation, Dipole moment and molecular polarizabilities and their measurements. Diamagnetism, paramagnetism, magnetic susceptibility and its measurement, molecular interpretation.

Text books:

1. Atkins, P.W & Paula, J.D. Physical Chemistry, 10th Ed., Oxford University Press (2014).
2. Castellan, G. W. Physical Chemistry 4th Ed., Narosa (2004).
3. Kapoor, K. L. A Textbook of Physical Chemistry, Volume 3, Macmillan Publishers India Ltd, 2004
4. Mortimer, R. G. Physical Chemistry 3rd Ed., Elsevier: NOIDA, UP (2009).

Reference books:

1. Barrow, G. M., Physical Chemistry 5th Ed., Tata McGraw Hill: New Delhi (2006).
2. Engel, T. & Reid, P. Physical Chemistry 3rd Ed., Prentice-Hall (2012).
3. Rogers, D. W. Concise Physical Chemistry Wiley (2010).
4. Silbey, R. J.; Alberty, R. A. & Bawendi, M. G. Physical Chemistry 4th Ed., John Wiley & Sons, Inc. (2005).

Course Delivery methods
Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
Tutorials/Assignments
Seminars
Mini projects/Projects
Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets
Simulation

Course Outcome (CO) Attainment Assessment tools & Evaluation procedure

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Teacher's Assessment	5
Mid Sem	25
Two Quizzes	10+10
End Sem Examination Marks	50

Assessment Components	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5
Mid Sem	√	√	√		
Quiz –I	√	√			
Quiz II				√	
End Sem Examination Marks	√	√	√	√	√

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty

2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Mapping between Objectives and Outcomes

Course Outcome #	Program Outcomes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4
CO1	H	H	M	L
CO2	H	H	M	L
CO3	H	H	H	L
CO4	M	H	M	L
CO5	M	H	H	L

Mapping Between COs and Course Delivery (CD) methods

CD	Course Delivery methods	Course Outcome	Course Delivery Method
CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors	CO1, 2, 3, 4, 5	CD1
CD2	Tutorials/Assignments	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1,CD2
CD3	Seminars	CO 2,3,5	CD3
CD4	Mini projects/Projects	CO 3, 4	CD4
CD5	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids	CO 1, 2, 3	CD5
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets	CO1, 2, 3, 4, 5	CD6
CD7	Simulation	CO 5	CD7

Lecture wise Lesson planning Details.

Week No.	Lect. No.	Ch. No.	Topics to be covered	Text Book / References	COs mapped	Methodology used
1-4	L1-L09	1	Basic concepts in Electrolytic Conductivity	T1, T2 T3,R4	1,2	PPT Digi Class/Chock -Board
5-6	L10-L18	2	Applications of Conductance Measurement	T1,T3 R1,R3	1,2	-do-
7-9	L19-L27	3	Galvanic Cells	T1,T2,R2	3,4	-do-
9-13	L28-L36	4	Application of Galvanostatic Measurement	T2, T3	3, 4	-do-
13-15	L37-L45	5	Electrical and Magnetic Properties	T1, R4	5	-do-

Course code: CH 209
Course title: Organic Chemistry-III
Pre-requisite(s): Intermediate level chemistry
Co- requisite(s):
Credits: 4 L: 3 T: 1 P: 0
Class schedule per week: 04
Class: I. M. Sc.
Semester / Level: I. M. Sc. IV
Branch: Chemistry
Name of Teacher:

Course Objectives

This course enables the students:

A.	To understand heterocyclic chemistry
B.	To read Nitrogen Containing Functional Groups.
C.	To study few natural compounds such as alkaloids and terpenoids
D.	To know structure elucidation of alkaloids

Course Outcomes

After the completion of this course, students will be:

1.	Able to explain the organic reaction mechanisms
2.	Able to discuss effect of substituent and role of solvent in organic synthesis
3.	Able to explain the interaction between reaction intermediates
4.	Able to explain Structure elucidation of natural products

Syllabus

Module I: Nitrogen Containing Functional Groups (9 Lectures)

Preparation and important reactions of nitro and compounds, nitriles and isonitriles

Amines: Effect of substituent and solvent on basicity; Preparation and properties: Gabriel phthalimide synthesis, Carbylamine reaction, Mannich reaction, Hoffmann's exhaustive methylation, Hofmann-elimination reaction; Distinction between 1°, 2° and 3° amines with Hinsberg reagent and nitrous acid. Diazonium Salts: Preparation and their synthetic applications.

Module II: Polynuclear Hydrocarbons (8 Lectures)

Reactions of naphthalene phenanthrene and anthracene Structure, Preparation and structure elucidation and important derivatives of naphthalene and anthracene; Polynuclear hydrocarbons.

Module III: Heterocyclic Compounds (10 Lectures)

Classification and nomenclature, Structure, aromaticity in 5-numbered and 6-membered rings containing one heteroatom; Synthesis, reactions and mechanism of substitution reactions of: Furan, Pyrrole (Paal-Knorr synthesis, Knorr pyrrole synthesis, Hantzsch synthesis), Thiophene, Pyridine (Hantzsch synthesis), Pyrimidine, Structure elucidation of indole, Fischer indole synthesis and Madelung synthesis), Structure elucidation of quinoline and isoquinoline, Skraup synthesis, Friedlander's synthesis, Knorr quinoline synthesis, Doebner-Miller synthesis, Bischler-Napieralski reaction, Pictet-Spengler reaction, Pomeranz-Fritsch reaction

Derivatives of furan: Furfural and furoic acid.

Module IV: Alkaloids (9 Lectures)

Natural occurrence, General structural features, Isolation and their physiological action

Hoffmann's exhaustive methylation, Emde's modification, Structure elucidation and synthesis of Hygrine and Nicotine. Medicinal importance of Nicotine, Hygrine, Quinine, Morphine, Cocaine, and Reserpine.

Module V: Terpenes (9 Lectures)

Occurrence, classification, isoprene rule; Elucidation of structure and synthesis of Citral, Neral and α -terpineol.

Text books:

1. Morrison, R. T. & Boyd, R. N. Organic Chemistry, Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).
2. Finar, I. L. Organic Chemistry (Volume 1), Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).
3. Finar, I. L. Organic Chemistry (Volume 2: Stereochemistry and the Chemistry of Natural Products), Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).
4. Acheson, R.M. Introduction to the Chemistry of Heterocyclic compounds, John Willy & Sons (1976).
5. Singh, J.; Ali, S.M.; Singh, J. Natural Product Chemistry, Pragati Prakashan (2010).

Reference books:

1. Graham Solomons, T.W. Organic Chemistry, John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
2. McMurry, J.E. Fundamentals of Organic Chemistry, 7th Ed. Cengage Learning India Edition, 2013.
3. Kalsi, P. S. Textbook of Organic Chemistry 1st Ed., New Age International (P) Ltd. Pub.
4. Clayden, J.; Greeves, N.; Warren, S.; Wothers, P.; Organic Chemistry, Oxford University Press.

Course Delivery methods
Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
Tutorials/Assignments
Seminars
Mini projects/Projects
Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets
Simulation

Course Outcome (CO) Attainment Assessment tools & Evaluation procedure

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Teacher's Assessment	5
Mid Sem	25
Two Quizzes	10+10
End Sem Examination Marks	50

Assessment Components	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4
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Mid Sem	√	√		
Assignment	√	√	√	
Quiz -1	√			
Quiz II			√	
End Sem Examination Marks	√	√	√	√

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty

2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Mapping between Objectives and Outcomes

Course Outcome #	Program Outcomes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4
CO1	H	H	L	L
CO2	H	H	M	L
CO3	H	H	H	M
CO4	H	H	L	M

Mapping Between COs and Course Delivery (CD) methods

CD	Course Delivery methods	Course Outcome	Course Delivery Method
CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1
CD2	Tutorials/Assignments	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1,CD2
CD3	Seminars	CO 2, 3	CD3
CD4	Mini projects/Projects	CO3, 4	CD4
CD5	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids	CO 1, 2, 3	CD5
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD6
CD7	Simulation	CO2, 4	CD7

Lecture wise Lesson planning Details.

Week No.	Lect. No.	Ch. No	Topics to be covered	Text Book / References	COs mapped	Methodology used
	L01-L09	1	Nitrogen Containing Functional Groups	T1, T2, R1, R2, R4	4	PPT Digi Class/Chock -Board
	L10-L17	2	Polynuclear Hydrocarbons	T1, T4, R1	4	-do-
	L18-L27	3	Heterocyclic Compounds	T1, T4, R1, R2, R3	3	-do-
	L28-L36	4	Alkaloids	T3, T5, R3	3	-do-
	L37-L45	5	Terpenes	T3, T5, R3	2	-do-

Course code: CH 210
Course title: Inorganic Chemistry-III Lab
Pre-requisite(s): Intermediate level chemistry
Co- requisite(s):
Credits: 2 L: 0 T: 0 P: 4
Class schedule per week: 04
Class: I. M. Sc.
Semester / Level: I. M. Sc. IV
Branch: Chemistry
Name of Teacher:

Syllabus

Gravimetric Analysis:

- i. Estimation of nickel(II) using Dimethylglyoxime (DMG).
- ii. Estimation of copper as CuSCN
- iii. Estimation of iron as Fe₂O₃ by precipitating iron as Fe(OH)₃.
- iv. Estimation of Al(III) by precipitating with oxine and weighing as Al(oxine)₃ (aluminium oxinate).

Inorganic Preparations:

- i. Tetraamminecopper(II) sulphate, [Cu(NH₃)₄]SO₄.H₂O
- ii. *Cis* and *trans* K[Cr(C₂O₄)₂.(H₂O)₂] Potassium dioxalatodiaquachromate(III)
- iii. Tetraamminecarbonatocobalt(III) ion
- iv. Potassium tris(oxalate)ferrate(III)

Chromatography of metal ions

Principles involved in chromatographic separations. Paper chromatographic separation of following metal ions:

- i. Ni (II) and Co (II)
- ii. Fe (III) and Al (III)

Reference Book:

1. Mendham, J., A. I. Vogel's Quantitative Chemical Analysis 6th Ed., Pearson, 2009.

Course code: CH 211
Course title: Physical Chemistry-IV Lab
Pre-requisite(s): Intermediate level Chemistry
Co- requisite(s):
Credits: 1.5 L: 0 T: 0 P: 3
Class schedule per week: 03
Class: I. M. Sc.
Semester / Level: I. M. Sc. IV
Branch: Chemistry
Name of Teacher:

Syllabus

Conductometry

- I. Determination of cell constant
- II. Determination of equivalent conductance, degree of dissociation and dissociation constant of a weak acid.
- III. Perform the following conductometric titrations:
 - i. Strong acid vs. strong base
 - ii. Weak acid vs. strong base
 - iii. Mixture of strong acid and weak acid vs. strong base
 - iv. Strong acid vs. weak base

Potentiometry

- I. Perform the following potentiometric titrations:
 - i. Strong acid vs. strong base
 - ii. Weak acid vs. strong base
 - iii. Dibasic acid vs. strong base
 - iv. Potassium dichromate vs. Mohr's salt

Reference Books:

1. Khosla, B. D.; Garg, V. C. & Gulati, A. Senior Practical Physical Chemistry, R. Chand & Co.: New Delhi (2011).
2. Garland, C. W.; Nibler, J. W. & Shoemaker, D. P. Experiments in Physical Chemistry 8th Ed.; McGraw-Hill: New York (2003).
3. Halpern, A. M. & McBane, G. C. Experimental Physical Chemistry 3rd Ed.; W.H. Freeman & Co.: New York (2003).

Course code: CH 212
Course title: Organic Chemistry-III Lab
Pre-requisite(s): Intermediate level chemistry
Co- requisite(s):
Credits: 1.5 L: 0 T: 0 P: 3
Class schedule per week: 03
Class: I. M. Sc.
Semester / Level: I. M. Sc. IV
Branch: Chemistry
Name of Teacher:

Syllabus

1. Detection of extra elements.
2. Functional group test for nitro, amine and amide groups.
3. Qualitative analysis of unknown organic compounds containing simple functional groups (alcohols, carboxylic acids, phenols and carbonyl compounds)

Reference Books:

1. Mann, F. G. & Saunders, B. C. Practical Organic Chemistry, Pearson Education (2009)
2. Furniss, B. S.; Hannaford, A.J.; Smith, P.W.G.; Tatchell, A.R. Practical Organic Chemistry, 5th Ed., Pearson (2012)
3. Ahluwalia, V. K. & Aggarwal, R. Comprehensive Practical Organic Chemistry: Preparation and Quantitative Analysis, University Press (2000).
4. Ahluwalia, V. K. & Dhingra, S. Comprehensive Practical Organic Chemistry: Qualitative Analysis, University Press (2000).

Course code: CH 301

Course title: Physical Chemistry-V: Quantum Chemistry & Spectroscopy

Pre-requisite(s): Intermediate level chemistry

Co- requisite(s):

Credits: 4 L: 3 T: 1 P: 0

Class schedule per week: 04

Class: I. M. Sc.

Semester / Level: I. M. Sc. V

Branch: Chemistry

Name of Teacher:

Course Objectives

This course enables the students:

A.	To acquire knowledge of the quantum chemical description of chemical bonding, reactivity and their applications in molecular spectroscopy and derive essential mathematical relationships in quantum mechanics and spectroscopy.
B.	To acquire knowledge of electromagnetic radiation, laws and principles of photochemistry, their applications in biochemical processes.

Course Outcomes

After the completion of this course, students will be:

1.	Able to interpret (and normalize) a wavefunction, calculate a probability using a wavefunction, calculate and interpret an expectation value, utilize and interpret the Heisenberg Uncertainty Principle and solve Schrodinger equation for a particle in a box.
2.	Able to apply the essential mathematical relationships to understand quantum mechanical models such as Particle in a Box, Harmonic Oscillator, and Rigid Rotor.
3.	Able to employ quantum mechanical principles and models to interpret topics in the hydrogen atom, polyelectronic atoms, and chemical bonding.
4.	Able to interpret microwave, infrared-vibration-rotation Raman and infrared spectroscopy for chemical analysis and electronic spectroscopy of different elements and simple molecules.
5.	Able to analyse organic compounds by nuclear magnetic and electron spin resonance spectroscopy.
6.	Able to apply the knowledge of photochemistry in spectrophotometry and derive rate equation for photochemical reactions and photosensitised reactions.

Syllabus

Module I: Quantum Chemistry

(10 lectures)

Postulates of quantum mechanics, quantum mechanical operators, Schrödinger equation and its application to free particle and “particle-in-a-box” (rigorous treatment), quantization of energy levels, zero-point energy and Heisenberg Uncertainty principle; wavefunctions, probability distribution functions, nodal properties, Extension to two and three dimensional boxes, separation of variables, degeneracy. Qualitative treatment of simple harmonic oscillator model of vibrational motion: Setting up of Schrödinger equation and discussion of solution and wavefunctions. Vibrational energy of diatomic molecules and zero-point energy.

Angular momentum: Commutation rules, quantization of square of total angular momentum and z-component. Rigid rotator model of rotation of diatomic molecule. Schrödinger equation, transformation to spherical polar coordinates. Separation of variables. Spherical harmonics. Discussion of solution. Qualitative treatment of hydrogen atom and hydrogen-like ions: setting up of Schrödinger equation in spherical polar coordinates, radial part, quantization of energy (only final energy expression). Average and most probable distances of electron from nucleus. Setting up of Schrödinger equation for many-electron atoms (He, Li). Need for approximation methods. Statement of variation theorem and application to simple systems (particle-in-a-box, harmonic oscillator, hydrogen atom).

Module II: Chemical Bonding

(9 lectures)

Covalent bonding, valence bond and molecular orbital approaches, LCAO-MO treatment of H_2^+ . Bonding and antibonding orbitals. Qualitative extension to H_2 . Comparison of LCAO-MO and VB treatments of H_2 (only wavefunctions, detailed solution not required) and their limitations. Refinements of the two approaches (Configuration Interaction for MO, ionic terms in VB). Qualitative description of LCAO-MO treatment of homonuclear and heteronuclear diatomic molecules (HF, LiH). Localised and non-localised molecular orbitals treatment of triatomic (BeH_2 , H_2O) molecules. Qualitative MO theory and its application to AH_2 type molecules.

Module III: Molecular Spectroscopy I

(9 lectures)

Interaction of electromagnetic radiation with molecules and various types of spectra; Born-Oppenheimer approximation.

Rotation spectroscopy: Selection rules, intensities of spectral lines, determination of bond lengths of diatomic and linear triatomic molecules, isotopic substitution.

Vibrational spectroscopy: Classical equation of vibration, computation of force constant, amplitude of diatomic molecular vibrations, anharmonicity, Morse potential, dissociation energies, fundamental frequencies, overtones, hot bands, degrees of freedom for polyatomic molecules, modes of vibration, concept of group frequencies.

Vibration-rotation spectroscopy: diatomic vibrating rotator, P, Q, R branches.

Raman spectroscopy: Qualitative treatment of Rotational Raman effect; Effect of nuclear spin, Vibrational Raman spectra, Stokes and anti-Stokes lines; their intensity difference, rule of mutual exclusion.

Electronic spectroscopy: Franck-Condon principle, electronic transitions, singlet and triplet states, fluorescence and phosphorescence, dissociation and predissociation, calculation of electronic transitions of polyenes using free electron model.

Module IV: Molecular Spectroscopy II

(8 lectures)

Nuclear Magnetic Resonance (NMR) spectroscopy: Principles of NMR spectroscopy, Larmor precession, chemical shift and low resolution spectra, different scales, spin-spin coupling and high resolution spectra, interpretation of PMR spectra of organic molecules.

Electron Spin Resonance (ESR) spectroscopy: Its principle, hyperfine structure, ESR of simple radicals.

Module V: Photochemistry

(9 lectures)

Characteristics of electromagnetic radiation, Lambert-Beer's law and its limitations, physical significance of absorption coefficients. Laws of photochemistry, quantum yield, actinometry, examples of low and high quantum yields, photochemical equilibrium and the differential rate of photochemical reactions, photosensitised reactions, quenching. Role of photochemical reactions in biochemical processes, photostationary states, chemiluminescence.

Text books:

1. Chandra, A. K. Introductory Quantum Chemistry Tata McGraw-Hill (2001).
2. Atkins, P.W. and Friedman, R.S. Molecular Quantum Mechanics, 4th edition, Oxford University Press. Oxford, 2005.
3. Kapoor, K. L. A Textbook of Physical Chemistry, Volume 4, Macmillan Publishers India Ltd, 2004
4. Prasad, R.K. Quantum Chemistry, 3rd edition, New Age International, 2006.
5. Banwell, C. N. & McCash, E. M. Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy 4th Ed. Tata McGraw-Hill: New Delhi (2006).

6. Rohatgi-Mukherjee, K. K. Fundamentals of Photochemistry, New Age International Pvt. Ltd.; 3rd edition, New Delhi, 2014.

Reference books:

1. House, J. E. Fundamentals of Quantum Chemistry 2nd Ed. Elsevier: USA (2004).
2. Lowe, J. P. & Peterson, K. Quantum Chemistry, Academic Press (2005).
3. Kakkar, R. Atomic & Molecular Spectroscopy: Concepts & Applications, Cambridge University Press (2015).

Course Delivery methods
Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
Tutorials/Assignments
Seminars
Mini projects/Projects
Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets
Simulation

Course Outcome (CO) Attainment Assessment tools & Evaluation procedure

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Teacher's Assessment	5
Mid Sem	25
Two Quizzes	10+10
End Sem Examination Marks	50

Assessment Components	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	CO6
Mid Sem	√	√	√			
Quiz –I	√	√				
Quiz II				√		
End Sem Examination Marks	√	√	√	√	√	√

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty
2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Mapping between Objectives and Outcomes

Course Outcome #	Program Outcomes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4
CO1	H	H	M	L
CO2	H	H	H	L
CO3	H	H	M	L
CO4	M	M	H	L
CO5	M	H	H	L
CO6	H	H	H	L

Mapping Between COs and Course Delivery (CD) methods

CD	Course Delivery methods	Course Outcome	Course Delivery Method
CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors	CO1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6	CD1
CD2	Tutorials/Assignments	CO1, 2, 3, 4, 6	CD1,CD2
CD3	Seminars	CO 2,3,5	CD3
CD4	Mini projects/Projects	CO 2,3,4	CD4
CD5	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids	CO 4, 5	CD5
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets	CO1, 2, 3, 4, 5	CD6
CD7	Simulation	CO 2,3,4	CD7

Lecture wise Lesson planning Details.

Week No.	Lect. No.	Ch. No.	Topics to be covered	Text Book / References	COs mapped	Methodology used
1-5	L1-L09	1	Introduction to Quantum Chemistry	T1, T2 T4,R1	1,2	PPT Digi Class/Chock-Board
6-8	L10-L18	2	Chemical Bonding	T2, R1	2	-do-
8-12	L19-L27	3	Rotational, Vibrational and Electronic Spectroscopy	T3,T5,R3	4	-do-
12-13	L28-L36	4	NMR and EPR Spectroscopy	T3,T5	5	-do-
13-15	L37-L45	5	Introductory Photochemistry	T6	6	-do-

Course code: CH 302
Course title: Organic Chemistry-IV
Pre-requisite(s): Intermediate level chemistry
Co- requisite(s):
Credits: 4 L: 3 T: 1 P: 0
Class schedule per week: 04
Class: I. M. Sc.
Semester / Level: I. M. Sc. V
Branch: Chemistry
Name of Teacher:

Course Objectives

This course enables the students:

A.	To understand about the different organic molecules working as building blocks for the bio-macromolecules
B.	To understand the structure-activity relationship of these organic macromolecule in biological process as metabolites
C.	To learn the classification, structure and therapeutic utility of different types of pharmaceutically important organic molecules

Course Outcomes

After the completion of this course, students will be:

1.	To learn about the organic molecules as building blocks of the living organisms and their pharmacological effects
2.	To understand the structure of assembly of building blocks in the structure of biomacromolecules such as nucleic acid, peptides and proteins and enzymes
3.	To understand the sources of energy in the biological systems and energetic of the biological processes
4.	To understand the structure-property-activity relationship of the pharmaceuticals on biological systems

Syllabus

Module I: Nucleic Acids

(9 Lectures)

Components of nucleic acids, Nucleosides and nucleotides; Structure, synthesis and reactions of: Adenine, Guanine, Cytosine, Uracil and Thymine; Structure of polynucleotides.

Module II: Amino Acids, Peptides and Proteins

(9 Lectures)

Amino acids, Peptides and their classification.

α -Amino Acids - Synthesis, ionic properties and reactions. Zwitterions, pK_a values, isoelectric point and electrophoresis;

Study of peptides: determination of their primary structures-end group analysis, methods of peptide synthesis. Synthesis of peptides using N-protecting, C-protecting and C-activating groups- Solid-phase synthesis

Module III: Enzymes & Lipids

(9 Lectures)

Introduction, classification and characteristics of enzymes. Salient features of active site of enzymes. Mechanism of enzyme action (taking trypsin as example), factors affecting enzyme action, coenzymes and cofactors and their role in biological reactions, specificity of enzyme action (including stereospecificity), enzyme inhibitors and their importance, phenomenon of inhibition (competitive, uncompetitive and non-competitive inhibition including allosteric inhibition).

Introduction to oils and fats; common fatty acids present in oils and fats, Hydrogenation of fats and oils, Saponification value, acid value, iodine number. Reversion and rancidity.

Module IV: Concept of Energy in Biosystems (9 Lectures)

Cells obtain energy by the oxidation of foodstuff (organic molecules). Introduction to metabolism (catabolism, anabolism). ATP: The universal currency of cellular energy, ATP hydrolysis and free energy change. Agents for transfer of electrons in biological redox systems: NAD⁺, FAD. Conversion of food to energy: Outline of catabolic pathways of carbohydrate- glycolysis, fermentation, Krebs cycle. Overview of catabolic pathways of fat and protein. Interrelationship in the metabolic pathways of protein, fat and carbohydrate. Caloric value of food, standard caloric content of food types.

Module V: Pharmaceutical Compounds: Structure and Importance (9 Lectures)

Classification, structure and therapeutic uses of antipyretics: Paracetamol (with synthesis), Analgesics: Ibuprofen (with synthesis), Antimalarials: Chloroquine (with synthesis). An elementary treatment of Antibiotics and detailed study of chloramphenicol, Medicinal values of curcumin (haldi), azadirachtin (neem), vitamin C and antacid (ranitidine).

Text books:

1. Finar, I. L. Organic Chemistry (Volume 2: Stereochemistry and the Chemistry of Natural Products), Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).
2. Morrison, R. N. & Boyd, R. N. Organic Chemistry, Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).

Reference books:

1. Berg, J. M., Tymoczko, J. L. & Stryer, L. Biochemistry. 6th Ed. W.H. Freeman and Co. (2006).
2. Nelson, D. L., Cox, M. M. & Lehninger, A.L. Principles of Biochemistry. IV Edition. W.H. Freeman and Co. (2009).
3. Murray, R. K., Granner, D. K., Mayes, P. A. & Rodwell, V. W. Harper's Illustrated Biochemistry. XXVIII edition. Lange Medical Books/ McGraw-Hill. (2009).

Course Delivery methods
Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
Tutorials/Assignments
Seminars
Mini projects/Projects
Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets
Simulation

Course Outcome (CO) Attainment Assessment tools & Evaluation procedure

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Teacher's Assessment	5
Mid Sem	25
Two Quizzes	10+10
End Sem Examination Marks	50

Assessment Components	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4
Mid Sem	√	√		
Quiz -1	√			
Quiz II			√	
End Sem Examination Marks	√	√	√	√

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty

2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Mapping between Objectives and Outcomes

Course Outcome #	Program Outcomes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4
CO1	H	H	M	L
CO2	H	H	H	L
CO3	H	H	M	L
CO4	M	M	H	L
CO5	L	M	H	H

Mapping Between COs and Course Delivery (CD) methods

CD	Course Delivery methods	Course Outcome	Course Delivery Method
CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1
CD2	Tutorials/Assignments	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1,CD2
CD3	Seminars	CO 2, 3	CD3
CD4	Mini projects/Projects	CO3, 4	CD4
CD5	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids	CO 1, 2, 3	CD5
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD6
CD7	Simulation	CO2, 4	CD7

Lecture wise Lesson planning Details.

Week No.	Lect. No.	Ch. No.	Topics to be covered	Text Book / References	COs mapped	Methodology used

1-3	L1-L09	11	Nucleic Acids	T1, T2 R3,R1	1,2	PPT Digi Class/Chock -Board
3-7	L10-L18	13	Amino Acids, Peptides and Proteins	T1,T2, R2	2	-do-
7-11	L19-L27	3	Enzymes & Lipids	T1,T2R3	4	-do-
11-13	L28-L36	4	Concept of Energy in Biosystems	T1,T2	5	-do-
13-15	L37-L45	5	Pharmaceutical Compounds: Structure and Importance	T1,R2	6	-do-

Course code: CH 303
Course title: Analytical Methods in Chemistry
Pre-requisite(s): Intermediate level chemistry
Co- requisite(s):
Credits: 4 L: 3 T: 1 P: 0
Class schedule per week: 04
Class: I. M. Sc.
Semester / Level: I. M. Sc. V
Branch: Chemistry
Name of Teacher:

Course Objectives

This course enables the students:

A.	To understand qualitative and quantitative aspects of chemical analysis
B.	To understand the optical methods of analysis
C.	To learn the thermal and electrochemical methods of analysis
D.	To understand the separation processes

Course Outcomes

After the completion of this course, students will be:

1.	Able to calculate the error analysis
2.	Able to explain different optical methods of analysis
3.	Able to explain different thermal and electrochemical methods
4.	Able to separate a component from mixture

Syllabus

Module I: Qualitative and quantitative aspects of analysis: (7 Lectures)

Sampling, evaluation of analytical data, errors, accuracy and precision, methods of their expression, normal law of distribution if indeterminate errors, statistical test of data; F, Q and t test, rejection of data, and confidence intervals.

Module II: Optical methods of analysis: (11 Lectures)

Origin of spectra, interaction of radiation with matter, fundamental laws of spectroscopy and selection rules, validity of Beer-Lambert's law.

UV-Visible Spectrometry: Basic principles of instrumentation (choice of source, monochromator and detector) for single and double beam instrument;

Basic principles of quantitative analysis: estimation of metal ions from aqueous solution, geometrical isomers, keto-enol tautomers. Determination of composition of metal complexes using Job's method of continuous variation and mole ratio method.

Infrared Spectrometry: Basic principles of instrumentation (choice of source, monochromator & detector) for single and double beam instrument; sampling techniques.

Structural illustration through interpretation of data, Effect and importance of isotope substitution.

Flame Atomic Absorption and Emission Spectrometry: Basic principles of instrumentation (choice of source, monochromator, detector, choice of flame and Burner designs. Techniques of atomization and sample introduction; Method of background correction, sources of chemical interferences and their method of removal. Techniques for the quantitative estimation of trace level of metal ions from water samples.

Module III: Thermal methods of analysis: (7 Lectures)

Theory of thermogravimetry (TG), basic principle of instrumentation.

Techniques for quantitative estimation of Ca and Mg from their mixture.

Module IV: Electroanalytical methods:**(10 Lectures)**

Classification of electroanalytical methods, basic principle of pH metric, potentiometric and conductometric titrations. Techniques used for the determination of equivalence points.

Techniques used for the determination of pK_a values.

Module V: Separation techniques:**(10 Lectures)**

Solvent extraction: Classification, principle and efficiency of the technique.

Mechanism of extraction: extraction by solvation and chelation.

Technique of extraction: batch, continuous and counter current extractions.

Qualitative and quantitative aspects of solvent extraction: extraction of metal ions from aqueous solution, extraction of organic species from the aqueous and nonaqueous media.

Chromatography: Classification, principle and efficiency of the technique.

Mechanism of separation: adsorption, partition & ion exchange.

Development of chromatograms: frontal, elution and displacement methods.

Qualitative and quantitative aspects of chromatographic methods of analysis: IC, GLC, GPC, TLC and HPLC.

Stereoisomeric separation and analysis: Measurement of optical rotation, calculation of Enantiomeric excess (ee)/ diastereomeric excess (de) ratios and determination of enantiomeric composition using NMR, Chiral solvents and chiral shift reagents. Chiral chromatographic techniques using chiral columns (GC and HPLC).

Role of computers in instrumental methods of analysis.

Reference Books:

1. Mendham, J., A. I. Vogel's Quantitative Chemical Analysis 6th Ed., Pearson, 2009.
2. Willard, H.H. et al.: Instrumental Methods of Analysis, 7th Ed. Wardsworth Publishing Company, Belmont, California, USA, 1988.
3. Christian, G.D. Analytical Chemistry, 6th Ed. John Wiley & Sons, New York, 2004.
4. Harris, D.C.: Exploring Chemical Analysis, 9th Ed. New York, W.H. Freeman, 2016.
5. Khopkar, S.M. Basic Concepts of Analytical Chemistry. New Age International Publisher, 2009.
6. Skoog, D.A. Holler F.J. & Nieman, T.A. Principles of Instrumental Analysis, Cengage Learning India Ed.
7. Mikes, O. Laboratory Hand Book of Chromatographic & Allied Methods, Elsevier Harwood Series on Analytical Chemistry, John Wiley & Sons, 1979.
8. Ditts, R.V. Analytical Chemistry; Methods of separation, van Nostrand, 1974.

Course Delivery methods
Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
Tutorials/Assignments
Seminars
Mini projects/Projects
Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
Industrial visits/in-plant training
Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets
Simulation

Course Outcome (CO) Attainment Assessment tools & Evaluation procedure**Direct Assessment**

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
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Teacher's Assessment	5
Mid Sem	25
Two Quizzes	10+10
End Sem Examination Marks	50

Assessment Components	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4
Mid Sem	√	√		
Quiz –I	√			
Quiz II			√	
End Sem Examination Marks	√	√	√	√

Indirect Assessment –

- 1. Student Feedback on Faculty**
- 2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome**

Mapping between Objectives and Outcomes

Course Outcome #	Program Outcomes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4
CO1	M	H	L	L
CO2	H	M	M	L
CO3	H	H	H	M
CO4	M	H	H	M

Mapping Between COs and Course Delivery (CD) methods

CD	Course Delivery methods	Course Outcome	Course Delivery Method
CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1
CD2	Tutorials/Assignments	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1,CD2
CD3	Seminars	CO 2, 3	CD3
CD4	Mini projects/Projects	CO3, 4	CD4
CD5	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids	CO 1, 2, 3	CD5
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD6
CD7	Simulation	CO2, 4	CD7

Lecture wise Lesson planning Details.

Week No.	Lect. No.	Ch. No.	Topics to be covered	Text Book / References	COs mapped	Methodology used
	L1-L6	1	Qualitative and quantitative aspects of analysis	T1, T2 R3,R1	1	PPT Digi Class/Chock-Board
	L7-L17	2	Optical methods of analysis	T1,T2, R2	2	-do-
	L18-L26	3	Thermal methods of analysis	T1,T2, R3	3	-do-
	L26-L35	4	Electroanalytical methods	T1,T2	3	-do-
	L36-L45	5	Separation Techniques	T1,R2	4	-do-

Course code: CH 304
Course title: Industrial Chemicals and Environment
Pre-requisite(s): Intermediate level chemistry
Co- requisite(s):
Credits: 4 L: 3 T: 1 P: 0
Class schedule per week: 04
Class: I. M. Sc.
Semester / Level: I. M. Sc. V
Branch: Chemistry
Name of Teacher:

Course Objectives

This course enables the students:

A.	To understand the concepts and applications of Inorganic Chemicals & Environment
B.	To strengthen the fundamental concepts of chemistry and then builds an interface with their industrial applications.
C.	To apply basic chemistry/science skills, conduct experiments in teams, analyze the results, and communicate these results, in a safe, professional and ethical manner

Course Outcomes

After the completion of this course, students will be:

1.	Able to understand Industrial chemicals and environment.
2.	Able to classify Industrial chemicals and their environmental impacts in metallurgy
3.	Able to know applications of environmental segments
4.	Able to establish relationship between energy and environment

Syllabus

Module-I: Industrial Gases and Inorganic Chemicals (10 Lectures)

Industrial Gases: Large scale production, uses, storage and hazards in handling of the following gases: oxygen, nitrogen, argon, neon, helium, hydrogen, acetylene, carbon monoxide, chlorine, fluorine, sulphur dioxide and phosgene.

Inorganic Chemicals: Manufacture, application, analysis and hazards in handling the following chemicals: hydrochloric acid, nitric acid, sulphuric acid, caustic soda, common salt, borax, bleaching powder, sodium thiosulphate, hydrogen peroxide, potash alum, chrome alum, potassium dichromate and potassium permanganate.

Module-II: Industrial Metallurgy (5 Lectures)

Preparation of metals (ferrous and nonferrous) and ultrapure metals for semiconductor technology.

Module-III: Environment and its segments (10 Lectures)

Ecosystems. Biogeochemical cycles of carbon, nitrogen and sulphur.

Air Pollution: Major regions of atmosphere. Chemical and photochemical reactions in atmosphere. Air pollutants: types, sources, particle size and chemical nature; Photochemical smog: its constituents and photochemistry. Environmental effects of ozone, Major sources of air pollution.

Pollution by SO₂, CO₂, CO, NO_x, H₂S and other foul smelling gases. Methods of estimation of CO, NO_x, SO_x and control procedures.

Effects of air pollution on living organisms and vegetation. Greenhouse effect and Global warming, Ozone depletion by oxides of nitrogen, chlorofluorocarbons and Halogens, removal of sulphur from coal. Control of particulates.

Water Pollution: Hydrological cycle, water resources, aquatic ecosystems, Sources and nature of water pollutants, Techniques for measuring water pollution, Impacts of water pollution on hydrological and ecosystems.

Water purification methods. Effluent treatment plants (primary, secondary and tertiary treatment). Industrial effluents from the following industries and their treatment: electroplating, textile, tannery, dairy, petroleum and petrochemicals, agro, fertilizer, etc. Sludge disposal.

Industrial waste management, incineration of waste. Water treatment and purification (reverse osmosis, electro dialysis, ion exchange). Water quality parameters for waste water, industrial water and domestic water.

Module-IV: Energy & Environment

(10 Lectures)

Sources of energy: Coal, petrol and natural gas. Nuclear Fusion/Fission, Solar energy, Hydrogen, geothermal, Tidal and Hydel, etc.

Nuclear Pollution: Disposal of nuclear waste, nuclear disaster and its management.

Module-V: Biocatalysis

(8 Lectures)

Introduction to biocatalysis: Importance in “Green Chemistry” and Chemical Industry.

Reference Books:

1. E. Stocchi: Industrial Chemistry, Vol-I, Ellis Horwood Ltd. UK.
2. R.M. Felder, R.W. Rousseau: Elementary Principles of Chemical Processes, Wiley Publishers, New Delhi.
3. J. A. Kent: Riegel's Handbook of Industrial Chemistry, CBS Publishers, New Delhi.
4. S. S. Dara: A Textbook of Engineering Chemistry, S. Chand & Company Ltd. New Delhi.
5. K. De, Environmental Chemistry: New Age International Pvt., Ltd, New Delhi.
6. S. M. Khopkar, Environmental Pollution Analysis: Wiley Eastern Ltd, New Delhi.
7. S. E. Manahan, Environmental Chemistry, CRC Press (2005).
8. G. T. Miller, Environmental Science 11th edition. Brooks/ Cole (2006).
9. A. Mishra, Environmental Studies. Selective and Scientific Books, New Delhi (2005).

Course Delivery methods
Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
Tutorials/Assignments
Seminars
Mini projects/Projects
Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets
Simulation

Course Outcome (CO) Attainment Assessment tools & Evaluation procedure

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Teacher's Assessment	5
Mid Sem	25
Two Quizzes	10+10
End Sem Examination Marks	50

Assessment Components	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4
Mid Sem	√	√		
Quiz –I	√			
Quiz II			√	
End Sem Examination Marks	√	√	√	√

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty

2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Mapping between Objectives and Outcomes

Course Outcome #	Program Outcomes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4
CO1	M	H	L	L
CO2	H	M	M	L
CO3	H	H	H	M
CO4	M	H	H	M

Mapping Between COs and Course Delivery (CD) methods

CD	Course Delivery methods	Course Outcome	Course Delivery Method
CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1
CD2	Tutorials/Assignments	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1,CD2
CD3	Seminars	CO 2, 3	CD3
CD4	Mini projects/Projects	CO3, 4	CD4
CD5	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids	CO 1, 2, 3	CD5
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD6
CD7	Simulation	CO2, 4	CD7

Lecture wise Lesson planning Details.

Week No.	Lect. No.	Ch. No.	Topics to be covered	Text Book / References	COs mapped	Methodology used

1-3	L1-L09	1	Industrial Gases and Inorganic Chemicals	T1, T2 R3,R1	1,2	PPT Digi Class/Chock-Board
3-7	L10-L13	2	Industrial Metallurgy	T1,T2, R2	2	-do-
7-11	L14-L27	3	Environment and its segments	T1,T2R3	4	-do-
11-13	L28-L36	4	Energy & Environment	T1,T2	5	-do-
13-15	L37-L45	5	Biocatalysis	T1,R2	6	-do-

Course code: CH 305
Course title: Inorganic Materials of Industrial Importance
Pre-requisite(s): Intermediate level chemistry
Co- requisite(s):
Credits: 4 L: 3 T: 1 P: 0
Class schedule per week: 04
Class: I. M. Sc.
Semester / Level: I. M. Sc. V
Branch: Chemistry
Name of Teacher:

Course Objectives

This course enables the students:

A.	To know about Silicate & Fertilizers
B.	To know about Surface Coatings.
C.	To know about batteries and alloys
D.	To know about catalysis and explosives

Course Outcomes

After the completion of this course, students will be:

1.	To characterise Silicate & Fertilizers
2.	To do Surface Coatings
3.	Able to know applications related to chemo and bio-informatic related to drug design.
4.	Able to understand the function of batteries and alloys
5.	Able to understand about catalysis and explosives

Syllabus

Module-I: Silicate & Fertilizers Industries:

(9 Lectures)

Glass: Glassy state and its properties, classification (silicate and non-silicate glasses).

Manufacture and processing of glass. Composition and properties of the following types of glasses: Soda lime glass, lead glass, armoured glass, safety glass, borosilicate glass, fluorosilicate, coloured glass, photosensitive glass.

Ceramics: Important clays and feldspar, ceramic, their types and manufacture. High technology ceramics and their applications, superconducting and semiconducting oxides, fullerenes carbon nanotubes and carbon fibre.

Cements: Classification of cement, ingredients and their role, Manufacture of cement and the setting process, quick setting cements.

Different types of fertilizers. Manufacture of the following fertilizers: Urea, ammonium nitrate, calcium ammonium nitrate, ammonium phosphates; polyphosphate, superphosphate, compound and mixed fertilizers, potassium chloride, potassium sulphate.

Module-II: Surface Coatings:

(9 Lectures)

Objectives of coatings surfaces, preliminary treatment of surface, classification of surface coatings. Paints and pigments-formulation, composition and related properties. Oil paint, Vehicle, modified oils, Pigments, toners and lakes pigments, Fillers, Thinners, Enamels, emulsifying agents. Special paints (Heat retardant, Fire retardant, Eco-friendly paint, Plastic paint), Dyes, Wax polishing, Water and Oil paints, additives, Metallic coatings (electrolytic and electroless), metal spraying and anodizing.

Module-III: Batteries & Alloys:**(9 Lectures)**

Primary and secondary batteries, battery components and their role, Characteristics of Battery. Working of following batteries: Pb acid, Li-Battery, Solid state electrolyte battery. Fuel cells, Solar cell and polymer cell.

Classification of alloys, ferrous and non-ferrous alloys, Specific properties of elements in alloys. Manufacture of Steel (removal of silicon decarbonization, demanganization, desulphurization dephosphorisation) and surface treatment (argon treatment, heat treatment, nitriding, carburizing). Composition and properties of different types of steels.

Module-IV: Catalysis:**(9 Lectures)**

General principles and properties of catalysts, homogenous catalysis (catalytic steps and examples) and heterogenous catalysis (catalytic steps and examples) and their industrial applications, Deactivation or regeneration of catalysts.

Phase transfer catalysts, application of zeolites as catalysts.

Module-V: Chemical explosives:**(9 Lectures)**

Origin of explosive properties in organic compounds, preparation and explosive properties of lead azide, PETN, cyclonite (RDX). Introduction to rocket propellants.

Reference Books:

1. E. Stocchi: Industrial Chemistry, Vol-I, Ellis Horwood Ltd. UK.
2. R. M. Felder, R. W. Rousseau: Elementary Principles of Chemical Processes, Wiley Publishers, New Delhi.
3. W. D. Kingery, H. K. Bowen, D. R. Uhlmann: Introduction to Ceramics, Wiley Publishers, New Delhi.
4. J. A. Kent: Riegel's Handbook of Industrial Chemistry, CBS Publishers, New Delhi.
5. P. C. Jain, M. Jain: Engineering Chemistry, Dhanpat Rai & Sons, Delhi.
6. R. Gopalan, D. Venkappayya, S. Nagarajan: Engineering Chemistry, Vikas Publications, New Delhi.
7. Sharma, B.K. & Gaur, H. Industrial Chemistry, Goel Publishing House, Meerut (1996).

Course Delivery methods
Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
Tutorials/Assignments
Seminars
Mini projects/Projects
Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
Industrial visits/in-plant training
Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets
Simulation

Course Outcome (CO) Attainment Assessment tools & Evaluation procedure**Direct Assessment**

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Teacher's Assessment	5
Mid Sem	25
Two Quizzes	10+10

End Sem Examination Marks	50
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Assessment Components	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4
Mid Sem	√	√		
Quiz –I	√			
Quiz II			√	
End Sem Examination Marks	√	√	√	√

Indirect Assessment –

- 1. Student Feedback on Faculty**
- 2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome**

Mapping between Objectives and Outcomes

Course Outcome #	Program Outcomes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4
CO1	M	H	L	L
CO2	H	M	M	L
CO3	H	H	H	M
CO4	M	H	H	M

Mapping Between COs and Course Delivery (CD) methods

CD	Course Delivery methods	Course Outcome	Course Delivery Method
CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1
CD2	Tutorials/Assignments	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1,CD2
CD3	Seminars	CO 2, 3	CD3
CD4	Mini projects/Projects	CO3, 4	CD4
CD5	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids	CO 1, 2, 3	CD5
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD6
CD7	Simulation	CO2, 4	CD7

Lecture wise Lesson planning Details.

Week No.	Lect. No.	Ch. No.	Topics to be covered	Text Book / References	COs mapped	Methodology used
1-3	L1-L09	1	Silicate & Fertilizers Industries	T1, T2 R3,R1	1,2	PPT DigiClass/Chock-Board
3-7	L10-L18	2	Surface Coatings	T1,T2, R2	2	-do-
7-11	L19-L27	3	Batteries & Alloys	T1,T2R3	4	-do-
11-13	L28-L36	4	Catalysis	T1,T2	5	-do-
13-15	L37-L45	5	Chemical explosives	T1,R2	6	-do-

Course code: CH 306
Course title: Molecular Modelling & Drug Design
Pre-requisite(s): Intermediate level chemistry
Co- requisite(s):
Credits: 4 L: 3 T: 1 P: 0
Class schedule per week: 04
Class: I. M. Sc.
Semester / Level: I. M. Sc. V
Branch: Chemistry
Name of Teacher:

This course enables the students:

A.	To understand the concepts and 3D chemical structure, molecular orbitals, bonding and its applications in theoretical chemistry.
B.	To strengthen the fundamental concepts of structural chemistry including conformation and configuration. Builds an interface with their applications in physical and biological science.
C.	To apply basic chemistry, structural and drawing skills using modeling software, conduct simulation experiments on computer/high performance computing, analyze the results, and its application in drug design.

Course Outcomes

After the completion of this course, students will be:

1.	Able to understand, draw, visualize and demonstrate the 3D chemical structure of small and large molecule.
2.	Able to understand the drug, ligand and protein data bases.
3.	Able to know applications related to chemo and bio-informatic related to drug design.
4.	Able to do modeling experiments, computational calculation, physico-chemical properties estimation using modeling software.
5.	Able to generate 3D structure file to demonstrate the atomic level understanding including non-covalent bonding, QSAR studies and molecular recognition.

Syllabus

Module I: Introduction to Molecular Modelling: (9 Lectures)

Introduction. Useful Concepts in Molecular Modelling: Coordinate Systems. Potential Energy Surfaces. Molecular Graphics. Surfaces. Computer Hardware and Software. The Molecular Modelling Literature.

Module II: Force Fields: (9 Lectures)

Fields. Bond Stretching. Angle Bending. Introduction to nonbonded interactions. Electrostatic interactions. van der Waals Interactions. Hydrogen bonding in Molecular Mechanics. Force Field Models for the Simulation of Liquid Water.

Module III: Energy Minimization and Computer Simulation: (9 Lectures)

Minimization and related methods for exploring the energy surface. Non-derivative method, First and second order minimization methods. Computer simulation methods. Simple thermodynamic properties and Phase Space. Boundaries. Analyzing the results of a simulation and estimating Errors.

Module IV: Molecular Dynamics & Monte Carlo Simulation: (9 Lectures)

Molecular Dynamics Simulation Methods. Molecular Dynamics using simple models. Molecular Dynamics with continuous potentials. Molecular Dynamics at constant temperature and pressure. Metropolis method. Monte Carlo simulation of molecules. Models used in Monte Carlo simulations of polymers.

Module V: Structure Prediction and Drug Design: (9 Lectures)

Structure prediction - Introduction to comparative Modeling. Sequence alignment.
Constructing and evaluating a comparative model. Predicting protein structures by 'Threading', Molecular docking. Structure based de novo ligand design, Drug Discovery – Chemoinformatics – QSAR.

Reference Books:

1. A.R. Leach, Molecular Modelling Principles and Application, Longman, 2001.
2. J.M. Haile, Molecular Dynamics Simulation Elementary Methods, John Wiley and Sons, 1997.
3. Satya Prakash Gupta, QSAR and Molecular Modeling, Springer – Anamaya Publishers, 2008.

Course Delivery methods
Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
Tutorials/Assignments
Seminars
Mini projects/Projects
Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets
Simulation

Course Outcome (CO) Attainment Assessment tools & Evaluation procedure

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Teacher's Assessment	5
Mid Sem	25
Two Quizzes	10+10
End Sem Examination Marks	50

Assessment Components	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5
Quiz (s)	√	√	√	√	
Assignment	√	√	√	√	
Mid Sem	√	√	√		
End Sem Examination Marks	√	√	√	√	√

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty
2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Mapping between Objectives and Outcomes

Course Outcome #	Program Outcomes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4

CO1	H	H	M	L
CO2	H	H	H	L
CO3	H	H	M	L
CO4	M	M	H	L
CO5	M	H	H	L

Mapping Between COs and Course Delivery (CD) methods

CD	Course Delivery methods	Course Outcome	Course Delivery Method
CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1
CD2	Tutorials/Assignments	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1,CD2
CD3	Seminars	CO 2, 3	CD3
CD4	Mini projects/Projects	CO3, 4	CD4
CD5	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids	CO 1, 2, 3	CD5
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD6
CD7	Simulation	CO2, 4	CD7

Lecture wise Lesson planning Details.

Week No.	Lect. No.	Ch. No.	Topics to be covered	Text Book / References	COs mapped	Methodology used
1-2	L1-L09	1	3D structure, Coordnate System Theory Drawing & Data Bases	T1, R1	1	PPT Digi Class/ Chalk -Board
2-3	L10-L18	2	Software Application and Hardware	T1, R1	2	-do-
3-6	L19-L27	3	Molecular Mechanics and Force Field	T1, R1, R2	3	-do-
7-9	L28-L36	4	Energy Minimization and Computer Simulation	T1, R1, R2	4	-do-
10-12	L37-L45	5	Molecular Dynamics & Monte Carlo Simulation, Structure Prediction and Drug Design	T1, R1, R2	5	-do-

Course code: CH 307
Course title: Physical Chemistry-V Lab
Pre-requisite(s): Intermediate level chemistry
Co- requisite(s):
Credits: 1.5 L: 0 T: 0 P: 3
Class schedule per week: 03
Class: I. M. Sc.
Semester / Level: I. M. Sc. V
Branch: Chemistry
Name of Teacher:

Syllabus

UV/Visible spectroscopy

- I. Study the 200-500 nm absorbance spectra of KMnO_4 and $\text{K}_2\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7$ (in 0.1 M H_2SO_4) and determine the λ_{max} values. Calculate the energies of the two transitions in different units (J molecule^{-1} , kJ mol^{-1} , cm^{-1} , eV).
- II. Study the pH-dependence of the UV-Vis spectrum (200-500 nm) of $\text{K}_2\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7$.
- III. Record the 200-350 nm UV spectra of the given compounds (acetone, acetaldehyde, 2-propanol, acetic acid) in water. Comment on the effect of structure on the UV spectra of organic compounds.

Colourimetry

- I. Verify Lambert-Beer's law and determine the concentration of $\text{CuSO}_4/\text{KMnO}_4/\text{K}_2\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7$ in a solution of unknown concentration
- II. Determine the concentrations of KMnO_4 and $\text{K}_2\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7$ in a mixture.
- III. Study the kinetics of iodination of propanone in acidic medium.
- IV. Determine the amount of iron present in a sample using 1,10-phenanthroline.
- V. Determine the dissociation constant of an indicator (phenolphthalein).
- VI. Study the kinetics of interaction of crystal violet/ phenolphthalein with sodium hydroxide.
- VII. Analysis of the given vibration-rotation spectrum of HCl

Reference Books

1. Khosla, B. D.; Garg, V. C. & Gulati, A., Senior Practical Physical Chemistry, R. Chand & Co.: New Delhi (2011).
2. Garland, C. W.; Nibler, J. W. & Shoemaker, D. P. Experiments in Physical Chemistry 8th Ed.; McGraw-Hill: New York (2003).
3. Halpern, A. M. & McBane, G. C. Experimental Physical Chemistry 3rd Ed.; W.H. Freeman & Co.: New York (2003).

Course code: CH 308

Course title: Organic Chemistry-IV Lab

Pre-requisite(s): Intermediate level chemistry

Co- requisite(s):

Credits: 1.5 L: 0 T: 0 P: 3

Class schedule per week: 03

Class: I. M. Sc.

Semester / Level: I. M. Sc. V

Branch: Chemistry

Name of Teacher:

Syllabus

1. Estimation of glycine by Sorenson's formalin method.
2. Study of the titration curve of glycine.
3. Estimation of proteins by Lowry's method.
4. Study of the action of salivary amylase on starch at optimum conditions.
5. Effect of temperature on the action of salivary amylase.
6. Saponification value of an oil or a fat.
7. Determination of Iodine number of an oil/fat.
8. Isolation and characterization of DNA from onion/cauliflower/peas.

Reference Books:

1. Manual of Biochemistry Workshop, Department of Chemistry, University of Delhi, 2012,
2. Arthur, I. V. Quantitative Organic Analysis, Pearson.

Course code: CH 309

Course title: Lab: Analytical Methods in Chemistry

Pre-requisite(s): Intermediate level chemistry

Co- requisite(s):

Credits: 2 L: 0 T: 0 P: 4

Class schedule per week: 04

Class: I. M. Sc.

Semester / Level: I. M. Sc. V

Branch: Chemistry

Name of Teacher:

Syllabus

I. Separation Techniques

1. Chromatography:

(a) Separation of mixtures

(i) Paper chromatographic separation of Fe^{3+} , Al^{3+} , and Cr^{3+} .

(ii) Separation and identification of the monosaccharides present in the given mixture (glucose & fructose) by paper chromatography. Reporting the R_f values.

(b) Separate a mixture of Sudan yellow and Sudan Red by TLC technique and identify them on the basis of their R_f values.

(c) Chromatographic separation of the active ingredients of plants, flowers and juices by TLC

II. Solvent Extractions:

(i) To separate a mixture of Ni^{2+} & Fe^{2+} by complexation with DMG and extracting the Ni^{2+} DMG complex in chloroform, and determine its concentration by spectrophotometry.

(ii) Solvent extraction of zirconium with amberlite LA-1, separation from a mixture of irons and gallium.

3. Determine the pH of the given aerated drinks fruit juices, shampoos and soaps.

4. Determination of Na, Ca, Li in cola drinks and fruit juices using flame photometric techniques.

5. Analysis of soil:

(i) Determination of pH of soil.

(ii) Total soluble salt

(iii) Estimation of calcium, magnesium, phosphate, nitrate

6. Ion exchange:

(i) Determination of exchange capacity of cation exchange resins and anion exchange resins.

(ii) Separation of metal ions from their binary mixture.

(iii) Separation of amino acids from organic acids by ion exchange chromatography.

III Spectrophotometry

1. Determination of pK_a values of indicator using spectrophotometry.

2. Structural characterization of compounds by infrared spectroscopy.

3. Determination of dissolved oxygen in water.

4. Determination of chemical oxygen demand (COD).

5. Determination of Biological oxygen demand (BOD).

6. Determine the composition of the Ferric-salicylate/ ferric-thiocyanate complex by Job's method.

Reference Books:

1. Mendham, J., A. I. Vogel's Quantitative Chemical Analysis 6th Ed., Pearson, 2009.
2. Willard, H.H. et al.: Instrumental Methods of Analysis, 7th Ed. Wardsworth Publishing Company, Belmont, California, USA, 1988.
3. Christian, G.D. Analytical Chemistry, 6th Ed. John Wiley & Sons, New York, 2004.
4. Harris, D.C. Exploring Chemical Analysis, 9th Ed. New York, W.H. Freeman, 2016.
5. Khopkar, S.M. Basic Concepts of Analytical Chemistry. New Age International Publisher, 2009.
6. Skoog, D.A. Holler F.J. and Nieman, T.A. Principles of Instrumental Analysis, Cengage Learning India Edition.

7. Mikes, O. & Chalmes, R.A. Laboratory Handbook of Chromatographic & Allied Methods, Elles Harwood Ltd. London.
8. Ditts, R.V. Analytical Chemistry: Methods of separation. Van Nostrand, New York, 1974.

Course code: CH 310

Course title: Lab: Industrial Chemicals and Environment

Pre-requisite(s): Intermediate level chemistry

Co- requisite(s):

Credits: 2 L: 0 T: 0 P: 4

Class schedule per week: 04

Class: I. M. Sc.

Semester / Level: I. M. Sc. V

Branch: Chemistry

Name of Teacher:

Syllabus

1. Determination of dissolved oxygen in water.
2. Determination of Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)
3. Determination of Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD)
4. Percentage of available chlorine in bleaching powder.
5. Measurement of chloride, sulphate and salinity of water samples by simple titration method (AgNO_3 and potassium chromate).
6. Estimation of total alkalinity of water samples (CO_3^{2-} , HCO_3^-) using double titration method.
7. Measurement of dissolved CO_2 .
8. Study of some of the common bio-indicators of pollution.
9. Estimation of SPM in air samples.
10. Preparation of borax/ boric acid.

Reference Books:

1. E. Stocchi: Industrial Chemistry, Vol-I, Ellis Horwood Ltd. UK.
2. R.M. Felder, R.W. Rousseau: Elementary Principles of Chemical Processes, Wiley Publishers, New Delhi.
3. J. A. Kent: Riegel's Handbook of Industrial Chemistry, CBS Publishers, New Delhi.
4. S. S. Dara: A Textbook of Engineering Chemistry, S. Chand & Company Ltd. New Delhi.
5. K. De, Environmental Chemistry: New Age International Pvt., Ltd, New Delhi.
6. S. M. Khopkar, Environmental Pollution Analysis: Wiley Eastern Ltd, New Delhi.

Course code: CH 311

Course title: Lab: Inorganic Materials of Industrial Importance

Pre-requisite(s): Intermediate level chemistry

Co- requisite(s):

Credits: 2 L: 0 T: 0 P: 2

Class schedule per week: 04

Class: I. M. Sc.

Semester / Level: I. M. Sc. V

Branch: Chemistry

Name of Teacher:

Syllabus

1. Determination of free acidity in ammonium sulphate fertilizer.
2. Estimation of Calcium in Calcium ammonium nitrate fertilizer.
3. Estimation of phosphoric acid in superphosphate fertilizer.
4. Electroless metallic coatings on ceramic and plastic material.
5. Determination of composition of dolomite (by complexometric titration).
6. Analysis of (Cu, Ni); (Cu, Zn) in alloy or synthetic samples.
7. Analysis of Cement.
8. Preparation of pigment (zinc oxide).

Reference Books:

1. E. Stocchi: Industrial Chemistry, Vol-I, Ellis Horwood Ltd. UK.
2. R. M. Felder, R. W. Rousseau: Elementary Principles of Chemical Processes, Wiley Publishers, New Delhi.
3. W. D. Kingery, H. K. Bowen, D. R. Uhlmann: Introduction to Ceramics, Wiley Publishers, New Delhi.
4. J. A. Kent: Riegel's Handbook of Industrial Chemistry, CBS Publishers, New Delhi.
5. P. C. Jain, M. Jain: Engineering Chemistry, Dhanpat Rai & Sons, Delhi.
6. R. Gopalan, D. Venkappayya, S. Nagarajan: Engineering Chemistry, Vikas Publications, New Delhi.
7. Sharma, B.K. & Gaur, H. Industrial Chemistry, Goel Publishing House, Meerut (1996).

Course code: CH 312

Course title: Lab: Molecular Modelling & Drug Design

Pre-requisite(s): Intermediate level chemistry

Co- requisite(s):

Credits: 2 L: 0 T: 0 P: 4

Class schedule per week: 04

Class: I. M. Sc.

Semester / Level: I. M. Sc. V

Branch: Chemistry

Name of Teacher:

Syllabus

i. Compare the optimized C-C bond lengths in ethane, ethene, ethyne and benzene.

Visualize the molecular orbitals of the ethane σ bonds and ethene, ethyne, benzene and pyridine π bonds.

ii. (a) Perform a conformational analysis of butane. (b) Determine the enthalpy of isomerization of *cis* and *trans* 2-butene.

iii. Visualize the electron density and electrostatic potential maps for LiH, HF, N₂, NO and CO and comment. Relate to the dipole moments. Animate the vibrations of these molecules.

iv. (a) Relate the charge on the hydrogen atom in hydrogen halides with their acid character. (b) Compare the basicities of the nitrogen atoms in ammonia, methylamine, dimethylamine and trimethylamine.

v. (a) Compare the shapes of the molecules: 1-butanol, 2-butanol, 2-methyl-1-propanol, and 2-methyl-2-propanol. Note the dipole moment of each molecule. (b) Show how the shapes affect the trend in boiling points: (118 °C, 100 °C, 108 °C, 82 °C, respectively).

vi. Build and minimize organic compounds of your choice containing the following functional groups. Note the dipole moment of each compound: (a) alkyl halide (b) aldehyde (c) ketone (d) amine (e) ether (f) nitrile (g) thiol (h) carboxylic acid (i) ester (j) amide.

vii. (a) Determine the heat of hydration of ethylene. (b) Compute the resonance energy of benzene by comparison of its enthalpy of hydrogenation with that of cyclohexene.

viii. Arrange 1-hexene, 2-methyl-2-pentene, (*E*)-3-methyl-2-pentene, (*Z*)-3-methyl-2-pentene, and 2,3-dimethyl-2-butene in order of increasing stability.

ix. (a) Compare the optimized bond angles H₂O, H₂S, H₂Se. (b) Compare the HAH bond angles for the second row dihydrides and compare with the results from qualitative MO theory.

Note: Software: ChemSketch, ArgusLab (www.planaria-software.com), TINKER 6.2 (dasher.wustl.edu/ffe), WebLab Viewer, Hyperchem, or any similar software.

Reference Books:

1. A.R. Leach, Molecular Modelling Principles and Application, Longman, 2001.

2. J.M. Haile, Molecular Dynamics Simulation Elementary Methods, John Wiley and Sons, 1997.

3. Gupta, S.P. QSAR and Molecular Modeling, Springer - Anamaya Publishers, 2008.

Course code: CH 313
Course title: Inorganic Chemistry-IV
Pre-requisite(s): Intermediate level chemistry
Co- requisite(s):
Credits: 4 L: 3 T: 1 P: 0
Class schedule per week: 04
Class: I. M. Sc.
Semester / Level: I. M. Sc. VI
Branch: Chemistry
Name of Teacher:

Course Objectives

This course enables the students:

A.	To learn the basic principles of qualitative inorganic analysis
B.	To learn the basic organometallic chemistry
C.	To study the basics of inorganic reaction mechanism

Course Outcomes

After the completion of this course, students will be:

1.	Able to find the experimental techniques for qualitative inorganic analysis
2.	Able to explain the basic organometallic chemistry
3.	To predict the mechanism of some basic inorganic reactions

Syllabus

Module I: Theoretical Principles in Qualitative Analysis (H₂S Scheme) (9 Lectures)

Basic principles involved in analysis of cations and anions and solubility products, common ion effect. Principles involved in separation of cations into groups and choice of group reagents. Interfering anions (fluoride, borate, oxalate and phosphate) and need to remove them after Group II.

Module II: Organometallic Compounds I (9 Lectures)

Definition and classification of organometallic compounds on the basis of bond type. Concept of hapticity of organic ligands. Metal carbonyls: 18 electron rule, electron count of mononuclear, polynuclear and substituted metal carbonyls of 3d series. General methods of preparation (direct combination, reductive carbonylation, thermal and photochemical decomposition) of mono and binuclear carbonyls of 3d series. Structures of mononuclear and binuclear carbonyls of Cr, Mn, Fe, Co and Ni using VBT. π -acceptor behaviour of CO (MO diagram of CO to be discussed), synergic effect and use of IR data to explain extent of back bonding.

Module III: Organometallic Compounds II (9 Lectures)

Zeise's salt: Preparation and structure, evidences of synergic effect and comparison of synergic effect with that in carbonyls. Metal Alkyls: Important structural features of methyl lithium (tetramer) and trialkyl aluminium (dimer), concept of multicentre bonding in these compounds. Role of triethylaluminium in polymerisation of ethene (Ziegler-Natta Catalyst). Species present in ether solution of Grignard reagent and their structures, Schlenk equilibrium. Ferrocene: Preparation and reactions (acetylation, alkylation, metallation, Mannich Condensation). Structure and aromaticity. Comparison of aromaticity and reactivity with that of benzene.

Module IV: Reaction Kinetics and Mechanism (9 Lectures)

Introduction to inorganic reaction mechanisms. Substitution reactions in square planar complexes, Trans-effect, theories of trans effect, Mechanism of nucleophilic substitution in square planar complexes, Thermodynamic and Kinetic stability, Kinetics of octahedral substitution, Ligand field effects and reaction rates, Mechanism of substitution in octahedral complexes.

Module V: Catalysis by Organometallic Compounds (9 Lectures)

Study of the following industrial processes and their mechanism:

1. Alkene hydrogenation (Wilkinson's Catalyst)
2. Hydroformylation (Co salts)
3. Wacker Process
4. Synthetic gasoline (Fischer Tropsch reaction)
5. Synthesis gas by metal carbonyl complexes

Text books:

1. Svehla, G. Vogel's Qualitative Inorganic Analysis, 7th Edition, Prentice Hall, 1996.
2. Cotton, F. A. G.; Wilkinson & Gaus, P.L. Basic Inorganic Chemistry 3rd Ed.; Wiley India,
3. Huheey, J. E.; Keiter, E. A. & Keiter, R.L. Inorganic Chemistry, Principles of Structure and Reactivity 4th Ed., Harper Collins 1993, Pearson, 2006.
4. Sharpe, A.G. Inorganic Chemistry, 4th Indian Reprint (Pearson Education) 2005
5. Douglas, B. E.; McDaniel, D.H. & Alexander, J.J. Concepts and Models in Inorganic Chemistry 3rd Ed., John Wiley and Sons, NY, 1994.
6. Greenwood, N.N. & Earnshaw, A. Chemistry of the Elements, Elsevier 2nd Ed, 1997 (Ziegler Natta Catalyst and Equilibria in Grignard Solution).
7. Lee, J.D. Concise Inorganic Chemistry 5th Ed., John Wiley and sons 2008.
8. Powell, P. Principles of Organometallic Chemistry, Chapman and Hall, 1988.
9. Shriver, D.D. & P. Atkins, Inorganic Chemistry 2nd Ed., Oxford University Press, 1994.
10. Basolo, F. & Pearson, R. Mechanisms of Inorganic Reactions: Study of Metal Complexes in Solution 2nd Ed., John Wiley & Sons Inc; NY.

Reference books:

1. Purcell, K.F. & Kotz, J.C., Inorganic Chemistry, W.B. Saunders Co. 1977
2. Miessler, G. L. & Tarr, D.A. Inorganic Chemistry 4th Ed., Pearson, 2010.
3. Collman, J. P. et al. Principles and Applications of Organotransition Metal Chemistry. Mill Valley, CA: University Science Books, 1987.
4. Crabtree, R. H. The Organometallic Chemistry of the Transition Metals. New York, NY: John Wiley, 2000.
5. Spessard, G. O. & Miessler, G.L. Organometallic Chemistry. Upper Saddle River, NJ: Prentice-Hall, 1996.

Course Delivery methods
Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
Tutorials/Assignments
Seminars
Mini projects/Projects
Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets
Simulation

Course Outcome (CO) Attainment Assessment tools & Evaluation procedure

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
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Mid Sem	25
Assignment	5
Two Quizzes	20
End Sem Examination Marks	50

Assessment Components	CO1	CO2	CO3
Mid Sem	√	√	
Quiz –I	√		
Quiz II			√
End Sem Examination Marks	√	√	√

Indirect Assessment –

- 1. Student Feedback on Faculty**
- 2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome**

Mapping between Objectives and Outcomes

Course Outcome #	Program Outcomes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4
CO1	M	H	L	L
CO2	H	M	M	L
CO3	H	H	H	M

Mapping Between COs and Course Delivery (CD) methods

CD	Course Delivery methods	Course Outcome	Course Delivery Method
CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors	CO1, 2, 3,	CD1
CD2	Tutorials/Assignments	CO1, 2, 3,	CD1,CD2
CD3	Seminars	CO 2, 3	CD3
CD4	Mini projects/Projects	CO3,	CD4
CD5	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids	CO 1, 2, 3	CD5
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets	CO1, 2, 3,	CD6
CD7	Simulation	CO2	CD7

Lecture wise Lesson planning Details.

Week No.	Lect. No.	Ch. No.	Topics to be covered	Text Book / References	COs mapped	Methodology used
1-4	L1-L09	1	Theoretical Principles in Qualitative Analysis	T1, T2 T3,R1	1,2	PPT Digi Class/Chalk-Board
5-6	L10-L18	2	Organometallic Compounds I	T1,T3 R1,R2	1,2	-do-
7-9	L19-L27	3	Organometallic Compounds II	T1,T2,R3	3,4	-do-
9-13	L28-L36	4	Reaction Kinetics and Mechanism	T9, T10	4	-do-
14-16	L37-L45	5	Catalysis by Organometallic Compounds	T10, R5	5	-do-

Course code: CH 314
Course title: Organic Chemistry-V
Pre-requisite(s): Intermediate level chemistry
Co- requisite(s):
Credits: 4 L: 3 T: 1 P: 0
Class schedule per week: 04
Class: I. M. Sc.
Semester / Level: I. M. Sc. VI
Branch: Chemistry
Name of Teacher:

Course Objectives

This course enables the students:

A.	To understand about working principles of different characterization techniques used in the structure elucidation of the organic molecules
B.	To learn about the carbohydrates and their classification, synthesis and biological activities
C.	To know about the different dyes and their structures and application
D.	To know about various polymers and polymerization processes and their applications

Course Outcomes

After the completion of this course, students will be:

1.	To deduce the structure of the organic molecules from given spectroscopic data
2.	To understand the carbohydrates and their biological activities
3.	To understand the dyes and dyeing processes
4.	To calculate the molecular weights of the polymers
5.	To understand the nature and application of plastics and fibres

Syllabus

Module I: Organic Spectroscopy

(10 Lectures)

General principles Introduction to absorption and emission spectroscopy.

UV Spectroscopy: Types of electronic transitions, λ_{\max} , Chromophores and Auxochromes, Bathochromic and Hypsochromic shifts, Intensity of absorption; Application of Woodward Rules for calculation of λ_{\max} for the following systems: α,β unsaturated aldehydes, ketones, carboxylic acids and esters; Conjugated dienes: alicyclic, homoannular and heteroannular; Extended conjugated systems (aldehydes, ketones and dienes); distinction between *cis* and *trans* isomers.

IR Spectroscopy: Fundamental and non-fundamental molecular vibrations; IR absorption positions of O, N and S containing functional groups; Effect of H-bonding, conjugation, resonance and ring size on IR absorptions; Fingerprint region and its significance; application in functional group analysis.

NMR Spectroscopy: Basic principles of Proton Magnetic Resonance, chemical shift and factors influencing it; Spin – Spin coupling and coupling constant; Anisotropic effects in alkene, alkyne, aldehydes and aromatics, Interpretation of NMR spectra of simple compounds.

Applications of IR, UV and NMR for identification of simple organic molecules.

Module II: Carbohydrates

(8 Lectures)

Occurrence, classification and their biological importance.

Monosaccharides: Constitution and absolute configuration of glucose and fructose, epimers and anomers, mutarotation, determination of ring size of glucose and fructose, Haworth projections and conformational structures; Interconversions of aldoses and ketoses; Killiani-Fischer synthesis and Ruff degradation;

Disaccharides – Structure elucidation of maltose, lactose and sucrose.

Polysaccharides – Elementary treatment of starch, cellulose and glycogen.

Module III: Dyes

(7 Lectures)

Classification, Colour and constitution; Mordant and Vat Dyes; Chemistry of dyeing; Synthesis and applications of: Azo dyes – Methyl Orange and Congo Red (mechanism of Diazo Coupling); Triphenyl Methane Dyes -Malachite Green, Rosaniline and Crystal Violet; Phthalein Dyes – Phenolphthalein and Fluorescein; Natural dyes –structure elucidation and synthesis of Alizarin and Indigotin; Edible Dyes with examples.

Module IV: Polymers I

(11 Lectures)

Introduction and classification including di-block, tri-block and amphiphilic polymers; Number average molecular weight, Weight average molecular weight, Degree of polymerization, Polydispersity Index.

Polymerisation reactions- Addition and condensation- Mechanism of cationic, anionic and free radical addition polymerization; Metallocene-based Ziegler-Natta polymerisation of alkenes; Preparation and applications of plastics – thermosetting (phenol-formaldehyde, Polyurethanes) and thermosoftening (PVC, polythene);

Module V: Polymers II

(9 Lectures)

Fabrics – natural and synthetic (acrylic, polyamido, polyester); Rubbers– natural and synthetic: Buna-S, Chloroprene and Neoprene; Vulcanization; Polymer additives; Introduction to liquid crystal polymers; Biodegradable and conducting polymers with examples.

Text books:

1. Kalsi, P. S. Textbook of Organic Chemistry 1st Ed., New Age International (P) Ltd. Pub.
2. Morrison, R. T. & Boyd, R. N. Organic Chemistry, Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).
3. Gowariker, V. R.; Viswanathan, N. V. & Sreedhar, J. Polymer Science, New Age International (P) Ltd. Pub.
4. Solomons, G. T.W. Organic Chemistry, John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
5. Singh, J.; Ali, S.M. & Singh, J. Natural Product Chemistry, Prajati Prakashan (2010).
6. Kemp, W. Organic Spectroscopy, Palgrave.

Reference books:

1. Finar, I. L. Organic Chemistry (Volume 2: Stereochemistry and the Chemistry of Natural Products), Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).
2. Clayden, J.; Greeves, N.; Warren, S.; Wothers, P.; Organic Chemistry, Oxford University Press.
3. Billmeyer, F. W. Textbook of Polymer Science, John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
4. Pavia, D. L. et al. Introduction to Spectroscopy 5th Ed. Cengage Learning India Ed., 2015.
5. McMurry, J.E. Fundamentals of Organic Chemistry, 7th Ed. Cengage Learning India Edition, 2013.

Course Delivery methods
Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
Tutorials/Assignments
Seminars
Mini projects/Projects
Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets

Course Outcome (CO) Attainment Assessment tools & Evaluation procedure

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Teacher's Assessment	5
Mid Sem	25

Two Quizzes	10+10
End Sem Examination Marks	50

Assessment Components	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5
Mid Sem	√	√			
Quiz –I	√				
Quiz II			√	√	
End Sem Examination Marks	√	√	√	√	√

Indirect Assessment –

- 1. Student Feedback on Faculty**
- 2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome**

Mapping between Objectives and Outcomes

Course Outcome #	Program Outcomes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4
CO1	H	H	M	L
CO2	H	H	H	L
CO3	H	H	M	L
CO4	M	M	H	L
CO5	M	H	H	L

Mapping Between COs and Course Delivery (CD) methods

CD	Course Delivery methods	Course Outcome	Course Delivery Method
CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors	CO1, 2, 3, 4, 5	CD1
CD2	Tutorials/Assignments	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1,CD2
CD3	Seminars	CO 2, 3, 5	CD3
CD4	Mini projects/Projects	CO3, 4	CD4
CD5	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids	CO 1, 2, 3	CD5
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets	CO1, 2, 3, 4, 5	CD6
CD7	Simulation	CO2, 4, 5	CD7

Lecture wise Lesson planning Details.

Week No.	Lect. No.	Ch. No.	Topics to be covered	Text Book / References	COs mapped	Methodology used
1-5	L1-L09	11	Organic Spectroscopy	T6,T1, T2 R3,R1	1,2	PPT Digi Class/Chock-Board
5-7	L10-L18	13	Carbohydrates	T1,T2, R2,R1	2	-do-
7-9	L19-L27	3	dyes	T3,T1,T2,R3,R5	4	-do-
9-13	L28-L36	4	Polymer I	T3,T1,T2,R3	5	-do-
13-15	L37-L45	5	Polymer II	T3,T1,R2,R3	6	-do-

Course code: CH 315
Course title: Applications of Computers in Chemistry
Pre-requisite(s): Intermediate level chemistry
Co- requisite(s):
Credits: 4 L: 4 T: 0 P: 0
Class schedule per week: 04
Class: I. M. Sc.
Semester / Level: I. M. Sc. VI
Branch: Chemistry
Name of Teacher:

Syllabus

Module I: Basics: (9 Lectures)

Constants, variables, bits, bytes, binary and ASCII formats, arithmetic expressions, hierarchy of operations, inbuilt functions.

Module II: Elements of the BASIC language: (9 Lectures)

BASIC keywords and commands. Logical and relative operators. Strings and graphics. Compiled versus interpreted languages. Debugging. Simple programs using these concepts. Matrix addition and multiplication. Statistical analysis.

Module III: Numerical methods: (9 Lectures)

Roots of equations: Numerical methods for roots of equations: Quadratic formula, iterative method, Newton-Raphson method, Binary bisection and Regula-Falsi.

Differential calculus: Numerical differentiation.

Module IV: Integral calculus: (9 Lectures)

Numerical integration (Trapezoidal and Simpson's rule), probability distributions and mean values.

Simultaneous equations: Matrix manipulation: addition, multiplication. Gauss-Siedal method.

Interpolation, extrapolation and curve fitting: Handling of experimental data.

Module V: Conceptual background of molecular modelling: (9 Lectures)

Potential energy surfaces. Elementary ideas of molecular mechanics and practical MO methods.

Reference Books:

1. Harris, D. C. Quantitative Chemical Analysis. 6th Ed., Freeman (2007) Chapters 3-5.
2. Levie, R. de, How to use Excel in analytical chemistry and in general scientific data analysis, Cambridge Univ. Press (2001) 487 pages.
3. Noggle, J. H. Physical chemistry on a Microcomputer. Little Brown & Co. (1985).
4. Venit, S.M. Programming in BASIC: Problem solving with structure and style. Jaico Publishing House: Delhi (1996).

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Teacher's Assessment	5
Mid Sem	25
Two Quizzes	10+10
End Sem Examination Marks	50

Course code: CH 316
Course title: Novel Inorganic Solids
Pre-requisite(s): Intermediate level chemistry
Co- requisite(s):
Credits: 4 L: 3 T: 1 P: 0
Class schedule per week: 04
Class: I. M. Sc.
Semester / Level: I. M. Sc. VI
Branch: Chemistry
Name of Teacher:

Course Objectives

This course enables the students:

A.	To understand synthesis and modification of inorganic solids
B.	To know Inorganic solids of technological importance
C.	To know about nano materials
D.	To know about engineering and composite materials

Course Outcomes

After the completion of this course, students will be:

1.	To carry out synthesis and modification of inorganic solids
2.	To characterise and analyse Inorganic solids of technological importance
3.	To understand nano materials
4.	To characterise engineering and composite materials

Syllabus

Module I: Synthesis and modification of inorganic solids:

(9 Lectures)

Conventional heat and beat methods, Co-precipitation method, Sol-gel methods, Hydrothermal method, Ion-exchange and Intercalation methods.

Module II: Inorganic solids of technological importance:

(9 Lectures)

Solid electrolytes – Cationic, anionic, mixed Inorganic pigments – coloured solids, white and black pigments.

Molecular material and fullerenes, molecular materials & chemistry – one-dimensional metals, molecular magnets, inorganic liquid crystals.

Module III: Nanomaterials:

(9 Lectures)

Overview of nanostructures and nanomaterials: classification.

Preparation of gold and silver metallic nanoparticles, self-assembled nanostructures-control of nanoarchitecture-one dimensional control. Carbon nanotubes and inorganic nanowires.

Bio-inorganic nanomaterials, DNA and nanomaterials, natural and artificial nanomaterials, bionano composites.

Module IV: Introduction to engineering materials for mechanical construction: (9 Lectures)

Composition, mechanical and fabricating characteristics and applications of various types of cast irons, plain carbon and alloy steels, copper, aluminum and their alloys like duralumin, brasses and bronzes cutting tool materials, super alloys thermoplastics, thermosets and composite materials.

Module V: Composite materials & Speciality polymers:

(9 Lectures)

Introduction, limitations of conventional engineering materials, role of matrix in composites, classification, matrix materials, reinforcements, metal-matrix composites, polymer-matrix composites, fibre-reinforced

composites, environmental effects on composites, applications of composites.

Conducting polymers - Introduction, conduction mechanism, polyacetylene, polyparaphenylene and polypyrrole, applications of conducting polymers, Ion-exchange resins and their applications. Ceramic & Refractory: Introduction, classification, properties, raw materials, manufacturing and applications.

Reference Books:

1. Shriver & Atkins. Inorganic Chemistry, Peter Atkins, Tina Overton, Jonathan Rourke, Mark Weller and Fraser Armstrong, 5th Edition, Oxford University Press (2011-2012)
2. Adam, D.M. Inorganic Solids: An introduction to concepts in solid-state structural chemistry. John Wiley & Sons, 1974.
3. Poole, C.P. & Owens, F.J. Introduction to Nanotechnology John Wiley & Sons, 2003.
4. Rodger, G.E. Inorganic and Solid State Chemistry, Cengage Learning India Edition, 2002.

Course Delivery methods
Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
Tutorials/Assignments
Seminars
Mini projects/Projects
Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets
Simulation

Course Outcome (CO) Attainment Assessment tools & Evaluation procedure

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Mid Sem	25
Assignment	05
Two Quiz	20
End Sem Examination Marks	50

Assessment Components	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4
Mid Sem	√	√		
Assignment	√	√	√	
Quiz -1	√			
Quiz II			√	
End Sem Examination Marks	√	√	√	√

Indirect Assessment –**1. Student Feedback on Faculty****2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome****Mapping between Objectives and Outcomes**

Course Outcome #	Program Outcomes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4
CO1	H	H	L	L
CO2	H	H	M	L
CO3	H	H	H	M
CO4	H	H	L	M

Mapping Between COs and Course Delivery (CD) methods

CD	Course Delivery methods	Course Outcome	Course Delivery Method
CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1
CD2	Tutorials/Assignments	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1,CD2
CD3	Seminars	CO 2, 3	CD3
CD4	Mini projects/Projects	CO3, 4	CD4
CD5	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids	CO 1, 2, 3	CD5
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD6
CD7	Simulation	CO2, 4	CD7

Lecture wise Lesson planning Details.

Week No.	Lect. No.	Ch. No.	Topics to be covered	Text Book / References	COs mapped	Methodology used
1-3	L1-L09	1	Synthesis and modification of inorganic solids	T1, T2, R1,R2	1	PPT Digi Class/Chock -Board
4-6	L10-L18	2	Inorganic solids of technological importance	T1, R1,R2	2	-do-
7-10	L19-L27	3	Nanomaterials	T1, R1,R2	3	-do-

11-13	L28-L36	4	Introduction to engineering materials for mechanical construction	T1, T2, R2	4	-do-
14-15	L37-L45	5	Composite materials & Speciality polymers	T1, T2, R1	4	-do-

Course code: CH 317
Course title: Polymer Chemistry
Pre-requisite(s): Intermediate level chemistry
Co- requisite(s):
Credits: 4 L: 3 T: 1 P: 0
Class schedule per week: 04
Class: I. M. Sc.
Semester / Level: I. M. Sc. VI
Branch: Chemistry
Name of Teacher:

Course Objectives

This course enables the students:

A.	To know about the type of polymers and their functionalities
B.	To learn the polymerization techniques
C.	To know the theory of polymer solution
D.	To know about the properties of polymers

Course Outcomes

After the completion of this course, students will be:

1.	Able to classify polymers based on its structure and functionality
2.	Able to explain the mechanism of polymer synthesis
3.	Able to explain the thermodynamic properties of polymer solution
4.	Able to explain thermal, electrical and mechanical properties polymer

Syllabus

Module I: Polymeric materials, its functionality and importance: (9 Lectures)

Different schemes of classification of polymers, Polymer nomenclature, Molecular forces and chemical bonding in polymers, Texture of Polymers.

Criteria for synthetic polymer formation, classification of polymerization processes, Relationships between functionality, extent of reaction and degree of polymerization. Bifunctional systems, Poly-functional systems.

Module II: Kinetics of Polymerization: (9 lectures)

Mechanism and kinetics of step growth, radical chain growth, ionic chain (both cationic and anionic) and coordination polymerizations, Mechanism and kinetics of copolymerization, polymerization techniques.

Module III: Nature and structural properties of polymers: (9 Lectures)

Determination of crystalline melting point and degree of crystallinity, Morphology of crystalline polymers, Factors affecting crystalline melting point. Structure Property relationships.

(M_n , M_w , etc) by end group analysis, viscometry, light scattering and osmotic pressure methods. Molecular weight distribution and its significance. Polydispersity index.

Glass transition temperature (T_g) and determination of T_g , Free volume theory, WLF equation, Factors affecting glass transition temperature (T_g).

Module IV: Polymer Solution (8 Lectures)

Criteria for polymer solubility, Solubility parameter, Thermodynamics of polymer solutions, entropy, enthalpy, and free energy change of mixing of polymers solutions, Flory- Huggins theory, Lower and Upper critical solution temperatures.

Module V: Properties of Polymers (Physical, thermal, Flow & Mechanical Properties)

(10 Lectures)

Brief introduction to preparation, structure, properties and application of the following polymers: polyolefins, polystyrene and styrene copolymers, poly(vinyl chloride) and related polymers, poly(vinyl acetate) and related polymers, acrylic polymers, fluoro polymers, polyamides and related polymers. Phenol formaldehyde resins (Bakelite, Novalac), polyurethanes, silicone polymers, polydienes, Polycarbonates, Conducting Polymers, [polyacetylene, polyaniline, poly(p-phenylene sulphide polypyrrole, polythiophene)].

Reference Books:

1. R. B. Seymour & C.E. Carraher: Polymer Chemistry: An Introduction, Marcel Dekker, Inc. New York, 1981.
2. G. Odian: Principles of Polymerization, 4th Ed. Wiley, 2004.
3. F.W. Billmeyer: Textbook of Polymer Science, 2nd Ed. Wiley Interscience, 1971.
4. P. Ghosh: Polymer Science & Technology, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 1991.
5. R.W. Lenz: Organic Chemistry of Synthetic High Polymers. Interscience Publishers, New York, 1967.

Course Delivery methods
Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
Tutorials/Assignments
Seminars
Mini projects/Projects
Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets
Simulation

Course Outcome (CO) Attainment Assessment tools & Evaluation procedure

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Mid Sem	25
Assignment	05
Two Quiz	20
End Sem Examination Marks	50

Assessment Components	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4
Mid Sem	√	√		
Assignment	√	√	√	
Quiz -1	√			
Quiz II			√	
End Sem Examination Marks	√	√	√	√

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty

2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Mapping between Objectives and Outcomes

Course Outcome #	Program Outcomes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4
CO1	H	H	L	L
CO2	H	H	M	L
CO3	H	H	H	M
CO4	H	H	L	M

Mapping Between COs and Course Delivery (CD) methods

CD	Course Delivery methods	Course Outcome	Course Delivery Method
CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1
CD2	Tutorials/Assignments	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1,CD2
CD3	Seminars	CO 2, 3	CD3
CD4	Mini projects/Projects	CO3, 4	CD4
CD5	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids	CO 1, 2, 3	CD5
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD6
CD7	Simulation	CO2, 4	CD7

Lecture wise Lesson planning Details.

Week No.	Lect. No.	Ch. No.	Topics to be covered	Text Book / References	COs mapped	Methodology used
1-3	L1-L09	1	Polymeric materials, its functionality and importance	T1, T2, R1,R2	1	PPT Digi Class/Chock -Board
4-5	L10-L18	2	Kinetics of Polymerization	T1, R1,R2	2	-do-
6-11	L19-L27	3	Nature and structural properties of polymers	T1, R1,R2	1	-do-
11-13	L28-L36	4	Polymer Solution	T1, T2, R2	3	-do-

13-15	L37- L45	5	Properties of Polymers (Physical, thermal, Flow & Mechanical Properties)	T1, T2, R1	4	-do-
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Course code: CH 318
Course title: Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis
Pre-requisite(s): Intermediate level chemistry
Co- requisite(s):
Credits: 4 L: 3 T: 1 P: 0
Class schedule per week: 04
Class: I. M. Sc.
Semester / Level: I. M. Sc. VI
Branch: Chemistry
Name of Teacher:

Course Objectives

This course enables the students:

A.	To know about different type of spectroscopic method of analysis
B.	To learn about sample separation techniques
C.	To know the techniques of elemental analysis
D.	To know the principle of NMR, X-ray and electron spectroscopic analysis and theory of potentiometry & voltammetry

Course Outcomes

After the completion of this course, students will be:

1.	Able to analysis the property of sample applying UV-Vis, IR spectroscopic data
2.	Able to identify samples from their mass spectra and chromatographic analysis
3.	Able to explain the origin of atomic spectrum of elements
4.	Able to use the electroanalytical and X-ray data for structure elucidation

Syllabus

Module I: Introduction to spectroscopic methods of analysis: (9 Lectures)

Recap of the spectroscopic methods covered in detail in the core chemistry syllabus: Treatment of analytical data, including error analysis. Classification of analytical methods and the types of instrumental methods. Consideration of electromagnetic radiation.

Infrared spectroscopy:

Interactions with molecules: absorption and scattering. Means of excitation (light sources), separation of spectrum (wavelength dispersion, time resolution), detection of the signal (heat, differential detection), interpretation of spectrum (qualitative, mixtures, resolution), advantages of Fourier Transform (FTIR). Samples and results expected. Applications: Issues of quality assurance and quality control, Special problems for portable instrumentation and rapid detection.

UV-Visible/ Near IR – emission, absorption, fluorescence and photoacoustic. Excitation sources (lasers, time resolution), wavelength dispersion (gratings, prisms, interference filters, laser, placement of sample relative to dispersion, resolution), Detection of signal (photocells, photomultipliers, diode arrays, sensitivity and S/N), Single and Double Beam instruments, Interpretation (quantification, mixtures, absorption vs. fluorescence and the use of time, photoacoustic, fluorescent tags).

Module II: Separation techniques (9 Lectures)

Chromatography: Gas chromatography, liquid chromatography, supercritical fluids, Importance of column technology (packing, capillaries), Separation based on increasing number of factors (volatility, solubility, interactions with stationary phase, size, electrical field), Detection: simple vs. specific (gas and liquid), Detection as a means of further analysis (use of tags and coupling to IR and MS), Electrophoresis (plates and capillary) and use with DNA analysis.

Immunoassays and DNA techniques

Mass spectroscopy: Making the gaseous molecule into an ion (electron impact, chemical ionization), Making liquids and solids into ions (electrospray, electrical discharge, laser desorption, fast atom bombardment), Separation of ions on basis of mass to charge ratio, Magnetic, Time of flight, Electric quadrupole. Resolution, time and multiple separations, Detection and interpretation (how this is linked to excitation).

Module III: Elemental analysis

(9 Lectures)

Mass spectrometry (electrical discharges).

Atomic spectroscopy: Atomic absorption, Atomic emission, and Atomic fluorescence.

Excitation and getting sample into gas phase (flames, electrical discharges, plasmas), Wavelength separation and resolution (dependence on technique), Detection of radiation (simultaneous/scanning, signal noise), Interpretation (errors due to molecular and ionic species, matrix effects, other interferences).

Module IV: NMR spectroscopy:

(9 Lectures)

Principle, Instrumentation, Factors affecting chemical shift, Spin-coupling, Applications.

Module V: Other Methods of Analysis:

(9 Lectures)

Electroanalytical Methods: Potentiometry & Voltammetry

Radiochemical Methods, X-ray analysis and electron spectroscopy (surface analysis)

Reference books:

1. D. A. Skoog, F. J. Holler & S. Crouch (ISBN0-495-01201-7) Principles of Instrumental Analysis, Cengage Learning India Edition, 2007.
2. Willard, Merritt, Dean, Settle, Instrumental Methods of Analysis, 7th ed, IBH Book House, New Delhi.
3. Atkins, P. W & Paula, J. D. Physical Chemistry, 10th Ed., Oxford University Press (2014).
4. Kakkar, R. Atomic and Molecular Spectroscopy: Concepts and Applications. Cambridge University Press, 2015.
5. Castellan, G. W. Physical Chemistry 4th Ed., Narosa (2004).
6. Banwell, C. N. & McCash, E. M. Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy 4th Ed. Tata McGraw-Hill: New Delhi (2006).
7. Smith, B. C. Infrared Spectral Interpretations: A Systematic Approach. CRC Press, 1998.
8. Moore, W.J., Physical Chemistry Orient Blackswan, 1999.

Course Delivery methods
Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
Tutorials/Assignments
Seminars
Mini projects/Projects
Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets
Simulation

Course Outcome (CO) Attainment Assessment tools & Evaluation procedure

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Mid Sem	25
Assignment	05
Two Quiz	20
End Sem Examination Marks	50

Assessment Components	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4
Mid Sem	√	√		
Assignment	√	√	√	
Quiz -1	√			
Quiz II			√	
End Sem Examination Marks	√	√	√	√

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty
2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Mapping between Objectives and Outcomes

Course Outcome #	Program Outcomes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4
CO1	H	H	L	L
CO2	H	H	M	L
CO3	H	H	H	M
CO4	H	H	L	M

Mapping Between COs and Course Delivery (CD) methods

CD	Course Delivery methods	Course Outcome	Course Delivery Method
CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1
CD2	Tutorials/Assignments	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1,CD2
CD3	Seminars	CO 2, 3	CD3
CD4	Mini projects/Projects	CO3, 4	CD4
CD5	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids	CO 1, 2, 3	CD5
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD6
CD7	Simulation	CO2, 4	CD7

Lecture wise Lesson planning Details.

Week No.	Lect. No.	Ch. No.	Topics to be covered	Text Book / References	COs mapped	Methodology used
1-5	L1-L09	1	Introduction to spectroscopic methods of analysis	T1, T2, R1,R2	1	PPT Digi Class/Chock -Board
5-9	L10-L18	2	Separation techniques	T1, R1,R2	2	-do-
10-11	L19-L27	3	Elemental analysis	T1, R1,R2	3	-do-
11-12	L28-L36	4	NMR spectroscopy	T1, T2, R2	4	-do-
13-15	L37-L45	5	Other methods of sampleanalysis	T1, T2, R1	4	-do-

Course code: CH 319

Course title: Inorganic Chemistry-IV Lab

Pre-requisite(s): Intermediate level chemistry

Co- requisite(s):

Credits: 1.5 L: 0 T: 0 P: 3

Class schedule per week: 03

Class: I. M. Sc.

Semester / Level: I. M. Sc. VI

Branch: Chemistry

Name of Teacher:

Syllabus

Qualitative semimicro analysis of mixtures containing 3 anions and 3 cations. Emphasis should be given to the understanding of the chemistry of different reactions. The following radicals are suggested:

CO_3^{2-} , NO_2^- , S^{2-} , SO_3^{2-} , $\text{S}_2\text{O}_3^{2-}$, CH_3COO^- , F^- , Cl^- , Br^- , I^- , NO_3^- , BO_3^{3-} , $\text{C}_2\text{O}_4^{2-}$, PO_4^{3-} , NH_4^+ , K^+ , Pb^{2+} , Cu^{2+} , Cd^{2+} , Bi^{3+} , Sn^{2+} , Sb^{3+} , Fe^{3+} , Al^{3+} , Cr^{3+} , Zn^{2+} , Mn^{2+} , Co^{2+} , Ni^{2+} , Ba^{2+} , Sr^{2+} , Ca^{2+} , Mg^{2+}

Mixtures should preferably contain one interfering anion, or insoluble component (BaSO_4 , SrSO_4 , PbSO_4 , CaF_2 or Al_2O_3) or combination of anions e.g. CO_3^{2-} and SO_3^{2-} , NO_2^- and NO_3^- , Cl^- and Br^- , Cl^- and I^- , Br^- and I^- , NO_3^- and Br^- , NO_3^- and I^- .

Spot tests should be done whenever possible.

- Measurement of 10 Dq by spectrophotometric method
- Verification of spectrochemical series.
- Controlled synthesis of two copper oxalate hydrate complexes: kinetic vs thermodynamic factors.
- Preparation of acetylacetonato complexes of $\text{Cu}^{2+}/\text{Fe}^{3+}$. Find the λ_{max} of the complex.
- Synthesis of ammine complexes of Ni(II) and its ligand exchange reactions (e.g. bidentate ligands like acetylacetone, DMG, glycine) by substitution method.

Reference Books:

- Vogel's Qualitative Inorganic Analysis, Revised by G. Svehla. Pearson Education, 2002.
- Marr & Rockett Practical Inorganic Chemistry. John Wiley & Sons 1972.

Course code: CH 320
Course title: Organic Chemistry-V Lab
Pre-requisite(s): Intermediate level Chemistry
Co- requisite(s):
Credits: 1.5 L: 0 T: 0 P:3
Class schedule per week: 03
Class: I. M. Sc.
Semester / Level: I. M. Sc. VI
Branch: Chemistry
Name of Teacher:

Syllabus

1. Extraction of caffeine from tea leaves.
2. Preparation of sodium polyacrylate.
3. Preparation of urea formaldehyde.
4. Analysis of Carbohydrate: aldoses and ketoses, reducing and non-reducing sugars.
5. Qualitative analysis of unknown organic compounds containing monofunctional groups (carbohydrates, aryl halides, aromatic hydrocarbons, nitro compounds, amines and amides) and simple bifunctional groups, for e.g. salicylic acid, cinnamic acid, nitrophenols, etc.
6. Identification of simple organic compounds by IR spectroscopy and NMR spectroscopy (Spectra to be provided).
7. Preparation of methyl orange.

Reference Books:

1. Vogel, A. I. Quantitative Organic Analysis, Part 3, Pearson (2012).
2. Mann, F. G. & Saunders, B. C. Practical Organic Chemistry, Pearson Education (2009)
3. Furniss, B. S.; Hannaford, A.J.; Smith, P.W.G.; Tatchell, A.R. Practical Organic Chemistry, 5th Ed., Pearson (2012)
4. Ahluwalia, V. K. & Aggarwal, R. Comprehensive Practical Organic Chemistry: Preparation and Quantitative Analysis, University Press (2000).
5. Ahluwalia, V. K. & Dhingra, S. Comprehensive Practical Organic Chemistry: Qualitative Analysis, University Press (2000).

Course code: CH 321

Course title: Lab: Applications of Computers in Chemistry

Pre-requisite(s): Intermediate level chemistry

Co- requisite(s):

Credits: 1.5 L: 0 T: 0 P: 3

Class schedule per week: 03

Class: I. M. Sc.

Semester / Level: I. M. Sc. VI

Branch: Chemistry

Name of Teacher:

Syllabus

Computer programs based on numerical methods for

1. Roots of equations: (e.g. volume of van der Waals gas and comparison with ideal gas, pH of a weak acid).
2. Numerical differentiation (e.g., change in pressure for small change in volume of a van der Waals gas, potentiometric titrations).
3. Numerical integration (e.g. entropy/enthalpy change from heat capacity data), probability distributions (gas kinetic theory) and mean values.
4. Matrix operations. Application of Gauss-Siedel method in colourimetry.
5. Simple exercises using molecular visualization software.

Reference Books:

1. McQuarrie, D. A. Mathematics for Physical Chemistry University Science Books (2008).
2. Mortimer, R. Mathematics for Physical Chemistry. 3rd Ed. Elsevier (2005).
3. Steiner, E. The Chemical Maths Book Oxford University Press (1996).
4. Yates, P. Chemical Calculations. 2nd Ed. CRC Press (2007).
5. Harris, D. C. Quantitative Chemical Analysis. Chapters 3-5, 6th Ed., Freeman (2007).
6. Levie, R. de, How to use Excel in analytical chemistry and in general scientific data analysis, 487 pages, Cambridge Univ. Press (2001).
7. Noggle, J. H. Physical Chemistry on a Microcomputer. Little Brown & Co. (1985).
8. Venit, S.M. Programming in BASIC: Problem solving with structure and style. Jaico Publishing House: Delhi (1996).

Course code: CH 322

Course title: Lab: Novel Inorganic Solids

Pre-requisite(s): Intermediate level chemistry

Co- requisite(s):

Credits: 1.5 L: 0 T: 0 P: 3

Class schedule per week: 03

Class: I. M. Sc.

Semester / Level: I. M. Sc. VI

Branch: Chemistry

Name of Teacher:

Syllabus

1. Determination of cation exchange method
2. Determination of total difference of solids.
3. Synthesis of hydrogel by co-precipitation method.
4. Synthesis of silver and gold metal nanoparticles.

Reference Book:

1. Fahlman, B. D. Materials Chemistry, Springer, 2004.

Course code: CH 323
Course title: Lab: Polymer Chemistry
Pre-requisite(s): Intermediate level chemistry
Co- requisite(s):
Credits: 1.5 L: 0 T: 0 P: 3
Class schedule per week: 03
Class: I. M. Sc.
Semester / Level: I. M. Sc. VI
Branch: Chemistry
Name of Teacher:

Syllabus

1. Polymer synthesis

1. Free radical solution polymerization of styrene (St)/Methyl Methacrylate (MMA)/Methyl Acrylate (MA)/Acrylic acid (AA).
 - a. Purification of monomer
 - b. Polymerization using benzoyl peroxide (BPO)/2,2'-azo-bis-isobutyronitrile (AIBN)
2. Preparation of nylon 66/6
 1. Interfacial polymerization, preparation of polyester from isophthaloyl chloride (IPC) and phenolphthalein
 - a. Preparation of IPC
 - b. Purification of IPC
 - c. Interfacial polymerization
 3. Redox polymerization of acrylamide
 4. Precipitation polymerization of acrylonitrile
 5. Preparation of urea-formaldehyde resin
 6. Preparations of novalac resin/resold resin.
 7. Microscale Emulsion Polymerization of Poly(methylacrylate).

Polymer characterization

1. Determination of molecular weight by viscometry:
 - (a) Polyacrylamide-aq. NaNO₂ solution
 - (b) (Polyvinyl propylidene (PVP) in water
2. Determination of the viscosity-average molecular weight of poly(vinyl alcohol) (PVOH) and the fraction of "head-to-head" monomer linkages in the polymer.
3. Determination of molecular weight by end group analysis: Polyethylene glycol (PEG) (OH group).
4. Testing of mechanical properties of polymers.
5. Determination of hydroxyl number of a polymer using colorimetric method.

Polymer analysis

1. Estimation of the amount of HCHO in the given solution by sodium sulphite method
 2. Instrumental Techniques
 3. IR studies of polymers
 4. DSC analysis of polymers
 5. Preparation of polyacrylamide and its electrophoresis
- *at least 7 experiments to be carried out.

Reference Books:

1. M.P. Stevens, Polymer Chemistry: An Introduction, 3rd Ed., Oxford University Press, 1999.
2. H.R. Allcock, F.W. Lampe & J.E. Mark, Contemporary Polymer Chemistry, 3rd ed. Prentice-Hall (2003)
3. F.W. Billmeyer, Textbook of Polymer Science, 3rd ed. Wiley-Interscience (1984)
4. J.R. Fried, Polymer Science and Technology, 2nd ed. Prentice-Hall (2003)

5. P. Munk & T.M. Aminabhavi, Introduction to Macromolecular Science, 2nd ed. John Wiley & Sons (2002)
6. L. H. Sperling, Introduction to Physical Polymer Science, 4th ed. John Wiley & Sons (2005)
7. M.P. Stevens, Polymer Chemistry: An Introduction 3rd ed. Oxford University Press (2005).
8. Seymour/ Carraher's Polymer Chemistry, 9th ed. by Charles E. Carraher, Jr. (2013).

Course code: CH 324

Course title: Lab: Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis

Pre-requisite(s): Intermediate level chemistry

Co- requisite(s):

Credits: 1.5 L: 0 T: 0 P: 3

Class schedule per week: 03

Class: I. M. Sc.

Semester / Level: I. M. Sc. VI

Branch: Chemistry

Name of Teacher:

Syllabus

1. Safety Practices in the Chemistry Laboratory
2. Determination of the isoelectric pH of a protein.
3. Titration curve of an amino acid.
4. Determination of the void volume of a gel filtration column.
5. Determination of a Mixture of Cobalt and Nickel (UV/Vis spec.)
6. Study of Electronic Transitions in Organic Molecules (i.e., acetone in water)
7. IR Absorption Spectra (Study of Aldehydes and Ketones)
8. Determination of Calcium, Iron, and Copper in Food by Atomic Absorption
9. Quantitative Analysis of Mixtures by Gas Chromatography (i.e., chloroform and carbon tetrachloride)
10. Separation of Carbohydrates by HPLC
11. Determination of Caffeine in Beverages by HPLC
12. Potentiometric Titration of a Chloride-Iodide Mixture
13. Cyclic Voltammetry of the Ferrocyanide/ Ferricyanide Couple
14. Nuclear Magnetic Resonance
15. Use of fluorescence to do "presumptive tests" to identify blood or other body fluids.
16. Use of "presumptive tests" for anthrax or cocaine
17. Collection, preservation, and control of blood evidence being used for DNA testing
18. Use of capillary electrophoresis with laser fluorescence detection for nuclear DNA (Y chromosome only or multiple chromosome)
19. Use of sequencing for the analysis of mitochondrial DNA
20. Laboratory analysis to confirm anthrax or cocaine
21. Detection in the field and confirmation in the laboratory of flammable accelerants or explosives
22. Detection of illegal drugs or steroids in athletes
23. Detection of pollutants or illegal dumping
24. Fibre analysis

At least 10 experiments to be performed.

Reference Books:

1. Skoog, D.A. Holler F.J. & Nieman, T.A. Principles of Instrumental Analysis, Cengage Learning India Ed.
2. Willard, H.H., Merritt, L.L., Dean, J. & Settoe, F.A. Instrumental Methods of Analysis, 7th Ed. Wadsworth Publishing Company Ltd., Belmont, California, USA, 1988.

Integrated M. Sc. Chemistry (Sem VII to Sem X) or M.Sc. Chemistry (Sem I to Sem IV)

IMSc Sem-VII or M.Sc. Sem-I	THEORY							
	4	PC	CH401	Basic Inorganic Chemistry	3	1	0	4
			CH402	Chemical Kinetics & Surface Chemistry	3	0	0	3
			CH403	Reactions Mechanism in Organic Chemistry	3	0	0	3
			CH404	Organometallic Chemistry	3	0	0	3
			CH405	Principles of Organic Synthesis	3	1	0	4
		OE		OPEN ELECTIVE-I	3	0	0	3
	2	HSS	MT204	Constitution of India	2	0	0	0
	LABORATORIES							
	4	PC	CH406	Physical Chemistry-VI Lab	0	0	4	2
CH407			Organic Chemistry-VI Lab	0	0	4	2	
TOTAL								24
IMSc Sem-VIII or M.Sc. Sem-II	THEORY							
	4	PC	CH408	Advanced Inorganic Chemistry	3	0	0	3
			CH409	Quantum Chemistry & Group Theory	3	1	0	4
			CH410	Modern Organic Chemistry	3	0	0	3
			CH411	Equilibrium, Non-Equilibrium & Statistical Thermodynamics	3	0	0	3
			CH412	Analytical Chemistry	3	1	0	4
		OE		OPEN ELECTIVE-II	3	0	0	3
	LABORATORIES							
	4	PC	CH413	Inorganic Chemistry-V Lab	0	0	4	2
		PC	CH 414	Theoretical & Computational Chemistry Lab	0	0	4	2
TOTAL								24
GRAND TOTAL FOR IMSc FOURTH YEAR/ M.Sc. FIRST YEAR								48
IMSc Sem-IX or M.Sc. Sem-III	THEORY							
	5	PC	CH501	Spectroscopic Elucidation of Molecular Structure	3	1	0	4
		PE	CH502/503/504	PE-V(Inorganic/Physical/Organic) (Annexure-1)	3	1	0	4
		PE	CH 505/506 /507	PE-VI (Inorganic/Physical/Organic) (Annexure-1)	3	1	0	4
	LABORATORIES							
	5	PC	CH508	Advanced Characterization Lab	0	0	4	2
		PE	CH509/510/511	PE Lab (Inorganic/Physical/Organic)(Annexure-1)	0	0	4	2
		RP	CH500	Research Dissertation Part I	0	0	4	4
TOTAL								20
IMSc Sem-X or M.Sc. Sem-I	THEORY							
	5	PE	CH513/514/515	PE-VII (Inorganic/Physical/Organic)(Annexure-1)	3	1	0	4
		RP	CH550	Research Dissertation Part II	0	0	8	8
	TOTAL							
GRAND TOTAL FOR IMSc FIFTH YEAR /OR M.Sc. SECOND YEAR								32
GRAND TOTAL [IMSc Sem VII to Sem-X /or M.Sc Sem I to Sem IV]								80

Course code: CH 401

Course title: Inorganic Chemistry-V: Basic Inorganic Chemistry

Pre-requisite(s): B. Sc. (H) Chemistry

Co- requisite(s):

Credits: 4 L: 3 T: 1 P: 0

Class schedule per week: 04

Class: M. Sc. and I. M. Sc.

Semester / Level: M. Sc. I/ I. M. Sc. VII

Branch: Chemistry

Name of Teacher:

Course Objectives

This course enables the students:

A.	To know about the chemical bonding quantum mechanically
B.	To understand the reaction mechanism of coordination complexes
C.	To understand the principle of electronic spectroscopy
D.	To study the experimental spectrum

Course Outcomes

After the completion of this course, students will be:

1.	Able to explain the chemical bonding by quantum mechanics
2.	Able to explain the kinetics in coordination complexes
3.	Able to explain the principle of electronic absorption
4.	Able to interpret the experimental spectrum

Syllabus

Module I: Chemical Bonding: Valency Theories- Quantum Chemical Approach (9 Lectures)

Huckel approximation applied to H_2^+ and H_2 type systems, comparative study of the application of VB and MO methods to diatomic (homo and hetero) species; MO of polyatomic molecules; Walsh diagram, configuration interaction, orbital construction for H_n type systems, localized and delocalized M.O., σ , π , δ bonds, polyatomic molecules, electron deficient and hypervalent molecules.

Module II: Quantitative basis of Crystal Fields

(9 Lectures)

Crystal Field Theory, The octahedral Crystal Field potential, The effect of V_{oct} on the d wave-functions, the evaluation of Δ , The tetrahedral and cubic potentials. Energy level of transition metal ions, Effect of ligands fields on the energy levels of transition metal ions.

Module III: Reaction Mechanism of Transition Metal Complexes

(9 Lectures)

Energy profile of a reaction, reactivity of metal complexes, inert and labile complexes, kinetic application of valency bond and crystal field theory, kinetics of octahedral substitution, acid hydrolysis, factors affecting acid hydrolysis, base hydrolysis, substitution reaction in square complexes, trans effect, redox reactions, electron transfer reactions, mechanism of one electron transfer reaction, outer sphere type reactions, inner sphere type reactions.

Module IV: Introduction to electronic Spectra of transition metal complexes

(9 Lectures)

Important features of transition metal electronic spectra- band intensities, band energies, band width and sets; characteristic spectra of complexes of first row transition metal ions, Octahedral, tetrahedral and square planar complexes of first row transition metal ions; Effect of temperature on electronic bands, Spectrochemical & Nephelauxetic series.

Module V: Theoretical basis of Electronic Spectra of transition metal complexes

(9 Lectures)

Spectroscopic ground state, Orgel and Tanabe-Sugano diagrams for transition metal complexes, calculations of D_q , B and β parameters, Charge transfer spectra: Intraligand charge transfer spectra,

Metal to ligand charge transfer spectra, Ligand to metal charge transfer spectra Absorption spectra of *f*-block elements.

Text books:

1. G. Wulfsberg, Inorganic Chemistry, University Science Books, 2000.
2. C. J. Ballhausen & H. B. Gray, Molecular Orbital Theory, W.A. Benjamin, 1978.
3. F. Basolo & R. G. Pearson, Inorganic Reaction Mechanism, 2nd ed., John Wiley & Sons Inc., 1967.
4. A. B. P. Lever, Inorganic Electronic Spectroscopy, Elsevier, 1984.

Reference books:

1. B. N. Figgis and M. A. Hitchman, Ligand Field Theory and its Applications, Wiley–VCH, New York, 2000.
2. I. B. Bersuker, Electronic Structure and Properties of transition metal compounds, 2nd ed., Wiley, 2010.
3. C. J. Ballhausen, Introduction to Ligand Field Theory, McGraw-Hill Inc., 1962.
4. R. B. Jordan, Reaction Mechanisms of Inorganic and Organometallic Systems, 3rd ed., Oxford University Press, 2007.
5. D. N. Sathyanarayana, Electronic Absorption Spectroscopy, Universities Press, 2001.
6. E. A. B. Ebsworth, D. W. H. Rankin, S. Cardock, Structural Methods in Inorganic Chemistry; 2nd ed., Wiley-Blackwell, 1991.
7. A. K. Das, M. Das, Fundamental Concepts of Inorganic Chemistry; Volume-1-5; CBS Publishers, 2012.
8. R Sarkar, General and Inorganic Chemistry- Volume-I and Volume-II, 3rd revised ed., New Central Book Agency, 2011.

Course Delivery methods
Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
Tutorials/Assignments
Seminars
Mini projects/Projects
Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets
Simulation

Course Outcome (CO) Attainment Assessment tools & Evaluation procedure

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Assignment	10
Seminar before a committee	10
Three Quizzes	10+10+10
End Sem Examination Marks	50

Assessment Components	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4
Assignment	√	√		
Quiz –I	√			
Quiz II			√	
End Sem Examination Marks	√	√	√	√

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty

2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Mapping between Objectives and Outcomes

Course Outcome #	Program Outcomes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4
CO1	M	H	L	L
CO2	H	M	M	L
CO3	H	H	H	M
CO4	M	H	H	M

Mapping Between COs and Course Delivery (CD) methods

CD	Course Delivery methods	Course Outcome	Course Delivery Method
CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1
CD2	Tutorials/Assignments	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1,CD2
CD3	Seminars	CO 2, 3	CD3
CD4	Mini projects/Projects	CO3, 4	CD4
CD5	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids	CO 1, 2, 3	CD5
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD6
CD7	Simulation	CO2, 4	CD7

Lecture wise Lesson planning Details.

Week No.	Lect. No.	Ch. No.	Topics to be covered	Text Book / References	COs mapped	Methodology used
1-3	L1-L09	1	Chemical Bonding: Valency Theories-Quantum Chemical Approach	T1, T2, R1	1	PPT Digi Class/Chock-Board
4-6	L10-L18	2	Quantitative basis of Crystal Field Theory	T2, R2	2	-do-
7-9	L19-L27	3	Reaction mechanism of Transition metal complexes	T1, R1	3	-do-
10-12	L28-L36	4	Introduction to Electronic spectra	T1, R4	3	-do-
13-15	L37-L45	5	Theory-electronic spectra	T1, R3	4	-do-

Course code: CH 402

Course title: Physical Chemistry-VI: Chemical Kinetics & Surface Chemistry

Pre-requisite(s): B.Sc. (H) Chemistry

Co- requisite(s):

Credits: 3 L: 3 T: 0 P: 0

Class schedule per week: 03

Class: M. Sc. and I. M. Sc.

Semester / Level: M. Sc. I/ I. M. Sc. VII

Branch: Chemistry

Name of Teacher:

Course Objectives

This course enables the students:

A.	To apply the knowledge of chemical kinetics for very fast reactions, photophysical, photochemical and surface processes.
B.	To apply theories and concept of electrochemistry to study electrode kinetics.
C.	To develop concepts on photophysical and photochemical processes.

Course Outcomes

After the completion of this course, students will be:

1.	Able to solve problems on rate/rate constants/efficiency for complex reactions and electronically excited state dynamics.
2.	Able to understand the mechanism of chemical reactions for optimizing the experimental conditions and apply homogeneous and heterogeneous catalysis in chemical synthesis.
3.	Able to calculate electrochemical cell parameters, current and overpotential under given condition, amount of corrosion and its rate and plot potential vs current, surface coverage vs. potential, potential vs. pH, concentration profile vs. distance from the electrode.
4.	Able to explain the mechanism of fluorescence and phosphorescence.
5.	Able to understand the importance of adsorption process and its application.
6.	Able to develop the concept of colloidal material and their stability for many practical uses.

Syllabus

Module I: Chemical Reaction Dynamics

(10 lectures)

Introduction to reaction kinetics; Temperature dependence of reaction rate: Linear and non-linear Arrhenius equation, Interpretation of Arrhenius parameters; Theories of reaction rates: Collision theory and Activated complex theory (ACT) thermodynamic treatment of bimolecular gaseous reactions (Eyring equation). Theories of unimolecular gaseous reactions: Lindemann-Hinshelwood, RRK and RRKM theories. Kinetics of reactions in solution. Kinetics of fast reactions: Relaxation method, Flow methods, Pulse methods, flash photolysis. Molecular reaction dynamics, potential energy surfaces. Electron transfer reactions. Heterogeneous catalysis: Kinetics of surface reactions unimolecular and bimolecular. Autocatalysis and oscillatory reactions.

Module II: Electrochemistry

(10 lectures)

Debye-Hückel theory of ion-ion interaction and activity coefficient, Applicability and limitations of Debye-Hückel limiting law, its modification, Effect of ion-solvent interaction on activity coefficient. Debye-Hückel-Onsager theory of conductance of electrolyte solution: Its applicability and limitations. Thermodynamic treatment of electrified interfaces, Introduction to electrical double layer, Introduction to electrode kinetics: Butler-Volmer equation, polarography, cyclic voltammetry, corrosion, fuel cells.

Module III: Photochemistry

(10 lectures)

Consequences of light absorption; Kinetics of photochemical reactions: $\text{H}_2\text{-Br}_2$, $\text{H}_2\text{-Cl}_2$ & decomposition of HI. The Jablonski diagram. Potential energy diagram, Franck-Condon principle. Photophysical processes: fluorescence emission, triplet states and phosphorescence emission, delayed fluorescence. Measurement of

emission characteristics—fluorescence, phosphorescence, and chemiluminescence. Photophysical kinetics of unimolecular processes. Bimolecular collisions in gases and vapours and the mechanism of fluorescence quenching. Kinetics of collisional quenching: Stern-Volmer equation. Techniques for the study of transient species in photochemical reactions. Actinometry, Lasers in photochemical kinetics.

Module IV: Surface Chemistry:

(9 lectures)

Adsorption by solids-Types and applications. Adsorption of gases by solids. Adsorption isotherms: Freundlich and Langmuir adsorption isotherms, BET theory of multilayer adsorption, Types of adsorption isotherms. Adsorption from solution: Gibbs adsorption isotherm. Modern techniques for investigating surfaces.

Module V: Colloidal States:

(6 lectures)

Basics of colloidal states, electrical and electrokinetic properties, Micelles: Surface active agents, Classifications, micellization, hydrophobic interaction, CMC, factors affecting the CMC surfaces, counter ion binding, Thermodynamics of micellization-phase separation, solubilization, Micro-emulsion, Reverse micelles

Text books:

1. P. Atkins and J. Paula, Physical Chemistry, 10th ed., Oxford University Press, Oxford, 2014.
2. K. J. Laidler, Chemical Kinetics, 3rd ed., Harper & Row, New York, 1998.
3. J. O'M. Bockris and A. K. N. Reddy, Modern Electrochemistry, Vol. 2, 2nd ed., Plenum Press, New York, 1998.
4. K. K. Rohatgi-Mukherjee, Fundamentals of Photochemistry, New Age International Pvt. Ltd.; 3rd ed., New Delhi, 2014.
5. A. W. Adamson and A. P. Gast, Physical Chemistry of Surfaces, 5th ed., Wiley, 1997.

Reference books:

1. M. R. Wright, An introduction to chemical kinetics, 1st ed., Wiley, 2005.
2. I. N. Levine, Physical Chemistry, 5th ed., 2002.
3. M. J. Pilling and A. P. W. Seakins, Reaction Kinetics, Oxford Science Publication, New York, 1998.
4. J. G. Calvert and J. N. Pitts, Jr., Photochemistry, John Wiley & Sons, New York, 1966.
5. R. P. Wayne, Principles and Applications of Photochemistry, Oxford University Press, Oxford, 1988.
6. J. I. Steinfeld, J. S. Francisco, W. L. Hase, Chemical Kinetics and Dynamics, 2nd ed., Pearson, 1998.
7. M. Satake, S. A. Iqbal, Colloidal & Surface Chemistry, Discovery Publishing Pvt. Ltd, 2003.

Course Delivery methods
Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
Tutorials/Assignments
Seminars
Mini projects/Projects
Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
Industrial/guest lectures
Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets
Simulation

Course Outcome (CO) Attainment Assessment tools & Evaluation procedure

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
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Assignment	10
Seminar before a committee	10
Three Quizzes	10+10+10
End Sem Examination Marks	50

Assessment Components	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	CO6
Assignment	√	√	√	√		
Quiz –I	√	√				
Quiz II			√	√	√	
End Sem Examination Marks	√	√	√	√	√	√

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty

2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Mapping between Objectives and Outcomes

Course Outcome #	Program Outcomes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4
CO1	H	H	L	L
CO2	H	H	H	L
CO3	H	H	H	L
CO4	M	H	H	L
CO5	M	H	M	L
CO6	M	H	M	L

Mapping of Course Outcomes onto Program Outcomes:

Mapping Between COs and Course Delivery (CD) methods			
CD	Course Delivery methods	Course Outcome	Course Delivery Method
CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors	CO1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6	CD1
CD2	Tutorials/Assignments	CO2, 3, 4, 5, 6	CD1, 2
CD3	Seminars	CO3, 4	CD3
CD4	Mini projects/Projects	CO1, 2, 3, 4, 5	CD4
CD5	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids	CO2, 3	CD5

CD6	Industrial/guest lectures	CO4	CD6, 7
CD7	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internet	CO1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6	CD7
CD8	Simulation	CO1 ,2	CD8

Lecture wise Lesson planning Details.

Week No.	Lect. No.	Ch. No.	Topics to be covered	Text Book / References	COs mapped	Methodology used
1-4	L1-L12	1	Dynamics of Chemical Reactions	T1, T2, R1	1,2	PPT Digi Class/Chock-Board
4-7	L13-L20	2	Theory of Ion Transport	T3, R2	3	-do-
7-10	L21-L32	3	Photophysical and Photochemical Processes	T4, R4	4	-do-
11-13	L33-L41	4	Surface Science and its Applications	T1, T5, R7	5	-do-
14-15	L42-L45	5	Colloidal States of the matter	T5, R7	6	-do-

Course code: CH 403
Course title: Reaction Mechanisms in Organic Chemistry
Pre-requisite(s): B. Sc. (H) Chemistry
Co- requisite(s):
Credits: 3 L: 3 T: 0 P: 0
Class schedule per week: 03
Class: M. Sc. and I. M. Sc.
Semester / Level: M. Sc. I/ I. M. Sc. VII
Branch: Chemistry
Name of Teacher:

Course Objectives

This course enables the students:

A.	To understand the physico-chemical factors affecting the course and outcome of an organic reaction
B.	To understand the different types of organic reactions operating on the aliphatic and aromatic systems

Course Outcomes

After the completion of this course, students will be:

1.	To learn the various concepts of acids and bases, stereoelectronic effects, reactive intermediates and types of organic chemical reactions
2.	To understand the mechanisms of different types of substitution reactions operating on the aliphatic and aromatic systems
3.	To understand the mechanisms of elimination and addition reactions operating on the organic substrates
4.	To apply the influence of stereo-electronic effects on the course of a reaction from unimolecular to bimolecular or intra-molecular suitable for some particular types of substrate
5.	To differentiate the paths followed by aromatic and aliphatic substrates in a nucleophilic substitution reaction
6.	To analyse the conditions favoring the substitution and elimination pathway followed by a particular substrate

Syllabus

Module I: Fundamentals of Reaction Mechanism

[9 Lectures]

Acids and bases; nucleophile and electrophile, basicity vs nucleophilicity; Resonance and aromaticity- Huckel's rule for aromaticity in benzenoid and non-benzenoid compounds, antiaromaticity and homo-aromaticity, breaking and formation of bond, electronic effect: inductive, hyperconjugation, mesomerism and steric effect; reactive intermediates: generation, stability and fate of carbocation, carbanion, free radical, carbene and nitrene.

Module II: Aliphatic substitution reactions

[12 Lectures]

Nucleophilic substitution: The S_N2 , S_N1 , mixed S_N1 and S_N2 and SET mechanisms, neighbouring group participation by pi and sigma bonds, anchimeric assistance, The S_Ni mechanism, Nucleophilic substitution at an allylic, aliphatic trigonal and vinylic carbon, Reactivity effects of substrate structure, attacking nucleophile, leaving group and reaction medium; Electrophilic bimolecular mechanism- S_E2 and S_{Ei} : The S_{E1} mechanism, electrophilic substitution accompanied by double bond shift, effect of substrates, leaving group and the solvent polarity on the reactivity.

Module III: Aromatic substitution reactions

[6 Lectures]

The arenium ion mechanism, orientation and reactivity, energy profile diagrams, The *ortho/para* ratio, ipso attack, Diazonium coupling, Vilsmeier reaction, Gattermann-Koch reaction, The S_NAr , S_N1 , benzyne and $S_{RN}1$ mechanisms, Reactivity-effect of substrate structure, leaving group and attacking nucleophile, The Von Richter, Sommelet-Hauser, Smiles Rearrangement.

Module IV: Addition and Elimination Reactions**[9 Lectures]**

Mechanism and stereochemical aspects of addition reaction in carbon-carbon and carbon-hetero multiple bonds, regio- and chemoselectivity, orientation and reactivity, Mechanism of condensation reactions involving enolates- Aldol, Knoevenagel, Claisen, Perkin and Stobbe reactions.

The E2, E1 and E1cB mechanism and their spectrum, orientation of the double bond, Reactivity- effect of substrates structure, attacking base, the leaving group and the medium, Mechanism and orientation in pyrolytic elimination.

Module V: Rearrangement Reaction**[9 Lectures]**

General Mechanistic considerations – nature of migration, migratory aptitude, A detailed study of the following rearrangements involving carbonation (Wagner-Meerwein, Pinacol-Pinacolone rearrangement), reaction involving acyl cation, PPA cyclization and Fries rearrangement, rearrangement of carbenes (Wolff & Arndt-Eistert synthesis), rearrangement of nitrenes (Hoffman, Curtius, Schmidt, Lossen, Beckman rearrangement).

Text books:

1. I. L. Finar, Organic Chemistry, Vol. I and II, 5th ed., Longman Ltd., New Delhi, 2011.
2. P. Sykes, A Guide Book to Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, 6th ed., John Wiley & Sons, New York, 1985.
3. T. W. G. Solomons, Fundamentals of Organic Chemistry, 4th ed., John Wiley, 1994.
4. R. N. Morrison & R. N. Boyd, Organic Chemistry, 7th ed., Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education), 2010.

Reference books:

1. J. Clayden, N. Greeves, S. Warren and P. Wothers, Organic Chemistry, 2nd ed., Oxford Press, 2012,
2. J. March, Organic reaction and mechanism-structure and reactivity, 7th ed., John Wiley, 2015.
3. F. A. Carey and R. J. Sundberg, Advanced Organic Chemistry, Part A: Structure and Mechanisms, Springer, New York, 2006.

Course Delivery methods
Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
Tutorials/Assignments
Seminars
Mini projects/Projects
Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets
Simulation

Course Outcome (CO) Attainment Assessment tools & Evaluation procedure**Direct Assessment**

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Assignment	10
Seminar before a committee	10
Three Quizzes	10+10+10

End Sem Examination Marks	50
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Assessment Components	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4	CO5	CO6
Assignment	√	√	√	√	√	
Quiz –I	√	√	√			
Quiz II				√	√	
End Sem Examination Marks	√	√	√	√	√	√

Indirect Assessment –

- 1. Student Feedback on Faculty**
- 2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome**

Mapping between Objectives and Outcomes

Course Outcome #	Program Outcomes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4
CO1	H	H	L	L
CO2	H	H	H	L
CO3	H	H	H	L
CO4	M	H	H	L
CO5	M	H	M	L
CO6	M	H	M	L

Mapping Between COs and Course Delivery (CD) methods

CD	Course Delivery methods	Course Outcome	Course Delivery Method
CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors	CO1, 2, 3, 4,5,6	CD1
CD2	Tutorials/Assignments	CO1, 2, 3,	CD1,CD2
CD3	Seminars	CO 2, 3	CD3
CD4	Mini projects/Projects	CO3, 4	CD4
CD5	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids	CO 1, 2, 3,5	CD5
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD6
CD7	Simulation	CO2, 4, 5	CD7

Lecture wise Lesson planning Details.

Week No.	Lect. No.	Ch. No.	Topics to be covered	Text Book / References	COs mapped	Methodology used
1-3	L1-L9	1	Fundamentals of reaction mechanism	T1, T2, R1	1,2	PPT Digi Class/Chock-Board
4-7	L10-L21	2	Aliphatic substitution reaction	T3, R2	3	-do-
8-9	L22-L27	3	Aromatic substitution reaction	T4, R3	4	-do-
10-12	L28-L36	4	Addition-elimination reactions	T1, T4, R2	5	-do-
13-15	L37-L45	5	Rearrangement reactions	T1, R4	6	-do-

Course code: CH 404

Course title: Inorganic Chemistry-VI: Organometallic Chemistry

Pre-requisite(s): B. Sc. (H) Chemistry

Co- requisite(s):

Credits: 3 L: 3 T: 0 P: 0

Class schedule per week: 03

Class: M. Sc. and I. M. Sc.

Semester / Level: M. Sc. I/ I. M. Sc. VII

Branch: Chemistry

Name of Teacher:

Course Objectives

This course enables the students:

A.	To learn the basics of organometallic chemistry
B.	To grow concept of bonding in organometallic compounds
C.	To study the reactivity of organometallic compounds
D.	To know the application of organometallic compounds

Course Outcomes

After the completion of this course, students will be:

1.	Able to explain the basic features of organometallic compounds
2.	Able to explain the bonding in organometallic compounds
3.	Able to predict the reactivity of organometallic compounds
4.	Able to discuss the application of organometallic compounds

Syllabus

Module I: Organometallic Complexes: General properties and types (9 Lectures)

Introduction, Classical and non-classically bonded organometallic compounds, 18 electron rule in Organometallic complexes-Ionic and Covalent Model; Metal Alkyls, Aryls, and Hydrides and Related σ -Bonded Ligands: Transition Metal Alkyls and Aryls, Related σ -Bonded Ligands, Metal Hydride Complexes, σ Complexes, Bond Strengths for Classical σ -Bonding Ligand; Complexes of π -Bound Ligands: Alkene and Alkyne Complexes, Allyl Complexes, Diene Complexes, Cyclopentadienyl Complexes, Arenes and Other Alicyclic Ligands, Metalacycles and Isoelectronic and Isolobal Replacement, Stability of Polyene and Polyenyl Complexes.

Module II: Metal-Ligand Multiple Bonds (9 Lectures)

Carbenes: Fischer Versus Schrock Carbenes - conditions, synthesis examples reactivity and structure, Cases Intermediate Between Fischer and Schrock Carbenes, Boryl Complexes, Vinylidene Carbynes-synthesis, examples and reactivity, structure, Bridging Carbenes and Carbynes, N-Heterocyclic Carbenes-synthesis examples reactivity and structure, Multiple Bonds to Heteroatoms.

Module III: Reactivity of Organometallic Complexes: I (9 Lectures)

Oxidative Addition and Reductive Elimination: Concerted Additions, S_N2 Reactions, Radical Mechanisms, Ionic Mechanisms, Reductive Elimination, σ -Bond Metathesis, Oxidative Coupling and Reductive Cleavage.

Insertion and Elimination: Reactions Involving CO, Insertions Involving Alkenes, Other Insertions, α , β , γ , and δ Elimination.

Module IV: Reactivity of Organometallic Complexes: II (9 Lectures)

Nucleophilic and Electrophilic Addition and Abstraction: Nucleophilic Addition to CO, Nucleophilic Addition to Polyene and Polyenyl Ligands, Nucleophilic Abstraction in Hydrides, Alkyls and Acyls, Electrophilic Addition, Electrophilic Abstraction of Alkyl Groups, Single-Electron Transfer Pathways, Reactions of Organic Free Radicals with Metal Complexes.

Homogeneous Catalysis: Alkene Isomerization, Alkene Hydrogenation, Alkene Hydroformylation, Hydrocyanation of Butadiene, Alkene Hydrosilation and Hydroboration, Coupling Reactions, Surface and Supported Organometallic Catalysis.

Module V: Applications of Organometallic Chemistry

(9 Lectures)

Alkene Metathesis- mechanism, Type and commercial application, Dimerization, Oligomerization, and Polymerization of Alkenes- mechanism, Type and commercial application, Activation of CO and CO₂ - mechanism, Type and commercial application, CH Activation- mechanism, Type and commercial application, Organometallic Materials and Polymers.

Text books:

1. R. H. Crabtree, The Organometallic Chemistry of the Transition Metals, Wiley-Interscience; 4th ed., 2005.

Reference books:

1. B- M. Bochmann, Organometallic Chemistry: (Oxford series), 1994.
2. R. C. Mehrotra & A. Singh, Organometallic Chemistry, New Age Int. Publishers, 2nd ed., 1991.
3. M. Gielen, R. Willem, B. Wrackmeyer, Fluxanol Organometallic and Coordination compounds, Wiley, 1st ed., 2008.
4. F. A. Cotton, G. Wilkinson, Advanced Inorganic Chemistry, Wiley, 6th ed., 2007.
5. J. E. Huheey, Inorganic Chemistry: Principles of Structure and Reactivity, Pearson Education India, 4th ed. 2006.

Course Delivery methods
Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
Tutorials/Assignments
Seminars
Mini projects/Projects
Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets
Simulation

Course Outcome (CO) Attainment Assessment tools & Evaluation procedure

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Assignment	10
Seminar before a committee	10
Three Quizzes	10+10+10
End Sem Examination Marks	50

Assessment Components	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4
Quiz –I	√	√		

Quiz II			√	
End Sem Examination Marks	√	√	√	√

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty

2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Mapping between Objectives and Outcomes

Course Outcome #	Program Outcomes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4
CO1	H	H	L	L
CO2	H	H	H	L
CO3	H	H	H	L
CO4	M	H	H	L

Mapping Between COs and Course Delivery (CD) methods

CD	Course Delivery methods	Course Outcome	Course Delivery Method
CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1
CD2	Tutorials/Assignments	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1,CD2
CD3	Seminars	CO 2, 3	CD3
CD4	Mini projects/Projects	CO3, 4	CD4
CD5	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids	CO 1, 2, 3	CD5
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD6
CD7	Simulation	CO2, 4	CD7

Lecture wise Lesson planning Details

Week No.	Lect. No.	Ch. No.	Topics to be covered	Text Book / References	COs mapped	Methodology used
1-2	L1-L10	1	Organometallic Complexes: General properties and types	T1, R1	1	PPT Digi Class/Chock -Board

2-3	L11-20	2	Metal–Ligand Multiple Bonds	T1, R2	2	-do-
3-4	L21-28	3	Reactivity of Organometallic Complexes: I	T1, R3	3	-do-
5-6	L29-35	4	Reactivity of Organometallic Complexes: II	T1, R4	4	-do-
6-9	L36-45	5	Applications of Organometallic Chemistry	T1, R5	5	-do-

Course code: CH 405
Course title: Principles of Organic Synthesis
Pre-requisite(s): B. Sc. (H) Chemistry
Co- requisite(s):
Credits: 4 L: 3 T: 1 P: 0
Class schedule per week: 04
Class: M. Sc. and I. M. Sc.
Semester / Level: M. Sc. I/ I. M. Sc. VII
Branch: Chemistry
Name of Teacher:

Course Objectives

This course enables the students:

A.	To understand effect of conformation on chemical reactivity of organic molecule
B.	To correlate stereochemistry with the chemical reaction mechanism
C.	To understand the requirement and principles for organic reaction
D.	To identify the mechanistic approach for chemical (including concerted) reaction

Course Outcomes

After the completion of this course, students will be:

1.	Able to explain effect of conformation on chemical reactivity of organic molecule
2.	Able to define stereochemistry with the chemical reaction mechanism
3.	Able to explain the principles for various types of organic reaction
4.	Able to analyse the mechanism of chemical (including concerted) reaction

Syllabus

Module I: Conformation and Reactivity

[9 Lectures]

Conformation of acyclic systems (substituted ethane/n-propane/n-butane), conformation around sp^3-sp^2 and sp^2-sp^2 bond, conformation around carbon hetero atom bond, conformations of cyclic system (cyclopentane, cyclohexane with mono and di substituted cyclohexanes, cycloheptane, cyclooctane and decalins), conformation of cyclohexane with $1/2 sp^2$ bond, conformation analysis of heterocycles, the conformations of sugars, anomeric effect and reverse anomeric effect, conformationally rigid and mobile diastereomer, conformation and reactivity in cyclic system (substitution, addition, elimination, rearrangement etc.).

Module II: Stereochemistry

[9 Lectures]

Optical rotatory dispersion (ORD) and circular dichroism (CD), classification of ORD and CD Curves, Cotton effect curves and their application to stereochemical problems; the Octant rule and its application to alicyclic ketones, stereoisomerism, molecular dissymmetry and chirality- elements of symmetry, enantiomerism, diastereomerism, pseudoasymmetric carbon, diastereo isomerism in acyclic and cyclic systems, interconversion of Fischer, Newman and Sawhorse projections, methods of resolution, optical purity, prochirality, enantiotopic and diastereotopic atoms, groups and faces, optical activity in absence of chiral carbon (biphenyls, allenes and spiranes), chirality due to helical shape, geometrical isomerism in alkenes and oximes, methods of determining the configuration.

Module III: Principles of organic reaction

[9 Lectures]

Reagent type and reaction type, Investigation of reaction mechanism (nature of products, kinetic data, use of isotope, study of intermediate, stereochemical criteria. Types of mechanisms, types of reactions, thermodynamic and kinetic requirements, free energy relationships, kinetic and thermodynamic control, Nature of reaction energy, Potential energy diagrams, transition states and intermediates, methods of determining mechanisms, nonkinetic methods of determining reaction mechanism, isotope effects, solvent effect.

Module IV: Principles of reaction mechanism

[9 Lectures]

Hammond's postulate, Curtin-Hammett principle, Hammett energy diagrams and reaction rate laws, Hammett's σ_x and ρ values and their physical significance through-conjugation, deviations from straight line plots; steric effects: Taft equation, Softness (Hardness) Scales, HSAB principle, HSAB application for organic reactions: Reaction Selectivity, Alkylation vs. Acylation, C- vs. O-Alkylation, Reactions of Organosulfur Compounds, Reactions of Organophosphorus Compounds, Elimination and Substitution, Addition to Double Bonds, Addition to Carbonyl Compounds.

Module V: Concerted reaction

[9 Lectures]

Definition, ionic, radical and concerted reaction, classification, Molecular orbital symmetry, Woodward-Hoffman correlation diagram method and perturbation of molecular (PMO) approach for the explanation of pericyclic reactions under thermal and photochemical conditions, frontier orbitals of ethylene, 1,3 Butadiene, 1,3,5- Hexatriene, allyl system, FMO approach, types of cyclo-additions and cyclo-reversion reactions, electrocyclic reaction and the electroreversion reactions, sigmatropic reactions, group transfer reaction.

Text books:

1. J. Clayden, N. Greeves, S. Warren and P. Wothers, Organic Chemistry, 2nd ed., Oxford Press, 2012.
2. I. L. Finar, Organic Chemistry, Vol. I & II, 5th ed., Longman Ltd., New Delhi, 2011.

Reference books:

1. P. Sykes, A Guidebook to Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, 6th ed., John Wiley & Sons, New York, 1985.
2. D. Nasipuri, Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds, 2nd ed., New Age Int., New Delhi, 1994.
3. I. Fleming, Pericyclic Reactions, Oxford Scientific Publication, Cambridge, 1998.
4. E. V. Anslyn and D.A. Dougherty, Modern Physical Organic Chemistry, University Science Books, USA, 2006.
5. L. P. Hammett, Physical Organic Chemistry, 1st ed., McGraw-Hill Book Co. Inc., New York, 1940.

Course Delivery methods
Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
Tutorials/Assignments
Seminars
Mini projects/Projects
Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets
Simulation

Course Outcome (CO) Attainment Assessment tools & Evaluation procedure

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Assignment	10
Seminar before a committee	10
Three Quizzes	10+10+10
End Sem Examination Marks	50

Assessment Components	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4
Quiz –I	√	√		
Quiz II			√	
End Sem Examination Marks	√	√	√	√

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty
2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Mapping between Objectives and Outcomes

Course Outcome #	Program Outcomes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4
CO1	H	H	L	L
CO2	H	H	H	L
CO3	H	H	H	L
CO4	M	H	H	L

Mapping Between COs and Course Delivery (CD) methods

CD	Course Delivery methods	Course Outcome	Course Delivery Method
CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1
CD2	Tutorials/Assignments	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1,CD2
CD3	Seminars	CO 2, 3	CD3
CD4	Mini projects/Projects	CO3, 4	CD4
CD5	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids	CO 1, 2, 3	CD5
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD6
CD7	Simulation	CO2, 4	CD7

Lecture wise Lesson planning Details

Week No.	Lect. No.	Ch. No.	Topics to be covered	Text Book / References	COs mapped	Methodology used
1-3	L1-L09	1	Conformation and reactivity	T1, T2, R1	1	PPT Digi Class/Chock -Board

4-6	L10-L18	2	Stereochemistry	T2, R2	2	-do-
7-8	L19-L27	3	Principles of organic reactions	T1, R1	3	-do-
9-12	L28-L36	4	Principles of reaction mechanism	T1, R4	3	-do-
13-15	L37-L45	5	Concerted reaction	T1, R3	4	-do-

Course code: CH 406
Course title: Physical Chemistry-VI Lab
Pre-requisite(s): B. Sc. (H) Chemistry
Co- requisite(s):
Credits: 2 L: 0 T: 0 P: 4
Class schedule per week: 04
Class: M. Sc. and I. M.Sc.
Semester / Level: M. Sc. I/ I. M. Sc. VII
Branch: Chemistry
Name of Teacher:

Syllabus

Adsorption: (any two)

- (i) To study surface tension-concentration relationship for solutions.
- (ii) To study the adsorption of iodine from alcoholic solution of charcoal.
- (iii) To study the adsorption of acetic acid on charcoal.

Chemical equilibrium: (any one)

- (i) To determine congruent composition & temperature of a binary system- Phenol-water.
- (ii) To determine glass transition temperature of a given salt conductometrically.
- (iii) To construct the phase diagram for a three component systems.
- (iv) To determine the equilibrium constant for the reaction $KI + I_2 = KI_3$.

Chemical Kinetics: (any two)

- (i) To determine rate constant of saponification ethyl acetate by NaOH.
- (ii) To determine the velocity constant of hydrolysis of an ester in micellar media.
- (iii) To determine the rate constant for the oxidation of iodide ion by hydrogen peroxide, studying the kinetics as an iodine clock reaction.

Conductometry: (any two)

- (i) To determine velocity constant, order of reaction and energy of activation for saponification of ethyl acetate by NaOH conductometrically.
- (ii) To determine solubility and solubility product of sparingly soluble salt conductometrically.
- (iii) To determine the strength of strong and weak acids in a given mixture conductometrically.
- (iv) To determine activity co-efficient of zinc ions in the solution of 0.002 M $ZnSO_4$ using Debye-Huckel's limiting law.

Potentiometry-pH metry: (any one)

- (i) To determine the strengths of halides in a mixture potentiometrically.
- (ii) To determine the valancy of mercurous ions potentiometrically.
- (iii) To determine the strength of strong and weak acids in a given mixture using a potentiometer-pH meter.
- (iv) To determine the temperature dependence of E.M.F. of a cell.
- (v) Acid-base titration in a non-aqueous media using a pH meter.
- (vi) To determine the transport number by Hittrof's method.

Cyclic voltametry:

- (i) To find the redox potential of the given sample using cyclic voltametry.

Polarography: (one one)

- (i) To determine DO in aqueous solution of organic solvent
- (ii) To determine half way potential of Cd & Zn EMF:
- (iii) To determine single electrode potential of Cu/Cu^{2+}
- (iv) Potentiometric titration of a redox system.
- (v) To determine E.M.F. of concentration cell.

Polarimetry: (any one)

- (i) To determine rate constant for hydrolysis/inversion of sugar using a Polarimeter.
- (ii) Enzyme kinetics-inversion of sucrose.

Spectroscopy:(any one)

- (i) To determine pK_a of an indicator in aqueous and micellar medium.
- (ii) To determine stoichiometry and stability constant of inorganic (ferric-salicylic acid) and organic (amine-iodine) complexes.

Thermochemistry: (any one)

- (i) To determine the enthalpy of neutralization of hydrochloric acid with NaOH
- (ii) Enthalpy of combustion of benzoic acid using DSC.

Text books:

1. J. B. Yadav, Advanced Practical Physical Chemistry, 22nd ed., Goel Publishing House, Krishna Prakashan Media, 2014.
2. B. Viswanathan and P. S. Raghavan, Practical Physical Chemistry, Viva Books, 2012.

Reference books:

1. B. P. Levitt, Findlay's Practical Physical Chemistry, 9th ed., Longman, London, 1985.
2. A. M. Halpern and G. C. McBane, Experimental Physical Chemistry: A Laboratory Text Book, 3rd ed., W. H. Freeman, 2006.
3. A. M. James and F. E. Prichard, Practical Physical Chemistry, Prentice Hall Press, 1974.

Assessment Tool	% Contribution
Progressive Evaluation	60 (Day to day performance: 30, Quiz: 10, Viva: 20)
End Sem Examination	40 (Experiment Performance: 30, Quiz: 10)

Course code: CH 407
Course title: Organic Chemistry-VI Lab
Pre-requisite(s): B. Sc. (H) Chemistry
Co- requisite(s):
Credits: 2 L: 0 T: 0 P: 4
Class schedule per week: 04
Class: I. M. Sc. and M.Sc.
Semester / Level: M. Sc. I/ I. M. Sc. VII
Branch: Chemistry
Name of Teacher:

Syllabus

1. Identification of functional groups through qualitative analysis in a given binary mixture of organic compounds.
2. Isolation of the organic compounds from above mentioned binary mixture through solvent extraction and verifying their complete separation through thin layer chromatography.
3. Identification of the isolated organic compounds through derivative preparation and characterization by FTIR, UV-VIS & NMR.
4. Electrophilic aromatic substitution: acylation of bromobenzene and checking thin layer chromatography to check the reaction outcome (product distribution and extent of reaction).

Reference Books:

1. A. I. Vogel, Quantitative Organic Analysis, Part 3, Pearson, 2012.
2. F. G. Mann, & B. C. Saunders, Practical Organic Chemistry, Pearson Education, 2009.
3. B.S. Furniss, A. J. Hannaford, P.W.G. Smith, A. R. Tatchell, Practical Organic Chemistry, 5th Ed., Pearson, 2012.
4. V.K. Ahluwalia, & R. Aggarwal, Comprehensive Practical Organic Chemistry: Preparation and Quantitative Analysis, University Press, 2000.
5. V. K. Ahluwalia, & S. Dhingra, Comprehensive Practical Organic Chemistry: Qualitative Analysis, University Press, 2000.

Assessment Tool	% Contribution
Progressive Evaluation	60 (Day to day performance: 30, Quiz: 10, Viva: 20)
End Sem Examination	40 (Experiment Performance: 30, Quiz: 10)

Course code: CH 408

Course title: Inorganic Chemistry-VII: Advanced Inorganic Chemistry

Pre-requisite(s): B. Sc. (H) Chemistry

Co- requisite(s):

Credits: 3 L: 3 T: 0 P: 0

Class schedule per week: 03

Class: M. Sc. and I. M. Sc.

Semester / Level: M. Sc. II/ I. M. Sc. VIII

Branch: Chemistry

Name of Teacher:

Course Objectives

This course enables the students:

A.	To understand the general properties of magnetic bodies
B.	To study the effect of thermal energy on magnetism
C.	To understand the anomalous magnetic moments
D.	To study about the inorganic rings, chains and clusters

Course Outcomes

After the completion of this course, students will be:

1.	Able to classify the magnetic bodies
2.	Able to explain the effect of temperature on magnetic properties
3.	Able to interpret the anomalous magnetic properties
4.	Able to explain several types of inorganic rings, chains and clusters

Syllabus

Module I: Magnetic properties of coordination Complexes (9 Lectures)

Definition of magnetic properties, Types of magnetic bodies, Experimental arrangements for the determination of magnetic susceptibility: Guoy method, Faraday method, Vibrating sample magnetometer, SQUID, NMR method; Diamagnetism in atoms and polynuclear systems, Pascals constant, Two sources of paramagnetism.

Module II: Thermal energy and magnetic properties (10 Lectures)

Spin & Orbital effects, Spin orbit coupling, Lande interval rule, Energies of J levels, Multiplet width and temperature; Curie equation, Curie & Curie–Weiss law, 2nd order Zeeman Effect, Temperature independent paramagnetism, Van Vleck susceptibility equation, Thermal Equilibrium between High Spin and Low spin state in Spin Cross over region, Magnetic behavior of lanthanides & actinides, Anomalous magnetic moments, magnetic properties of binuclear and polynuclear complexes— ferromagnetism and anti-ferromagnetism.

Module III: Anomalous Magnetic Moments in Coordination Complexes (9 Lectures)

Superexchange interaction in terms of Goodenough-Kanamori-Anderson Rules (GKA Rules), Interpretation of magnetic exchange by GKA Rule in terms of Molecular Orbital Theory, Antiferromagnetism in magnetically concentrated system, Cooperative magnetic interactions in binuclear Cu(II) complexes, Antiferromagnetic coupling in other metal complexes: Dimers of oxido vanadium(IV) and oxido molybdenum(V) complexes, Dinuclear complexes of Ti(III), Dimeric Cr(II) acetate-monohydrate, $\text{Mn}_2(\text{CO})_{10}$

Module IV: Inorganic Rings and Cages (8 Lectures)

Rings: Homocyclic rings of S, Se and Te. Heterocyclic rings of S, N, P and O; Cages: Higher boron hydrides: structures and reactions, equation of balance, Lipscomb topological diagrams, polyhedral skeletal electron pair theory (PSEPT), carboranes, metalloboranes and heteroboranes, metallocarboranes.

Module V: Inorganic Cluster (9 Lectures)

Clusters in elemental states, cluster classification, Low nuclearity ($M_3 - M_4$) and high nuclearity cluster ($M_5 - M_{10}$), Metal metal bonding (MOT), Carbonyl clusters, skeletal electron counting, Wade-Mingos-Luber rule, application of isolobal and isoelectronic analogy, capping rules, carbide, nitride, chalcogenide and halide containing cluster of Re, Nb, Ta, Mo, W. Zintl ions, chevreton compounds, infinite metal chains, application of cluster compounds in catalysis.

Text books:

1. F. A. Cotton, G. Wilkinson, Advanced Inorganic Chemistry, Wiley, 6th ed., 2007.
2. J. E. Huheey, Inorganic Chemistry: Principles of Structure and Reactivity, Pearson Education India, 4th ed. 2006.
3. R. L. Dutta, A. Syamal, Elements of Magnetochemistry, East-West Press, 1993.
4. A. K. Das, M. Das, Fundamental Concepts of Inorganic Chemistry; Volume-6; CBS Publishers, 2012.

Reference books:

1. G. Wilkinson, R. D. Gillars & J. A. McCleverty, Comprehensive Co-ordination Chemistry, 2nd ed., Elsevier, 2003.
2. J. D. Lee, Concise Inorganic Chemistry, 5th ed., Oxford, 2008.
3. F. E. Mabbs and D. J. Machin, Magnetism and Transition Metal complexes, Dover Publications; 2008.
4. N. N. Greenwood and E. A. Earnshaw; Chemistry of elements, 2nd ed., Butterworth- Heinemann, 1997.

Course Delivery methods
Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
Tutorials/Assignments
Seminars
Mini projects/Projects
Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets
Simulation

Course Outcome (CO) Attainment Assessment tools & Evaluation procedure

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Assignment	10
Seminar before a committee	10
Three Quizzes	10+10+10
End Sem Examination Marks	50

Assessment Components	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4

Assignment	√	√		
Quiz -1		√		
Quiz II			√	
End Sem Examination Marks	√	√	√	√

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty

2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Mapping between Objectives and Outcomes

Course Outcome #	Program Outcomes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4
CO1	H	H	L	L
CO2	H	H	H	L
CO3	H	H	H	L
CO4	M	H	H	L

Mapping Between COs and Course Delivery (CD) methods

CD	Course Delivery methods	Course Outcome	Course Delivery Method
CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1
CD2	Tutorials/Assignments	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1,CD2
CD3	Seminars	CO 2, 3	CD3
CD4	Mini projects/Projects	CO3, 4	CD4
CD5	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids	CO 1, 2, 3	CD5
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD6
CD7	Simulation	CO2, 4	CD7

Lecture wise Lesson planning Details.

Week No.	Lect. No.	Ch. No.	Topics to be covered	Text Book / References	COs mapped	Methodology used
1-2	L1-L8	1	Definition of magnetic properties, Types of magnetic bodies, Experimental arrangements for the determination of magnetic susceptibility: Guoy method, Faraday method, Vibrating sample magnetometer, SQUID, NMR method	T1, T2, R1	1	PPT Digi Class/Chock -Board

3-6	L9- L20	2	Spin & Orbital effects, Spin orbit coupling, Lande interval rule, Multiplet width and temperature; Curie equation, Curie & Curie–Weiss law, 2nd order Zeeman Effect, Van Vleck susceptibility equation	T1, T3, R2	2	-do-
5-6	L21- L30	3	Superexchange interaction in terms of Goodenough-Kanamori-Anderson Rules (GKA Rules), Interpretation of magnetic exchange by GKA Rule in terms of Molecular Orbital Theory, Antiferromagnetism	T1, T2, T3, R1	3	-do-
7-10	L31- L38	4	Rings: Homocyclic rings of S, Se and Te. Heterocyclic rings of S, N, P and O; Cages: Higher boron hydrides: structures and reactions, equation of balance, Lipscomb topological diagrams, polyhedral skeletal electron pair theory (PSEPT)	T1, T2, T3, R2	4	-do-
11-15	L39- L45	5	Clusters in elemental states, cluster classification, Low nuclearity ($M_3 - M_4$) and high nuclearity cluster ($M_5 - M_{10}$), Metal metal bonding (MOT), Carbonyl clusters, skeletal electron counting, Wade-Mingos-Luber rule,	T1, T2, T3, R2	5	-do-

Course code: CH 409

Course title: Physical Chemistry-VII: Quantum Chemistry & Group Theory

Pre-requisite(s): B. Sc. (H) Chemistry

Co- requisite(s):

Credits: 4 L: 3 T: 1 P: 0

Class schedule per week: 04

Class: M. Sc. and I. M. Sc.

Semester / Level: M. Sc. II/ I. M. Sc. VIII

Branch: Chemistry

Name of Teacher:

Course Objectives

This course enables the students:

A.	To use operators in quantum mechanics to derive and solve Schrodinger equation.
B.	To solve elementary model problems in quantum mechanics, particle in a potential-free box, particle on a ring, harmonic oscillator and particle in a Coulomb potential exactly and demonstrate the solutions for hydrogen atom.
C.	To use techniques of approximations to solve the quantum mechanical problems.
D.	To apply the concept of linear combination of atomic orbitals to hybridization and directed bonding in polyatomic molecules.
E.	To show that molecular symmetry operations form a group and can be characterized by fundamental representations of groups known as irreducible representations and apply the great orthogonality theorem to derive simple point groups.

Course Outcomes

After the completion of this course, students will be:

1.	Able to solve the model problems in quantum mechanics for which exact analytical methods and solutions are available which forms the foundations for advanced study of the subject.
2.	Able to apply this knowledge to complex problems of atomic and molecular energy levels and structure.
3.	Able to determine the symmetry elements of any small and medium-sized molecules.

Syllabus

Module I: Classical Mechanics and Postulates of Quantum Mechanics (9 lectures)

Postulates of quantum mechanics. Operators in quantum mechanics: Linear and Hermitian operators, operator algebra, eigenvalues and eigenfunctions, commutation relations. Solution of Schrödinger's equation for (i) particle in 3D-boxes and applications, (ii) particle in a ring and sphere, spherical harmonics, angular momentum rigid rotator, (iii) Simple harmonic oscillator, and (iv) Hydrogen atom. Stark and Zeeman effect.

Module II: Approximation Methods (8 lectures)

Perturbation (Time-independent & Time-dependent) and Variation methods: Examples of Variation methods: (i) Hydrogen atom, Hydrogen atom in an electric field, (ii) Helium atom. Examples of Perturbation method: (i) perturbed particle in a box, (ii) perturbed harmonic oscillator (iii) Hydrogen atom in electric field.

Module III: Atomic Spectra and Atomic Structure (9 lectures)

The spectrum of atomic hydrogen: Electronic configuration of atoms, addition of angular momenta, spectroscopic term symbols, spin-orbit coupling, selection rules for atomic spectra; The structure of helium; Many-electron atoms: Antisymmetric wave functions of many electron atoms, Slater determinants, Hartree and Hartree-Fock self-consistent field model for atoms.

Module IV: Theory of Angular Momentum & Chemical Bonding (9 lectures)

Angular momentum: Classical & quantum mechanical concept, application in many-electron atom, splitting of term level into atomic levels. *Molecular structure & Chemical bonding:* Born–Oppenheimer approximation, Hydrogen molecule ion. LCAO–MO and VB treatments of the hydrogen molecule. Hybridization and MOT of H₂O, NH₃ and CH₄. Huckel pi-electron theory and its applications to ethylene, butadiene and benzene.

Module V: Basic Concept of Symmetry & Group Theory (10 lectures)

Definition and theorem of group theory. Molecular symmetry & the symmetry group: Symmetry operations & symmetry elements, classification of molecules, multiplication tables. Representation of molecular point groups, character, reducible and irreducible representations. The Great Orthogonality Theorem (GOT, without proof), use of GOT to construct character table, character table for point groups & their uses.

Text books:

1. P.W. Atkins and R.S. Friedman, Molecular Quantum Mechanics, 4th edition, Oxford University Press, Oxford, 2005.
2. D. A. McQuarrie, Quantum Chemistry, University Science Books, 1983.
3. R. K. Prasad, Quantum Chemistry, 3rd ed., New Age International, 2006.
4. A. K. Chandra, Introductory Quantum Chemistry, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 1988.
5. F. A. Cotton, Chemical Applications of Group Theory, Wiley, 1996.

Reference books:

1. H. Eyring, J. Walter and G. E. Kimball, Quantum Chemistry, John Wiley, New York, 1944.
2. I. N. Levine, Quantum Chemistry, 5th ed., Pearson Educ., Inc., New Delhi, 2000.
3. D. J. Griffiths, Introduction to Quantum Mechanics, Pearson Education, 2005.
4. J. P. Lowe and K. A. Peterson, Quantum Chemistry, 3rd ed., Academic Press, 2005.
5. D. M. Bishop, Group theory and Chemistry, Dover, 1993.
6. S. N. Datta, Lectures on Chemical bonding and quantum chemistry, Prism Books, Bangalore, 1997.

Course Delivery methods
Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
Tutorials/Assignments
Seminars
Mini projects/Projects
Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets
Simulation

Course Outcome (CO) Attainment Assessment tools & Evaluation procedure**Direct Assessment**

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Assignment	10
Seminar before a committee	10
Three Quizzes	10+10+10
End Sem Examination Marks	50

Assessment Components	CO1	CO2	CO3
Assignment	√	√	
Quiz –I	√		
Quiz II		√	
End Sem Examination Marks	√	√	√

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty

2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Mapping of Course Outcomes onto Program Outcomes:

Course Outcome #	Program Outcomes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4
CO1	H	H	H	L
CO2	H	H	H	L
CO3	H	H	M	M

Mapping Between COs and Course Delivery (CD) methods

CD	Course Delivery methods	Course Outcome	Course Delivery Method
CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors	CO1, 2, 3	CD1
CD2	Tutorials/Assignments	CO2, 3	CD1, 2
CD3	Seminars	CO3	CD3
CD4	Mini projects/Projects	CO1, 2, 3	CD4
CD5	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids	CO2, 3	CD5
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internet	CO1 ,2, 3	CD6
CD7	Simulation	CO1, 2, 3	CD7

Lecture wise Lesson planning Details.

Week No.	Lect. No.	Ch. No.	Topics to be covered	Text Book /References	COs mapped	Methodology used
1-3	L1-L9	1	Introduction to Quantum Mechanics	T1, T2,T3,R2, R3	1	PPT Digi Class/Chock -Board

4-6	L10-L17	2	Perturbation and Variation Methods	T1,T2,R2,R3	1	-do-
6-9	L18-L26	3	Atomic Spectrum	T1, T2,R2	2	-do-
9-12	L27-L35	4	Molecular Structure and Chemical Bonding	T2,R6	2	-do-
12-15	L36-L45	5	Symmetry and Group Theory	T5,R5	3	-do-

Course code: CH 410
Course title: Modern Organic Chemistry
Pre-requisite(s): B. Sc. (H) Chemistry
Co- requisite(s):
Credits: 3 L: 3 T: 0 P: 0
Class schedule per week: 03
Class: M. Sc. and I. M. Sc.
Semester / Level: M. Sc. II/ I. M. Sc. VIII
Branch: Chemistry
Name of Teacher:

Course Objectives

This course enables the students:

A.	To understand the photochemical, free radical and pericyclic reactions and their mechanisms
B.	To understand the heterocyclic systems, their synthetic principles and their chemical reactivity
C.	To understand the various principles and rules of reaction mechanism and their stereochemical outcomes

Course Outcomes

After the completion of this course, students will be:

1.	To learn different photophysical and photochemical fates of an organic compound upon photo-irradiation
2.	To learn the mechanisms of photochemical and free radical reactions
3.	To learn the different heterocycles, their synthesis and understand their reactivity
4.	To understand the mechanism of different pericyclic reactions and differentiate endo and exo additions, suprafacial and antarafacial shifts and conrotatory and disrotatory motions
5.	To apply the rules of organic reactions to determine the stereochemical outcome

Syllabus

Module I: Organic Photochemistry

(9 Lectures)

Singlet and triplet excited state, radiative and non-radiative transitions, potential energy surfaces, photoreduction, photoaddition, photorearrangement, photooxidation, aromatic substitution, Norrish Type I, Norrish Type II, excimers and exciplexes, photochemistry of alkenes, carbonyl, aromatic compounds.

Module II: Free Radical Reaction

(10 Lectures)

Types of free radical reactions, free radical substitution mechanism, mechanism at an aromatic substrate, neighboring group assistance, Reactivity for aliphatic and aromatic substrates, Reactivity in the attacking radicals, the effect of solvents on reactivity, Allylic halogenation, Oxidation of aldehydes to carboxylic acids, auto-oxidation, Sandmeyer reaction, free radical rearrangement, Hunsdiecker reaction.

Module III: Pericyclic Reaction

(8 Lectures)

FMO & PMO approach, Electrocyclic reactions – conrotatory and disrotatory motions, $4n$, $4n+2$ and allyl systems, Cycloaddition Reaction: Antarafacial and suprafacial additions, $4n$ and $4n+2$ systems, $2+2$ addition of ketenes, 1,3 dipolar cycloadditions and Cheletropic Reactions, Effect of Diene and dienophile stereochemistry, Endo rule in Diels-Alder Reaction, Reverse electron Demand Diels-Alder Reaction, Intramolecular Diels-Alder Reaction, Regioselective Diels-Alder Reactions, Sigmatropic rearrangements: Suprafacial and antarafacial shifts of H, sigmatropic shifts involving carbon moieties, 3,3- and 5,5-sigmatropic rearrangements, Claisen, Cope and aza-Cope rearrangements, Ene and Retro Ene Reactions.

Module IV: Heterocyclic Chemistry

(9 Lectures)

Heterocyclic synthesis: Principles of heterocyclic synthesis involving cyclization and cycloaddition (1,3-dipolar, hetero-diels alder and 2+2 cycloaddition reactions).

Heterocyclic chemistry of 3 and 4, 5 and 6 membered rings. Synthesis, medicinal applications and reactions of oxirane, aziridine, azetidinone (β -lactam), oxetane, pyridine, pyrylium salts and pyrones. Heterocyclic chemistry of benzo-fused derivatives: Synthesis, medicinal applications and reactions of benzofurans, benzothiophenes, quinolines, isoquinolines, quinolizines, Indolizines, benzopyrylium salts, coumarin, chromene, chromones.

Module V: Asymmetric synthesis

(9 Lectures)

Cram's rule, Felkin's rule, Prelog's rule, Karabatsos's rule and their application in organic synthesis (stereoselectivity in hydride reduction), Homogenous and heterogenous asymmetric catalysis.

Text books:

1. J. March, M. B. Smith, Advanced Organic Chemistry – Reactions, Mechanism and Structure, 7th ed., John Wiley, 2015.
2. S. M. Mukherjee, Pericyclic Reactions: A Mechanistic Study, 3rd ed., Macmillan, India, 2010.
3. I. L. Finar, Organic Chemistry, Vol. I & II, 5th ed., Longman Ltd., New Delhi, 2011.
4. D. Nasipuri, Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds, 2nd ed., New Age Int., New Delhi, 1994.

Reference books:

1. T. H. Lowry and K. S. Richardson, Mechanisms and Theory in Organic Chemistry, 2nd ed., Harper and Row, New York, 1981.
2. F. A. Carey and R. J. Sundberg, Advanced Organic Chemistry, Part A: Structure and Mechanisms, Springer, New York 2006.
3. I. Fleming, Frontier orbitals and organic chemical reactions, John Wiley and sons, Student edition, 2009.

Course Delivery methods
Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
Tutorials/Assignments
Seminars
Mini projects/Projects
Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets
Simulation

Course Outcome (CO) Attainment Assessment tools & Evaluation procedure

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Assignment	10
Seminar before a committee	10
Three Quizzes	10+10+10
End Sem Examination Marks	50

Assessment Components	CO1	CO2	CO3
Assignment	√	√	
Quiz –I	√		
Quiz II		√	
End Sem Examination Marks	√	√	√

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty

2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Mapping between Objectives and Outcomes

Course Outcome #	Program Outcomes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4
CO1	H	H	L	L
CO2	H	H	H	L
CO3	H	M	H	L
CO4	M	H	H	L
CO5	M	H	M	L

Mapping Between COs and Course Delivery (CD) methods

CD	Course Delivery methods	Course Outcome	Course Delivery Method
CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors	CO1, 2, 3, 4, 5	CD1
CD2	Tutorials/Assignments	CO1, 2, 3	CD1,CD2
CD3	Seminars	CO 2, 3	CD3
CD4	Mini projects/Projects	CO3	CD4
CD5	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids	CO 1, 2, 3	CD5
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets	CO1, 2, 3	CD6
CD7	Simulation	CO2	CD7

Lecture wise Lesson planning Details.

Week No.	Lect. No.	Ch. No.	Topics to be covered	Text Book / References	COs mapped	Methodology used

1-3	L1-L9	1	Organic photochemistry	T1, T2, R1	1	PPT Digi Class/Chock -Board
4-7	L10-L21	2	Free radical reactions	T3, R2	1	-do-
8-9	L22-L27	3	Pericyclic reactions	T2, R3	1	-do-
10-12	L28-L36	4	Heterocyclic chemistry	T1, T3, R2	2	-do-
13-15	L37-L45	5	Asymmetric synthesis	T1, R4	3	-do-

Course code: CH 411

Course title: Physical Chemistry-VIII: Equilibrium, Non-Equilibrium & Statistical Thermodynamics

Pre-requisite(s): B. Sc. (H) Chemistry

Co- requisite(s):

Credits: 3 L: 3 T: 0 P: 0

Class schedule per week: 03

Class: M. Sc. and I. Msc.

Semester / Level: M. Sc. II/ I. M. Sc. VIII

Branch: Chemistry

Name of Teacher:

Course Objectives

This course enables the students:

A.	To understand the basic principles of equilibrium and non-equilibrium thermodynamics.
B.	To familiarize with the fundamental concepts of statistical thermodynamics.

Course Outcomes

After the completion of this course, students will be:

1.	Able to calculate change in thermodynamic properties, equilibrium constants, partial molar quantities, chemical potential.
2.	Able to solve numerical problems based on non-ideal solutions, chemical potentials, thermodynamic properties.
3.	Able to measure the partition function of ideal and real gases.

Syllabus

Module I: Equilibrium Thermodynamics Basics

(8 lectures)

Introduction to thermodynamics: Concept of work and heat, first law of thermodynamics, enthalpy and heat capacities, concept of entropy, second law of thermodynamics, third law of thermodynamics-residual entropy. Maxwell's Relations and its applications and thermodynamic equations of state.

Module II: Equilibrium Thermodynamics Applications

(9 lectures)

Free energy, free energy of mixing of gases and variation of free energy with temperature, pressure and volume (Gibbs-Helmholtz equations with its applications). Chemical potential, Gibbs-Duhem equation, determination of partial molar quantities, equilibrium constant, temperature dependence of equilibrium constant. Clapeyron & Clapeyron-Clausius equation, fugacity & activity of gas and liquid. Third law of thermodynamics: Determination of absolute entropy of solids, liquids & gases, Boltzmann entropy equation.

Module III: Statistical Thermodynamics Basics

(8 lectures)

Concept of distribution, Thermodynamic probability and most probable distribution, Maxwell-Boltzmann statistics, Bose-Einstein statistics, Fermi-Dirac statistics. Ensemble averaging, Canonical, Grand canonical and micro canonical ensembles.

Module IV: Statistical Thermodynamics Applications

(10 lectures)

Ideal Gases: Partition functions: Translational, rotational, Vibrational and electronic partition functions and calculation of thermodynamic properties in terms of partition functions for ideal monatomic and diatomic gas. Equilibrium constant of an ideal gas reaction in terms of partition function. *Real gases:* intermolecular potential and virial coefficients. Debye and Einstein theory of heat capacity of solids. Structure and thermal properties of liquids, Pair correlation functions. *Solids:* Thermodynamics of solids - Einstein and Debye models. T^3 dependence of heat capacity of solids at low temperatures (universal feature). *Metals:* Fermi function, Fermi energy, free electron model and density of states, chemical potential of conduction electrons.

Module V: Non-equilibrium thermodynamics

(10 lectures)

Thermodynamic criteria for non-equilibrium state, Phenomenological laws and Onsager reciprocal relations, Conservation of mass and energy in closed and open system. Entropy production: Due to heat flow, involving chemical reactions. Entropy production and entropy flow in open system. Transformation properties of fluxes and forces. Electrokinetic phenomena. Stationary non-equilibrium state: Prigogine's principle. Irreversible thermodynamics for biological systems.

Text books:

1. D. A. McQuarrie and J. D. Simon, Molecular Thermodynamics, Viva Books Private Limited, 1st Indian edition, 2004.
2. D. A. McQuarrie and J. D. Simon, Physical Chemistry: A molecular Approach, Viva, 1998.
3. C. Kalidas and M. V. Sangaranarayan, Non-Equilibrium Thermodynamics: Principles and Applications, McMillan India Ltd., 2002.
4. R. P. Rastogi and R. R. Misra, An Introduction to Chemical Thermodynamics, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., 6th ed., 2000.
5. S. Glasstone, Thermodynamics for Chemists, East-West Press Pvt. Ltd. 2008.

Reference books:

1. P. W. Atkins, Physical Chemistry, 7th ed., Oxford University Press, New York, 2002.
2. I. N. Levine, Physical Chemistry, 5th ed., Tata McGraw Hill Pub. Co. Ltd., New Delhi. 2002.
3. F. W. Sears & G. L. Salinger, Thermodynamics, Kinetic Theory & Statistical Thermodynamics, Narosa, 1986.
4. I. Prigogine, Introduction to Thermodynamics of Irreversible Processes. 3rd ed., Interscience, New York, 1978.

Course Delivery methods
Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
Tutorials/Assignments
Seminars
Mini projects/Projects
Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets
Simulation

Course Outcome (CO) Attainment Assessment tools & Evaluation procedure

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Assignment	10
Seminar before a committee	10
Three Quizzes	10+10+10
End Sem Examination Marks	50

Assessment Components	CO1	CO2	CO3
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Assignments	√	√	
Quiz I	√		
Quiz II		√	
End Sem Examination Marks	√	√	√

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty

2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Mapping of Course Outcomes onto Program Outcomes:

Course Outcome #	Program Outcomes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4
CO1	H	H	M	L
CO2	H	H	M	L
CO3	H	H	M	L

Mapping Between COs and Course Delivery (CD) methods

CD	Course Delivery methods	Course Outcome	Course Delivery Method
CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors	CO1, 2, 3	CD1
CD2	Tutorials/Assignments	CO1, 2, 3	CD1, 2
CD3	Seminars	CO3, 4	CD3
CD4	Mini projects/Projects	CO1, 2, 3, 4, 5	CD4
CD5	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids	CO2, 3	CD5
CD6	Industrial/guest lectures	CO4	CD6, 7
CD7	Simulation	CO5	CD8

Lecture wise Lesson planning Details.

Week No.	Lect. No.	Ch. No.	Topics to be covered	Text Book / References	COs mapped	Methodology used
1-3	L1-L8	1	Basics of Equilibrium Thermodynamics	T1, T2,T3,R2	1	PPT Digi Class/Chock -Board
3-6	L9-L17	2	Applications of Equilibrium Thermodynamics	T1,T2,T3 R2,R3	1	-do-
6-9	L18-L25	3	Basics of Statistical Thermodynamics	T2, T3,R2	1, 2	-do-

9-12	L26-L35	4	Application of Statistical Thermodynamics	T1,R4	3	-do-
12-15	L36-L45	5	Basics of Non-equilibrium Thermodynamics	T1,T2	2	-do-

Course code: CH 412
Course title: Analytical Chemistry
Pre-requisite(s): B. Sc. (H) Chemistry
Co- requisite(s):
Credits: 4 L: 3 T: 1 P: 0
Class schedule per week: 04
Class: M. Sc. and I. M. Sc.
Semester / Level: M. Sc. II/ I. M. Sc. VIII
Branch: Chemistry
Name of Teacher:

Course Objectives

This course enables the students:

A.	To understand the basics of analytical Chemistry
B.	To understand several separation techniques
C.	To know about the classical analytical methods
D.	To learn the thermal and electrochemical techniques of analysis

Course Outcomes

After the completion of this course, students will be:

1.	Able to explain the basics of analytical Chemistry
2.	Separate the mixtures by different separation methods
3.	Able to determine the sample by volumetric and gravimetric analysis
4.	Determine the samples through different thermal and electrochemical techniques of analysis

Syllabus

Module I: Introduction to Analytical Chemistry (10 lectures)

Types of analysis-qualitative and quantitative. Classification of analytical methods- classical and instrumental, basis of their classification with examples. Statistical analysis and validation: Errors in chemical analysis. Classification of errors- systematic and random, additive and proportional, absolute and relative. Accuracy and precision. Mean, median, average deviation and standard deviation. Significant figures and rules to determine significant figures. Calculations involving significant figures. Confidence limit, correlation coefficient and regression analysis. Comparison of methods: F-test and T-test. Rejection of data based on Q test. Least squares method for deriving calibration graph. Validation of newly developed analytical method. Certified reference materials (CRMs). Numerical problems.

Module II: Separation Techniques (10 lectures)

Chromatography: Definition and Classification. Techniques used in Paper, Thin Layer and Column chromatography. Applications in qualitative and quantitative analysis.

Ion exchange: Principle and technique. Types of ion exchangers. Ion exchange equilibria. Ion exchange capacity. Effect of complexing ions. Zeolites as ion-exchangers. Applications.

Solvent extraction: Principle and techniques. Distribution ratio and distribution coefficient. Factors affecting extraction efficiency: Ion association complexes, chelation, synergistic extraction, pH. Numericals based on multiple extractions. Role of chelating ligands, crown ethers, calixarenes and cryptands in solvent extraction. Introduction to Solid phase extraction (SPE) and Microwave assisted extraction (MAE), Applications.

Module III: Classical Methods of Analysis (9 lectures)

Volumetric analysis: General principle. Theory of indicators. Types of titrations with examples- Acid-base, precipitation, redox and complexometric. Titration curves for monoprotic and polyprotic acids and bases. Indicators used in various types of titrations. Masking and demasking agents.

Gravimetric analysis: General principles and conditions of precipitation. Concepts of solubility, solubility product and precipitation equilibria. Steps involved in gravimetric analysis. Purity of precipitate: Co-precipitation and post-precipitation. Fractional precipitation. Precipitation from homogeneous solution. Particle size, crystal growth, colloidal state, aging and peptization phenomena. Ignition of precipitates.

Module IV: Thermal Methods of Analysis

(7 lectures)

Principle, methodology and applications: thermogravimetric and differential thermal analysis, differential scanning calorimetry; Thermo-mechanical and dynamic mechanical analysis; thermometric titrations

Module V: Electrochemical Methods of Analysis

(9 lectures)

Conductometry: Concepts of electrical resistance, conductance, resistivity and conductivity. Specific, molar and equivalent conductance and effect of dilution on them. Measurement of conductance. Kohlrausch's law, Applications of conductometry in determination of dissociation constant, solubility product. Conductometric titrations. High frequency titrations. Numerical problems.

Potentiometry: Circuit diagram of simple potentiometer. Indicator electrodes: hydrogen electrode, quinhydrone electrode, antimony electrode and glass electrode. Reference electrodes: Calomel electrode and Ag/AgCl electrode. Theory of potentiometric titrations. Acid-base, redox, precipitation and complexometric titrations. Nernst equation, standard electrode potential, Determination of cell potential, n , K_f and K_{sp} . pH titrations. Buffers and buffer capacity. pH of buffer mixtures based on Henderson-Hasselbalch equation.

Text books:

1. G. D Christian, Analytical Chemistry. 5th ed., John – Wiley and Sons Inc., 1994.
2. D. A. Skoog, D. M. West and F. J. Holler, Fundamentals of Analytical Chemistry. 7th ed., Saunders College Publishing, 1996.
3. H. H. Willard, L. L. Merrit, J. A. Dean and F. A. Set, Instrumental methods of Analysis, CBS Publishers, 1996.

Reference books:

1. G. W. Ewing, Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis, 5th ed., McGraw-Hill, New York, 1988.
2. A. J. Bard & L. R. Faulkner, Electrochemical methods, 2nd ed., Wiley, New York, 2000.
3. Vogel's text book of Quantitative Chemical analysis 5th edition, Ed., Jeffery et al. ELBS/Longman, 1989.
4. Encyclopedia of Analytical Chemistry: Ed. by R.A. Meyers Vol. 1-15, John Wiley, 2000.
5. D. M. Skoog, D. M. West and F. J. Holler, Fundamentals of Instrumental Analysis, 8th ed., Saunders College Publishing, 2004.

Course Delivery methods
Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
Tutorials/Assignments
Seminars
Mini projects/Projects
Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets
Simulation

Course Outcome (CO) Attainment Assessment tools & Evaluation procedure

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Assignment	10

Seminar before a committee	10
Three Quizzes	10+10+10
End Sem Examination Marks	50

Assessment Components	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4
Assignment	√	√		
Quiz -1		√		
Quiz II			√	
End Sem Examination Marks	√	√	√	√

Indirect Assessment –

- 1. Student Feedback on Faculty**
- 2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome**

Mapping between Objectives and Outcomes

Course Outcome #	Program Outcomes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4
CO1	H	H	L	L
CO2	H	H	H	L
CO3	H	H	H	L
CO4	M	H	H	L

Mapping Between COs and Course Delivery (CD) methods

CD	Course Delivery methods	Course Outcome	Course Delivery Method
CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1
CD2	Tutorials/Assignments	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1,CD2
CD3	Seminars	CO 2, 3	CD3
CD4	Mini projects/Projects	CO3, 4	CD4
CD5	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids	CO 1, 2, 3	CD5
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD6
CD7	Simulation	CO2, 4	CD7

Lecture wise Lesson planning Details.

Week No.	Lect. No.	Ch. No.	Topics to be covered	Text Book / References	COs mapped	Methodology used
1-4	L1-L09	1	Introduction to Analytical Chemistry	T1, R1,R3	1	PPT Digi Class/Chock-Board
4-7	L10-L18	2	Separation Techniques	T1,T2 R1,R3	1	-do-
7-10	L19-L27	3	Classical Methods of Analysis	T1, R2,R3	2	-do-
10-11	L28-L36	4	Thermal Methods of Analysis	T1	3	-do-
12-15	L37-L45	5	Electrochemical Methods of Analysis	T1	4	-do-

Course code: CH 413
Course title: Inorganic Chemistry-V Lab
Pre-requisite(s): B. Sc. (H) Chemistry
Co- requisite(s):
Credits: 2 L: T: P: 4
Class schedule per week: 04
Class: M.Sc. and I M.Sc.
Semester / Level: M. Sc. II/ I. M. Sc. VIII
Branch: Chemistry
Name of Teacher:

Syllabus

1. Semi micro qualitative analysis of mixtures containing two anions, two common cations and one rare earth elements: W, Mo, Ce, Th, Zr, V, U and Li.
2. Gravimetric determination of Fe in iron ore as Fe_2O_3 .
3. Chemical Analysis of Alloy samples: Dissolution, sample preparation & Analysis. (any one)
 - a) Analysis of brass: Estimation of copper by gravimetry and zinc by EDTA titration.
 - b) Analysis of bronze: Estimation of copper by volumetry and tin by gravimetry
4. Inorganic Synthesis:
 - a) Nano-chemistry: Synthesis and characterization of manganese dioxide nanoparticles
 - b) Synthesis of pentaamminechlorocobalt(III) chloride.
 - c) Preparation of *cis* and *trans*-dichlorobis-(ethylenediamine)cobalt(III) chloride
 - d) Ligand synthesis for multimetal complex: Preparation of *bis*-(*N,N*-disalicylidene ethylenediamine)
 - e) Synthesis and characterization of *tris*-triphenylphosphinecopper(I) nitrate
 - f) Preparation of *bis*-(*N, N'*-disalicylaethylene-diamine)- μ -aquadicalcobalt(II)

Reference Books:

1. Vogel's Text book of Qualitative Chemical Analysis, J. Bassett, G. H. Jeffery and J. Mendham, ELBS, 1986.
2. Vogel's text book of Quantitative Chemical Analysis, 5th Edition, J. Bassett, G. H. Jeffery and J. Mendham, and R. C. Denny, Longman Scientific and Technical, 1999.
3. J. D. Woollins, Inorganic Experiments; VCH, Weinheim, 1994.

Assessment Tool	% Contribution
Progressive Evaluation	60 (Day to day performance: 30, Quiz: 10, Viva: 20)
End Sem Examination	40 (Experiment Performance: 30, Quiz: 10)

Course code: CH 414

Course title: Theoretical & Computational Chemistry Lab

Pre-requisite(s): B. Sc. (H) Chemistry

Co-requisite(s):

Credits: 2 L: 0 T: 0 P: 4

Class schedule per week: 04

Class: M.Sc. and I. M. Sc.

Semester / Level: M. Sc. II/ I. M. Sc. VIII

Branch: Chemistry

Name of Teacher:

Syllabus

1. A) Draw and clean the 2D chemical structure for given molecules (e.g.; Barbituric Acid, N-acetylneuraminic acid, Cholesterol) as per ACS format using ChemDraw Software. B) Perform the analysis of the drawn structure to report IUPAC name, molecular weight, exact mass and elemental analysis. C) Convert the 2D chemical structure into 3D structure using Chem3D software and demonstrate the various molecular models.
2. Draw the suitable conformers of 2,3-dibromobutane and demonstrate in Sawhorse, Newmann, and Fisher projection. Minimize the eclipsed and staggered conformer and evaluate the energies by molecular mechanics (MM) for both conformers.
3. Compute the physico-chemical properties such as log p, solubility, molar refractivity and NMR for a given molecule.
4. Draw the reaction mechanism for a given name reaction using ChemDraw tools in ACS (American Chemical Society) format.
5. Compute the partial atomic charges (extended Huckel) in phenol and display by color gradient.
6. Draw and demonstrate the HOMO-LUMO diagram using ethylene molecule. Minimize the energy of the given molecule and calculate HOMO-LUMO energy gap using Gaussian Software.
7. (a) Introduction about the computational chemistry software Schrodinger, understanding and use of its Graphical interface "Maestro" to prepare the molecular system for computer simulation. (b) Draw the 3D structure of a given chiral molecule (tamiflu) in Maestro workspace, clean the structure by short minimization using MM.
8. Generate the all stereochemical structure of a given molecules (tamiflu or zanamavir) using maestro interface of Schrodinger.
9. Conduct the molecular docking experiment for a given ligands with a large protein structure. Report the docking score and binding mode of ligands within the protein active site. Compare the docking result to conclude the remarks for its binding affinity.
10. Determine the single point energy of benzene (assume: singlet and uncharged) by density-function calculation with the B3LYP functional and a 6-31G** basis set. Optimize the geometry of the output structure from experiment-9 using BLYP/6-31G** level.
11. Run the calculation to demonstrate the electrostatic potential (ESP) of vinyl alcohol. Label atoms in the workspace with atomic properties derived from the ESP and examine the electrostatic potential (ESP) on the molecular surface.
12. Predict and describe the pKa values of organic bases such as methylamine, dimethyl amine and trimethyl amine using ChemOffice.
13. Draw and describe the 3D conformational features of *trans*-1,3-dimethyl cyclohexane. Draw, demonstrate and compare the electrostatic potential map of CH₃-Cl and CH₃-Li. Explain the significance of this experiment.

Text books:

1. F. Jensen, Introduction to Computational Chemistry, Wiley, New York, 1999.
2. A. Szabo and N. S. Ostlund, Modern Quantum Chemistry, Introduction to Advanced Electronic Structure Theory, 1st ed., revised Dover, 1989. More mathematical detail for many of the ab initio electronic structure methods.

Reference book:

1. D. A. McQuarrie, Quantum Chemistry, University Science Books, Mill Valley, CA, 1983.

Assessment Tool	% Contribution
Progressive Evaluation	60 (Day to day performance: 30, Quiz: 10, Viva: 20)
End Sem Examination	40 (Experiment Performance: 30, Quiz: 10)

Course code: CH 501

Course title: Spectroscopic Elucidation of Molecular Structure

Pre-requisite(s): B. Sc. (H) Chemistry

Co- requisite(s):

Credits: 4 L: 3 T: 1 P: 0

Class schedule per week: 04

Class: M. Sc. and I. M. Sc.

Semester / Level: M. Sc. III/ I. M. Sc. IX

Branch: Chemistry

Name of Teacher:

Course Objectives

This course enables the students:

A.	To interpret spectra collected through different characterization tools
B.	To deduce the structure of molecules from given spectral data

Course Outcomes

After the completion of this course, students will be:

1.	Learn fundamental principal of different characterization techniques
2.	Apply the basics of structural elucidation principles in deducing the molecular structure
3.	Analyse the given spectrum to decipher the molecular structure

Syllabus

UV-Visible & IR Spectroscopy

(8 Lectures)

Electronic transitions, Chromophores, Auxochromes, Bathochromic and hypsochromic shifts, Solvent effects, Woodward –Fieser Rules for dienes, enones and aromatic compounds.

Vibrational Transitions, Important group frequencies, Factors affecting I.R. group frequency, Applications of I.R. Instrumentation and recording of spectra.

Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Spectroscopy

(10 Lectures)

¹H-NMR: chemical shift, spin-spin interaction, shielding mechanism, chemical shift values and correlation for protons bonded to carbons and other nucleus, chemical exchange, effect of deuteration, complex spin-spin interaction between 2, 3, 4 and 5 nuclei, virtual coupling, stereochemistry, hindered rotation, simplification of complex spectra, nuclear magnetic double resonance, contact shift reagents, solvent effects, ¹³C-NMR: General considerations, chemical shifts, coupling constants and examples 2D-NMR: spectroscopy-COSY, NOESY, DEPT. DEPT with 3 different angles, interpretation of 2D spectra and examples.

Mass Spectrometry

(9 Lectures)

Introduction, ion production, factors affecting fragmentation, ion analysis, ion abundance, mass spectro fragmentation in organic compounds, common functional groups, molecular ion peak, high resolution mass spectrometry, examples of mass spectral fragmentation of organic compounds w.r.t. their structure determination.

Electron Spin Resonance Spectroscopy & Mossbauer Spectroscopy

(11 Lectures)

Hyperfine coupling, Spin polarization for atoms and transition metal ions, spin orbit coupling an significance of g-tensors, applications to transition metal complexes having one unpaired electron including biological systems and to inorganic free radicals such as PH₄, F₂⁻ and (BH₃)⁻.

Mossbauer Spectroscopy: Basic principles, spectral parameters and spectrum display, applications to the study of bonding and structures of Fe²⁺ and Fe³⁺ compounds, Sn²⁺ and Sn⁴⁺ compounds– nature of M-L bond, Co-ordination number, structure and detection of oxidation state.

Spectra and Structure: Combined application**(7 Lectures)**

UV, IR, NMR and Mass spectral data to elucidate unknown compound structure.

Text books:

1. D. H. Williams, I. Fleming, Spectroscopic Methods in Organic Chemistry, McGraw-Hill Education; 6th ed. 2007.
2. R. M. Silverstein, F. X. Webster, D. J. Kiemle, Spectrometric Identification of Organic Compounds, 7th ed.; Wiley: Hoboken, NJ, 2005.
3. W. Kemp, Organic Spectroscopy, McMillan, Reprint 2009.

Reference books:

1. J. R. Dyer, Applications of Spectroscopy of Organic Compounds, Prentice Hall, Reprint 2010.
2. R. S. Macomber, A Complete Introduction to Modern NMR Spectroscopy, Wiley-Interscience; 1st ed., 1997.
3. H. Gunther, NMR Spectroscopy, Basic Principles, Concepts and Applications in Chemistry, 3rd ed., Wiley VCH, 2013.

Course Delivery methods
Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
Tutorials/Assignments
Seminars
Mini projects/Projects
Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets
Simulation

Course Outcome (CO) Attainment Assessment tools & Evaluation procedure**Direct Assessment**

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Assignment	10
Seminar before a committee	10
Three Quizzes	10+10+10
End Sem Examination Marks	50

Assessment Components	CO1	CO2	CO3
Quiz -1	√		
Quiz II		√	
End Sem Examination Marks	√	√	√

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty**2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome****Mapping between Objectives and Outcomes**

Course Outcome #	Program Outcomes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4
CO1	H	H	M	L
CO2	H	M	L	H
CO3	H	M	L	H

Mapping Between COs and Course Delivery (CD) methods

CD	Course Delivery methods	Course Outcome	Course Delivery Method
CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors	CO1, 2, 3	CD1
CD2	Tutorials/Assignments	CO1, 2, 3	CD1,CD2
CD3	Seminars	CO 2, 3	CD3
CD4	Mini projects/Projects	CO3	CD4
CD5	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids	CO 1, 2, 3	CD5
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets	CO1, 2, 3	CD6
CD7	Simulation	CO2	CD7

Lecture wise Lesson planning Details.

Week No.	Lect. No.	Ch. No.	Topics to be covered	Text Book / References	COs mapped	Methodology used
1-2	L1-L09	1	UV-Vis and IR spectroscopy	T1, T2	1	PPT Digi Class/Chock -Board
3-6	L10-L18	2	NMR Spectroscopy	T1,T2,T3 R1,R3	1	-do-
7-9	L19-L27	3	Mass Spectrometry	T2, T3	1, 2	-do-
10-12	L28-L36	4	EPR and Mossbauer Spectroscopy	T3,R1	3	-do-
13-15	L37-L45	5	Structure determination from given	T1,T2,T3, R1,R2	2	-do-

			combination of spectra			
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Course code: CH 502 (SPL-I)

Course title: Inorganic Chemistry-VIII: Solid state and Nuclear Chemistry

Pre-requisite(s): B. Sc. (H) Chemistry

Co- requisite(s):

Credits: 4 L: 3 T: 1 P: 0

Class schedule per week: 04

Class: M. Sc. and I. M. Sc.

Semester / Level: M. Sc. III/ I. M. Sc. IX

Branch: Chemistry

Name of Teacher:

Course Objectives

This course enables the students:

A.	To understand the basics of nuclear chemistry
B.	To grow concept of nuclear structure
C.	To know about the nuclear reactions
D.	To know about the structure of the solids and their reactivities

Course Outcomes

After the completion of this course, students will be:

1.	Able to explain the basics of nuclear chemistry
2.	Able to explain the nuclear stability
3.	Able to predict the nuclear reactions
4.	Able to explain the structure of the solids and their reactivities

Syllabus

Module I: Basic Nuclear Chemistry

(9 Lectures)

Systematic of alpha, beta and gamma decays, Alpha decay, energy curve, spectra of alpha particles, Geiger-Nuttall law, theory of alpha decay, penetration of potential barrier, beta decay, range of energy relationship, beta spectrum, sergeants curve, Fermi theory of beta decay, matrix elements, allowed and forbidden transitions, curie plots, gamma decay, Nuclear energy levels, selection rule, isomeric transitions, Internal conversion, Auger effect.

Module II: Nuclear Structure and Stability

(9 Lectures)

Nuclear Potential, Binding energy, empirical mass equation, The Nuclear Models: Shell model-salient features, forms of the nuclear potential, filling of orbitals, nuclear configuration, Liquid drop model, Fermi gas model, Collective model and Optical model.

Module III: Nuclear reactions

(9 Lectures)

Introduction, production of projectiles, nuclear cross section, nuclear dynamics, threshold energy of nuclear reaction, Coulomb scattering, potential barrier, potential well, formation of a compound nucleus, Nuclear reactions, direct Nuclear reactions, heavy ion induced nuclear reactions, photonuclear reactions. Fission and Fusion reactions: Fission barrier and threshold, fission cross section, mass energy and charge distribution of fission products, symmetric and Asymmetric fission, decay chains and delayed neutrons.

Module IV: The Structure of solids

(9 Lectures)

The types of matter, classification of solids, close packing of atoms; Voids in closest packings; Radius ratio rule, Structure of ionic Crystals; Ionic Crystals with stoichiometry MX, Ionic Crystals with stoichiometry MX₂, spinel structure, perovskite structure. Perfect and Imperfect Crystals, intrinsic and extrinsic defects-

Point defects, line and plane defects, Vacancies- Schottky and Frenkel defects. Thermodynamics of Schottky and Frenkel defects formation, Colour centres, Non-stoichiometry and defects. Evolution of band structure, Brillouin zone, Effective mass of electron, Intrinsic semiconductors, Hall effect, Electrical conductivity of metals, alloys & semiconductors. Fermi levels in metals & semiconductors, Direct & indirect band gap semiconductors, Photo-conductivity, Properties of junctions: metal – metal, metal – semiconductor & semiconductor – semiconductor. Application: Diode system, Photocatalytic systems

Module V: Solid State Reactions

(9 Lectures)

Thermal decomposition reactions- Type I, Type II, Polymorphism, Enantiotropy & Monotropy, Order-disorder transitions, Buerger's Classification, Polytypism, Sintering, Zone refining, Crystal growth, Growth from solutions, Flame fusion method, Vapour deposition technique, Chemical transport reaction, Growth by condensation.

Text books:

1. H. J. Arnikaar, Essentials of Nuclear Chemistry, 4th ed. Wiley Eastern, 1987.
2. A. R. West, Solid State Chemistry and its Applications, 2nd ed., Student Edition, Wiley, 2014.

Reference books:

1. G. Friedlander, T. W. Kennedy, E. S. Macias and J. M. Miller, Introduction of Nuclear and Radiochemistry, 3rd ed., John Wiley, 1981.
2. H. J. M. Bowen, Chemical Applications of Radioisotopes, Methuen, 1969.
3. C. N. R. Rao, New Directions in Solid State Chemistry, 2nd ed., Cambridge University Press, 1997.

Course Delivery methods
Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
Tutorials/Assignments
Seminars
Mini projects/Projects
Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets
Simulation

Course Outcome (CO) Attainment Assessment tools & Evaluation procedure

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Assignment	10
Seminar before a committee	10
Three Quizzes	10+10+10
End Sem Examination Marks	50

Assessment Components	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4
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Assignment	√	√		
Quiz –I	√	√		
Quiz II			√	
End Sem Examination Marks	√	√	√	√

Indirect Assessment –

- 1. Student Feedback on Faculty**
- 2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome**

Mapping between Objectives and Outcomes

Course Outcome #	Program Outcomes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4
CO1	H	H	L	L
CO2	H	H	H	L
CO3	H	H	H	L
CO4	M	H	H	L

Mapping Between COs and Course Delivery (CD) methods

CD	Course Delivery methods	Course Outcome	Course Delivery Method
CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1
CD2	Tutorials/Assignments	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1,CD2
CD3	Seminars	CO 2, 3	CD3
CD4	Mini projects/Projects	CO3, 4	CD4
CD5	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids	CO 1, 2, 3	CD5
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD6
CD7	Simulation	CO2, 4	CD7

Lecture wise Lesson planning Details.

Week No.	Lect. No.	Ch. No.	Topics to be covered	Text Book / References	COs mapped	Methodology used

1-2	L1-L09	1	Basic Nuclear Chemistry: Systematic of alpha, beta and gamma decays, Alpha decay, energy curve, spectra of alpha particles, Geiger-Nuttal law, theory of alpha decay	T1, T2, R1	1	PPT Digi Class/Chock-Board
3-6	L10-L18	2	Nuclear Structure and Stability Nuclear Potential, Binding energy, empirical mass equation, The Nuclear Models	T1, T3, R2	2	-do-
5-6	L19-L27	3	Nuclear reactions Introduction, production of projectiles, nuclear cross section, nuclear dynamics, threshold energy of nuclear reaction, Coulomb scattering, potential barrier, potential well	T1, T2, R1	3	-do-
7-10	L28-L36	4	The Structure of solids The types of matter, classification of solids, close packing of atoms, Ionic Crystals with stoichiometry MX_2 , spinel structure, perovskite structure. Perfect and Imperfect Crystals, Schottky and Frenkel defects. Colour centres, Non-stoichiometry and defects.	T1, R2	4	-do-
11-15	L37-L45	5	Solid State Reactions: Thermal decomposition reactions- Type I, Type II, Polymorphism, Buerger's Classification, Polytypism, Sintering, Zone refining, Crystal growth, Growth from solutions	T1, T2, R1	5	-do-

Course code: CH 503(SPL-I)
Course title: Molecular Spectroscopy
Pre-requisite(s): B. Sc. (H) Chemistry
Co- requisite(s):
Credits: 4 L: 3 T: 1 P: 0
Class schedule per week: 04
Class: M. Sc. and I. M. Sc.
Semester / Level: M. Sc. III/ I. M. Sc. IX
Branch: Chemistry
Name of Teacher:

Course Objectives

This course enables the students:

A.	To recognize the fundamental principles of optical and magnetic resonance and simple relations between experimentally observable spectroscopic quantities and molecule dependent parameters by introducing time dependent quantum mechanics.
B.	To show that spectroscopy connects matter with molecules through interaction of electromagnetic radiation.

Course Outcomes

After the completion of this course, students will be:

1.	Able to apply principles of microwave, infrared and electronic spectroscopies to identify the fingerprint region of small molecules.
2.	Able to identify the element present in the molecule along with oxidation state from their respective binding energies.
3.	Able to apply the concept of chemical shift and spin-spin coupling in both NMR and EPR spectroscopy to identify high resolution spectra of small organic molecules.
4.	Familiar with modern spectrometers and methods, which are applied in industrial and scientific laboratories in the field of synthesis and structural determination.

Syllabus

Module I: Rotational spectroscopy

(9 lectures)

Classification of polyatomic molecules: Linear, symmetric rotor, spherical rotor and asymmetric rotor molecules. The Stark effect in hetero-nuclear diatomic molecules. Rotational Raman spectroscopy. Applications of microwave spectroscopy.

Module II: Vibrational spectroscopy

(9 lectures)

Infrared (IR) spectroscopy, Raman spectroscopy; Polyatomic molecules: Group vibrations, Number of normal vibrations of each symmetry species, Vibrational selection rules, Vibration-rotation spectroscopy, Anharmonicity. Techniques and instrumentation-Analysis by IR spectroscopy.

Module III: Electronic spectroscopy

(9 lectures)

Diatomic molecules. Selection rules. Breakdown of selection rules. Franck-Condon factors. Dissociation energies. Transition moments, assignment of electronic transitions of N₂, H₂O and formaldehyde using group theory. Qualitative ideas of solvent effects- viscosity, polarity, hydrogen bonding. Fluorescence and phosphorescence.

Module IV: Photoelectron spectroscopy

(9 lectures)

Ionization processes and Koopman's theorem, Ultraviolet photoelectron spectroscopy, X-ray photoelectron spectroscopy. Auger electron spectroscopy: introduction- instrumentation- classification of various transitions- quantification- applications. Electron energy loss spectroscopy: Franck and Hertz experiment-

instrumentation - selection rules- theory- studies on molecules- surface states- high resolution spectroscopy- adsorption and catalysis- applications.

Module V: Spin resonance spectroscopy

(9 lectures)

The effect of magnetic fields on electron and nuclei, nuclear magnetic resonance (NMR): Bloch equations, Steady state (continuous wave) and Transient (pulsed) experiments, nuclear Overhauser effect, Polarization transfer, Selective Population Inversion. Electron spin resonance (ESR): g value, hyperfine structure, ESR of organic free radicals, solids, inorganic ions, simple free radicals in solutions. Mossbauer spectroscopy: principle & applications.

Text books:

1. P. W. Atkins, J. de Paula, Physical Chemistry, Oxford, London, 7th ed. 2002.
2. P. S. Sindhu, Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy, New Age International (P) Ltd. Publishers, 2006.
3. C. M. Banwell, Molecular Spectroscopy, Tata McGraw Hill, 1998.
4. G. M. Barrow, Introduction to Molecular Spectroscopy, McGraw Hill, 1964.
5. M. Hollas, Modern Spectroscopy, Wiley; 4th ed., 2004.

Reference books:

1. A. Carrington and A. D. McLachlan, Introduction to Magnetic Resonance, Methuen, 1983.
2. J. D. Graybeal, Molecular Spectroscopy, McGraw Hill, 1993.
3. H. Friebolin, Basic One- and Two-Dimensional NMR Spectroscopy 5th ed., Wiley-VCH, 2010.

Course Delivery methods
Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
Tutorials/Assignments
Seminars
Mini projects/Projects
Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets
Simulation

Course Outcome (CO) Attainment Assessment tools & Evaluation procedure

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Assignment	10
Seminar before a committee	10
Three Quizzes	10+10+10
End Sem Examination Marks	50

Assessment Components	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4
Assignment	√	√	√	
Quiz –I	√			

Quiz II		√	√	
End Sem Examination Marks	√	√	√	√

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty

2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Mapping between Objectives and Outcomes

Course Outcome #	Program Outcomes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4
CO1	H	H	H	L
CO2	H	H	M	L
CO3	H	H	H	L
CO4	H	H	M	L

Mapping of Course Outcomes onto Program Outcomes:

Mapping Between COs and Course Delivery (CD) methods			
CD	Course Delivery methods	Course Outcome	Course Delivery Method
CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1
CD2	Tutorials/Assignments	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1, 2
CD3	Seminars	CO 1, 4	CD3
CD4	Mini projects/Projects	CO 4	CD4
CD5	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids	CO 1, 2, 3	CD5
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internet	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD6
CD7	Simulation	CO 2, 3	CD7

Lecture wise Lesson planning Details.

Week No.	Lect. No.	Ch. No.	Topics to be covered	Text Book / References	COs mapped	Methodology used
1-3	L1-L09	1	Microwave Spectroscopy	T1, T2 T3, T4	1, 4	PPT Digi Class/Chock-Board
4-6	L10-L18	2	Infrared and Raman Spectroscopy	T1,T3 R1,R3	1, 4	-do-

7-9	L19-L27	3	Absorption and Photoluminescence Spectroscopy	T3,T5, R2	1, 4	-do-
10-12	L28-L36	4	Photoelectron Spectroscopy	T4, T5	2	-do-
13-15	L37-L45	5	NMR and ESR Spectroscopy	T1, R1, R2, R3	3, 4	-do-

Course code: CH 504(SPL-I)
Course title: Advanced Organic Synthesis
Pre-requisite(s): B. Sc. (H) Chemistry
Co- requisite(s):
Credits: 4 L: 3 T: 1 P: 0
Class schedule per week: 04
Class: M. Sc. and I. M. Sc.
Semester / Level: M. Sc. III/ I. M. Sc. IX
Branch: Chemistry
Name of Teacher:

Course Objectives

This course enables the students:

A.	To understand protection and deportation of different functional groups
B.	To know about important hydroboration, oxidation and reduction reagents
C.	To understand the hydroboration, oxidation and reduction mechanism
D.	To learn about some important name reaction

Course Outcomes

After the completion of this course, students will be:

1.	Able to consider protection/deportation of functional groups during organic synthesis
2.	Able to perform and compare the hydroboration, oxidation and reduction reagents
3.	Able to explain the hydroboration, oxidation and reduction mechanisms
4.	Able to use the knowledge of name reaction for research and development purpose

Syllabus

Module I: Protection and deprotection

(8 Lectures)

Principle of protection and deprotection of alcohol, amine, carbonyl and carboxyl groups

Module II: Hydroboration reactions

(10 Lectures)

Introduction, synthetic application of organoboranes: isomerization, formation of C-C bonds, aldehydes, ketones, trialkylcarbinols, reactions of alkenylboranes and trialkylalkynyl borates, free-radical reactions of organoborane.

Module III: Reagents for Oxidation

(9 Lectures)

SeO₂, CrO₃, CrO₂Cl₂, LTA, t-BuOOH, mCPBA, PdCl₂, HgSO₄, KMnO₄, OsO₄, OsO₄/RuO₄, H₂O₂, C₆H₅CO₃H, CF₃CO₃H, I₂/Py, HIO₄, PCC, PDC, Des-Martin periodinane, IBX, NBS, AgNO₃, Ag₂CO₃, Ag₂O, AgO, MnO₂, NaIO₄ cat. Ozone, DDQ, DDQ/PbO₂.

Module IV: Reduction

(9 Lectures)

Catalytic hydrogenation and hydrogenolysis of various functional groups by Pt₂O, Pd/C, raney nickel, Homogeneous hydrogenation by transition metal complexes {Rh, Ru}, dissolving metal {Li, Na in Liq. NH₃, Zn/HCl or CH₃COOH}, non-metallic reducing agent {hydrazine, Et₃SiH, Ph₂SiH₂, formic acid}, Metal hydrides-based Reduction: LiAlH₄, alkoxyaluminate, DIBAL-H, NaBH₄, NaBH₃CN, LiBH₄, Zn(BH₄)₂, NaBH₄/CeCl₃, alkoxy/alkyl borohydrides, super-hydride, selectrides, n-Bu₃SnH

Module V: Selected Name reactions

(9 Lectures)

Biginelli reaction, Hantzsch reaction, Passerini reaction, Ugi reaction, McMurry olefination, Suzuki, Heck and Sonogashira coupling, Stille coupling, Mitsunobu reaction, Nef reaction, Ring closing metathesis (RCM) - Grubb's reaction, Larock Indole synthesis.

Text books:

1. J. Clayden, N. Greeves, S. Warren and P. Wothers, Organic Chemistry, 2nd ed., Oxford Press, 2012.
2. I. L. Finar, Organic Chemistry, Vol. I & II, 5th ed., Longman Ltd., New Delhi, 2011.
3. R. S. Monson, Advanced Organic Synthesis, Academic Press, New York, 2012.

Reference books:

1. P. Sykes, A Guidebook to Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, 6th ed., 7th Indian Reprint, Pearson Education, 2005.
2. Jerry March, Advanced Organic Chemistry, Wiley, 7th ed., 2013
3. Carey and Sundberg, Advanced Organic Chemistry, Springer, 5th ed.; 2000

Course Delivery methods
Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
Tutorials/Assignments
Seminars
Mini projects/Projects
Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets
Simulation

Course Outcome (CO) Attainment Assessment tools & Evaluation procedure**Direct Assessment**

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Assignment	10
Seminar before a committee	10
Three Quizzes	10+10+10
End Sem Examination Marks	50

Assessment Components	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4
Quiz –I	√	√		
Quiz II			√	
End Sem Examination Marks	√	√	√	√

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty
2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Mapping between Objectives and Outcomes

Course Outcome #	Program Outcomes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4
CO1	H	H	M	L
CO2	H	H	M	L
CO3	H	H	M	L
CO4	H	H	M	L

Mapping Between COs and Course Delivery (CD) methods

CD	Course Delivery methods	Course Outcome	Course Delivery Method
CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1
CD2	Tutorials/Assignments	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1,CD2
CD3	Seminars	CO 2, 3	CD3
CD4	Mini projects/Projects	CO3, 4	CD4
CD5	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids	CO 1, 2, 3	CD5
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD6
CD7	Simulation	CO2, 4	CD7

Lecture wise Lesson planning Details.

Week No.	Lect. No.	Ch. No.	Topics to be covered	Text Book / References	COs mapped	Methodology used
1-2	L1-L09	1	Protection and deprotection	T1, T2	1	PPT Digi Class/Chock-Board
3-5	L10-L18	2	Hydroboration reactions	T1,T2,T3 R1,R3	1	-do-
6-8	L19-L27	3	Reagents for oxidation	T2, T3, R2, R3	1, 2	-do-
9-12	L28-L36	4	Reduction	T3,R1, R2,R3	3	-do-
13-15	L37-L45	5	Selected name reactions	T1,T2,T3, R1,R2, R3	2	-do-

Course code: CH 505 (SPL-II)

Course title: Inorganic Chemistry-IX: Bio Inorganic Chemistry

Pre-requisite(s): B. Sc. (H) Chemistry

Co- requisite(s):

Credits: 4 L: 3 T: 1 P: 0

Class schedule per week: 04

Class: M. Sc. and I. M. Sc.

Semester / Level: M. Sc. III/ I. M. Sc. IX

Branch: Chemistry

Name of Teacher:

Course Objectives

This course enables the students:

A.	To grow knowledge on elements of life
B.	To study the role of oxygen in biology and its reactivity
C.	To know about the Hydrolase and Oxido-Reductase Enzymes
D.	To study the role of metals in medicine

Course Outcomes

After the completion of this course, students will be:

1.	Able to explain the role of different elements in biology
2.	Able to explain the oxygen management and oxygen transport mechanism in biology
3.	Able to explain role of Hydrolase and Oxido-Reductase Enzymes
4.	Able to explain the role of metals in drug

Syllabus

Module I Basic Bio-inorganic Chemistry

(9 Lectures)

Elements of life, the natural selection of elements, metallo-biomolecules– enzymes and proteins, their differences, Metal ion storage and transport: Ferritin, metallothioneins, ceruloplasmin; Siderophores– enterobactin, transferrin; Na^+ , K^+ pump, Ca^{2+} transport.

Module II Oxygen management and oxygen transport

(9 Lectures)

Kinetics of biological and non-biological oxygenation, Reactive Oxygen Species (ROS): Super oxide dismutase - Occurrence, types, active site structure and mechanism of catalytic activity, Catalase, Peroxidase - Occurrence, types, active site structure and mechanism of catalytic activity Cytochrome c Oxidase, Cytochrome P-450- Occurrence, types, active site structure and mechanism of catalytic activity. Natural Oxygen carriers: Heme Type: Myoglobins and Hemoglobins, Properties of heme and iron-porphyrins, The heme iron–dioxygen bond, Mechanism of dioxygen binding and model systems. Di-iron Type: Hemerythrins and Myohemerythrins : Early history and distribution of hemerythrins, Protein structure , The di-iron site and formulation of the O_2 binding reaction, Mechanism of dioxygen binding, Autoxidation, Cooperative hemerythrins, Dicopper Type: Hemocyanins: Protein structure and superstructure, The dicopper site, Mechanism of dioxygen binding.

Module III Hydrolase and Oxido-Reductase Enzymes

(9 Lectures)

Zn Carbonic Anhydrase, Zn Carboxy peptidase, Fe Acid Phosphatase, Ni Urease, Alcohol dehydrogenase- Occurrence, types, active site structure and mechanism and model system. catalytic activity of Cu proteins for biological oxidation: Tyrosinase, Galactose oxidase, Catecholase, phenoxazinone synthase.

Module IV Model Systems in Bioinorganic Chemistry

(9 Lectures)

Chemistry of Vitamin B_{12} , Iron– Sulphur proteins, Cytochromes, Nitrogenase- biological nitrogen fixation, molybdenum nitrogenase, Nitrogenase model systems, Hydrogenase and model systems, Metal complexes in transmission of energy- Chlorophylls & Photosynthetic Water Oxidation.

Module V Metals in Medicine

(9 Lectures)

Metal Toxicity and Homeostasis, Chelation Therapy, Vanadium-Based Diabetes Drugs, Pt based Anti-Cancer Drugs, Mechanism of cisDDP Antitumor Activity, Anti-arthritis drugs, Imaging Agents: Technetium Imaging Agents, Gadolinium MRI Imaging Agents, Gold containing drugs used in the therapy of Rheumatoid Arthritis, Lithium in psychopharmacological drugs.

Text books:

1. I. Bertini, H. B. Gray, S. J. Lippard, J. S. Valentine, Bioinorganic Chemistry, University Science Books, Mill Valley, CA, 1994.
2. W. Kaim, B. Schwederski, A. Klein, Bioinorganic Chemistry: Inorganic Elements in the Chemistry of Life: An Introduction and Guide, Wiley, 1994.
3. L. Stryer, J. M. Berg, J. L. Tymoczko, 5th ed., W. H. Freeman & Co Ltd, 2002.

Reference books:

1. R. R. Crichton, Biological Inorganic Chemistry, 2nd ed., Elsevier, 2012.
2. R. M. Roat-Malone, Bioinorganic Chemistry: A Short Course, Wiley, 2002.

Course Delivery methods
Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
Tutorials/Assignments
Seminars
Mini projects/Projects
Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets
Simulation

Course Outcome (CO) Attainment Assessment tools & Evaluation procedure

<u>Direct Assessment</u>	
Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Assignment	10
Seminar before a committee	10
Three Quizzes	10+10+10
End Sem Examination Marks	50

Assessment Components	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4
Quiz –I	√	√		
Quiz II			√	
End Sem Examination Marks	√	√	√	√

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty
2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Mapping between Objectives and Outcomes

Course Outcome #	Program Outcomes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4
CO1	H	H	L	L
CO2	H	H	H	L
CO3	H	H	H	L
CO4	M	H	H	L

Mapping Between COs and Course Delivery (CD) methods

CD	Course Delivery methods	Course Outcome	Course Delivery Method
CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1
CD2	Tutorials/Assignments	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1,CD2
CD3	Seminars	CO 2, 3	CD3
CD4	Mini projects/Projects	CO3, 4	CD4
CD5	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids	CO 1, 2, 3	CD5
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD6
CD7	Simulation	CO2, 4	CD7

Lecture wise Lesson planning Details.

Week No.	Lect. No.	Ch. No.	Topics to be covered	Text Book / References	COs mapped	Methodology used
1-2	L1-L09	1	Elements of life, the natural selection of elements, metallo-biomolecules– enzymes and proteins, their differences, Metal ion storage and transport	T1, T2, R1	1	PPT Digi Class/Chock-Board
3-6	L10-L18	2	Oxygen management and oxygen transport, Reactive Oxygen Species	T1, T3, R2	2	-do-
5-6	L19-L27	3	Hydrolase and Oxido-Reductase Enzymes, Zn Carbonic Anhydrase, Zn Carboxy peptidase, Fe Acid Phosphatase, Ni Urease, Alcohol dehydrogenase-	T1, T2, R1	3	-do-

7-10	L28-L36	4	Model Systems in Bioinorganic Chemistry, Chemistry of Vitamin B ₁₂ , Iron– Sulphur proteins, Cytochromes, Nitrogenase-biological nitrogen fixation	T1, R2	4	-do-
11-15	L37-L45	5	Metal Toxicity and Homeostasis, Chelation Therapy, Vanadium-Based Diabetes Drugs, Pt based Anti-Cancer Drugs, Mechanism of cisDDP Antitumor Activity, Anti-arthritis drugs, Imaging Agents	T1, T2, R1	5	-do-

Course code: CH 506 (SPL-II)
Course title: Advanced Electrochemistry
Pre-requisite(s): B.Sc. (H) Chemistry
Co- requisite(s):
Credits: 4 L: 3 T: 1 P: 0
Class schedule per week: 04
Class: M. Sc. and I. M. Sc.
Semester / Level: M. Sc. III/ I. M. Sc. IX
Branch: Chemistry
Name of Teacher:

Course Objectives

This course enables the students:

A.	To learn electrode kinetics, corrosion and corrosion control.
B.	To know the principle and applications of electroanalytical, Spectro-electrochemical and spectroscopic techniques.
C.	To learn about the electrochemical energy systems used as power sources and for energy storage.

Course Outcomes

After the completion of this course, students will be:

1.	Able to calculate electrochemical kinetics parameters, exchange current density, Tafel slope.
2.	Familiar with the basic concepts of corrosion, factors which influence the corrosion and gain the knowledge about the control of corrosion in real situation.
3.	Familiar with electrochemical techniques like cyclic voltammetry, polarography, chrono methods, electrochemical impedance spectroscopy.
4.	Familiar with the reversible and irreversible cells and their applications in various fields and able to distinguish batteries, fuel cells and capacitors.

Syllabus

Module I: Electrode Kinetics

(9 lectures)

Mass transfer by Diffusion and Migration – models of electrode reactions – current potential characteristics–general mass transfer equation. Kinetics of an electrode reaction, Butler-Volmer equation, diffusion overpotential. Exchange current density, Tafel plot. Polarizable and non-polarizable interfaces. Irreversible electrode processes.

Module II: Corrosion

(9 lectures)

Different types of corrosion; Evans diagram, Pourbaix diagram; Corrosion current and Corrosion potential; Measurement of corrosion rate; Stern Geary equation; Mixed potential theory and prevention of corrosion.

Module III: Electroanalytical Techniques

(10 lectures)

Potential Step Methods: Types of techniques, step under diffusion control, Ilkovic equation– polarographic analysis–sampled current voltammetry, reversible, irreversible processes, multicomponent systems. *Chrono Methods:* Chronoamperometry, chronocoulometry. *Pulse polarographic methods; Potential Sweep Methods:* Cyclic Voltammetry; *Bulk Electrolysis Techniques:* Classification of methods–Controlled Potential methods: current – time behaviour, electrogravimetry, electroseparation–Coulometric measurements: controlled current methods: characteristics, coulometric methods–Electrometric end point detection: classification, potentiometric, amperometric methods.

Module IV: Spectro-electrochemical and spectroscopic techniques

(7 lectures)

Impedance Spectroscopy, Scanning Electrochemical Microscopy, Electrochemical AFM and STM, Electrochemical Quartz Crystal Microbalance.

Module V: Electrochemical Energy Systems

(10 lectures)

Electrochemical power sources - theoretical background on the basis of thermodynamic and kinetic considerations. Primary cells, secondary cells- magnesium and aluminium based cells magnesium reserve batteries, Li-ion batteries. Fuel cells - classification - chemistry of fuel cells - detailed description of hydrogen/oxygen fuel cells - methanol - molten carbonate solid polymer electrolyte and biochemical fuel cells. Photoelectrochemical cells, Electrochemical supercapacitors for energy storage.

Text books:

1. J.O'M. Bockris & A. K. N. Reddy, Modern Electrochemistry, Vol. 1 & 2A and 2 B, Plenum Press, New York, 2000.
2. A. J. Bard and L. R. Faulkner, Electrochemical methods, Wiley & Sons, 2nd ed., 2001.
3. S. Glasstone, Introduction to Electrochemistry, East West Press, reprint 2007.

Reference books:

1. D. R. Crow, The Principle of electrochemistry, Chapman Hall, 4th ed. 1994.
2. H. Kissinger, Electroanalytical Techniques, John wiley, 1998.
3. P. H. Reiger, Electrochemistry, Prentice Hall, 1987.

Course Delivery methods
Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
Tutorials/Assignments
Seminars
Mini projects/Projects
Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets
Simulation

Course Outcome (CO) Attainment Assessment tools & Evaluation procedure

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Assignment	10
Seminar before a committee	10
Three Quizzes	10+10+10
End Sem Examination Marks	50

Assessment Components	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4
Assignment	√	√	√	
Quiz –I	√			
Quiz II		√	√	
End Sem Examination Marks	√	√	√	√

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty
2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Mapping between Objectives and Outcomes

Course Outcome #	Program Outcomes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4
CO1	M	H	H	L
CO2	H	H	H	L
CO3	H	H	H	L
CO4	H	H	H	L

Mapping Between COs and Course Delivery (CD) methods:

CD	Course Delivery methods	Course Outcome	Course Delivery Method
CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1
CD2	Tutorials/Assignments	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1,CD2
CD3	Seminars	CO 2, 3	CD3
CD4	Mini projects/Projects	CO 2, 3, 4	CD4
CD5	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids	CO 1, 2, 3	CD5
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internet	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD6
CD7	Simulation	CO1	CD7

Lecture wise Lesson planning Details.

Week No.	Lect. No.	Ch. No.	Topics to be covered	Text Book / References	COs mapped	Methodology used
1-3	L1-L09	1	Electrode Kinetics	T1, T2 T3	1	PPT Digi Class/Chock-Board
3-5	L10-L18	2	Corrosion	T1,T3 R1	2	-do-
6-10	L19-L27	3	Different Electroanalytical Techniques	T1,T2, R2	3	-do-
11	L28-L36	4	Spectroelectrochemical Techniques	T1, T2	3	-do-
12-15	L37-L45	5	Electrochemical Energy Systems	T1, T2, R2, R3	4	-do-

Course code: CH 507 (SPL-II)

Course title: Selected Topics in Organic Synthesis

Pre-requisite(s): B. Sc. (H) Chemistry
Co- requisite(s):
Credits: 4 L: 3 T:1 P: 0
Class schedule per week: 04
Class: M. Sc. and I. M. Sc.
Semester / Level: M. Sc. III/ I. M. Sc. IX
Branch: Chemistry
Name of Teacher:

Course Objectives

This course enables the students:

A.	To know about advance spectroscopy of complex molecules
B.	To understand details on neighbouring group participation with mechanism
C.	To get idea about asymmetric synthesis using various catalyst
D.	To learn about retrosynthetic principle and approach

Course Outcomes

After the completion of this course, students will be:

1.	Able to understand and identify the advance spectroscopy of complex molecules
2.	Able to explain the neighbouring group participation process and its mechanism
3.	Able to use the knowledge of asymmetric synthesis during the use of various catalyst
4.	Able to consider retrosynthetic approach during research and development

Syllabus

Module I: Advanced Stereochemistry

(9 Lectures)

Optical isomerism in compounds without any stereocenters (allenes, biphenyls), Enantiomerism in allenes, alkylidene cycloalkane, spiranes- configurational nomenclature, correlation of axial dissymmetry and centrodisymmetry, Stereochemistry of natural products, strychnine, podophyllotoxin, Conformation and reactivity of fused polycyclic systems: perhydrophenanthrenes.

Module II: Neighboring Group Participation

(9 Lectures)

Concept of neighboring group participation with mechanism, neighboring group participation by π & σ bonds, classical and non-classical carbocations, Intramolecular displacement by hydrogen, Oxygen, nitrogen, sulphur and halogen. Anchimeric assistance using Alkyl, cycloalkyl, Aryl participation, participation in bicyclic system, migratory aptitude, intimate and solvent separated ion-pair, transannular, pinacol and carbocation rearrangements and related rearrangements in neighboring group participation, NGP in elimination and addition.

Module III: Catalytic Asymmetric Synthesis

(9 Lectures)

Sharpless epoxidation and dihydroxylation; asymmetric cyclopropanation; asymmetric hydrogenation, Enzyme catalyzed asymmetric synthesis, CBS reduction, Reactions using Chiral Lewis Acids and Bronsted Acids, Hydrosilylation of Carbon-Carbon Double bonds and Related Reactions, Synthesis via C-H Activation: Introduction, types of C-H activation, oxidation of alkanes, addition of C-H bond to C-C double bonds, C-H activation in natural product synthesis.

Module IV: Principles of Retrosynthesis

(9 Lectures)

Methodologies in organic synthesis-basic ideas on synthons and synthetic equivalents, disconnection approach, functional group transformations and inter-conversions of simple functionalities, Disconnection Approaches, Functional Group Interconversions (FGI). Concept of synthetic efficiency: one pot, multi-component and atom economical reactions. linear and convergent synthesis.

Module V: Retrosynthetic analysis

(9 Lectures)

One group disconnections, Reactions examples One group C-C and C-X disconnection, Umpolung of reactivity and protecting groups. Two group C-C disconnections, Diels-Alder reaction, 1,3-difunctionalised compounds, α , β -unsaturated carbonyl compounds, control in carbonyl condensation, 1,5-difunctionalised compounds. Michael addition and Robinson annelation, Retrosynthetic analysis and synthetic design of Tamiflu and Reserpine.

Text books:

1. D. Nasipuri, Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds: Principles and Applications; New Age International Publishers, 2018
2. M. B. Smith, March's Advanced Organic Chemistry: Reactions, Mechanism and Structure, 7ed, Wiley, 2015.
3. W. Carruthers, I. Coldham, Some modern methods of Organic Synthesis, 4th ed., Cambridge Univ. Press, 2015.
4. S. Warren, Organic Synthesis: The Disconnection Approach, Wiley 2007

Reference books:

1. E. L. Eliel, Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds, Wiley, 2008
2. S. Warren, P. Wyatt Workbook for Organic Synthesis: The Disconnection Approach, 2nd ed., Wiley, 2010.
3. Norman and Coxon, Principle of Organic Synthesis, 3rd ed., CRC Press, 1993.
4. I. Ojima, Catalytic Asymmetric Synthesis, 3rd ed, John Wiley & Sons, New Jersey, 2010.
5. V. Sunjic, V. P. Perokovic; Organic Chemistry from Retrosynthesis to Asymmetric Synthesis, Springer, 2016

Course Delivery methods
Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
Tutorials/Assignments
Seminars
Mini projects/Projects
Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets
Simulation

Course Outcome (CO) Attainment Assessment tools & Evaluation procedure

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Assignment	10
Seminar before a committee	10
Three Quizzes	10+10+10
End Sem Examination Marks	50

Assessment Components	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4
Assignment	√	√		
Quiz –I	√			
Quiz II			√	
End Sem Examination Marks	√	√	√	√

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty

2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Mapping between Objectives and Outcomes

Course Outcome #	Program Outcomes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4
CO1	M	H	L	L
CO2	H	H	M	L
CO3	H	H	H	M
CO4	H	M	H	L

Mapping Between COs and Course Delivery (CD) methods

CD	Course Delivery methods	Course Outcome	Course Delivery Method
CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1
CD2	Tutorials/Assignments	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1,CD2
CD3	Seminars	CO 2, 3	CD3
CD4	Mini projects/Projects	CO3, 4	CD4
CD5	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids	CO 1, 2, 3	CD5
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD6
CD7	Simulation	CO2, 4	CD7

Lecture wise Lesson planning Details.

Week No.	Lect No.	Ch. No.	Topics to be covered	TextBook /Refere nces	COs mapped	Methodology used

	L1-L09	1	Advanced Stereochemistry	T1, R1	1	PPT Digi Class/Chock-Board
	L10-L18	2	Neighboring Group Participation	T2, R3	1	-do-
	L19-L27	3	Catalytic Asymmetric Synthesis	T1, T2 R4	2	-do-
	L28-L36	4	Principles of Retrosynthesis	T4, R2, R5	3	-do-
	L37-L45	5	Retrosynthetic analysis	T4, R2, R5	3	-do-

Course code: CH 508

Course title: Advanced Characterization Lab

Pre-requisite(s): B. Sc. (H) Chemistry

Co- requisite(s):

Credits: 2 L: 0 T: 0 P: 4

Class schedule per week: 04

Class: M. Sc. and I. M. Sc.

Semester / Level: M. Sc. III/ I. M. Sc. IX

Branch: Chemistry

Name of Teacher:

Syllabus

- I: Examples of organic sample characterization by UV-VIS, IR, NMR, Mass, CHN, mp and single crystal diffraction techniques.
- Experiment 1: Synthesis and characterization of sugar intermediates using UV, IR, NMR (^1H and ^{13}C), Mass, mp and CHN.
- Experiment 2: Synthesis of Nucleo-base analogs and characterization using UV, IR, NMR (^1H and ^{13}C), Mass, mp and CHN.
- Experiment 3: Synthesis of Benzanilide and characterization using UV, IR, NMR (^1H and ^{13}C), Mass, mp and CHN.
- II: Examples of bimolecular and polymeric materials characterization using Intense Viscosity Measurement, Molecular Weight Determination and Distribution using GPC, Light Scattering Technique, FTIR, NMR, SEM, XRD
- Experiment 1: Determination of T_g and T_m of Polyvinyl chloride and methylmethacrylate polymer using TGA/DSC.
- Experiment 2: Study of surface morphology of polymeric material /hybrid materials using XRD and SEM.
- Experiment 3: Finding out molecular weight of PMMA using light-scattering/GPC.
- III: Examples of inorganic sample characterization
- Experiment 1: Thermogravimetric analysis of $\text{CuSO}_4 \cdot 5\text{H}_2\text{O}$
- Experiment 2: Synthesis & characterization of Fluorescent Zn complexes by spectrofluoremeter.
- Experiment 3: Study of surface morphology of inorganic materials using XRD and SEM.

Reference book:

1. V. R. Gowariker, N. V. Viswanathan & J. Sreedhar, Polymer Science, New Age International (P) Ltd. Publishers, 1986.
2. W. Kemp, Organic Spectroscopy, Palgrave, Reprint 2009.
3. Suryanarayana, C.; Norton, M. G. X-Ray Diffraction - A Practical Approach, Springer Publishers, 1998.
4. Lyman, C. E. et al., K.-R. Scanning Electron Microscopy, X-Ray Microanalysis, and Analytical Electron Microscopy, Springer Publishers, 1990.

Assessment Tool	% Contribution
Progressive Evaluation	60 (Day to day performance: 30, Quiz: 10, Viva: 20)
End Sem Examination	40 (Experiment Performance: 30, Quiz: 10)

Course code: CH 509
Course title: Inorganic Chemistry (SPL) Lab
Pre-requisite(s): B.Sc. (H) Chemistry
Co- requisite(s):
Credits: 2 L: T: P: 4
Class schedule per week: 04
Class: M.sc. and I M.Sc.
Semester / Level: M. Sc. III/ I. M. Sc. IX
Branch: Chemistry
Name of Teacher:

Syllabus

1. Determination of conductivity of 1:1, 1:2 and 1:3 complexes.
2. Kinetics of Hg(II) catalysed reaction of $[\text{FeCN}_6]^{4-}$ with 1,10-*ortho* phenonthroline and its application in the determination of trace quantity of Hg(II).
3. Study of the conductance of $\text{H}[\text{Co}(\text{DMGH})_2\text{Cl}_2]$ in freshly prepared aqueous solution and its change with time for studying the rate of aquation.
4. pH metric determination of Proton- Ligand and Metal-Ligand stability constants.
5. Colorimetric study of the kinetics of the reduction of azidopentaminecobalt(III) chloride by aqueous Fe(II) ion.
6. Colorimetry: Simultaneous determination of chromium and manganese in a solution by visible spectroscopy.
7. Spectrofluorometric determination of lanthanide elements in dilute solution.
8. Quantitative determination of DNA–Ligand binding using fluorescence spectroscopy.
9. Determination of magnetic moment of the lanthanides by Gouy's method.
10. Use of ligand field tetragonality on the ground state spin of Ni(II) complexes.
11. Determination of formal potential of electronically non-innocent ligands.
12. Determination of formal potential of metal complexes.

Reference books:

1. M. V. Cases, Principles of analytical chemistry, Springer, 2000.
2. D. Harvey, Modern Analytical Chemistry; Mcgraw-Hill, 2000.
3. A. J. Bard and I. Rubinstein, Electroanalytical Chemistry, CRC Press, 1998.
4. Electroanalytical Chemistry: A Series of Advances: Volume 24, A. J. Bard and C. Zoski, CRC Press, 2017.

Assessment Tool	% Contribution
Progressive Evaluation	60 (Day to day performance: 30, Quiz: 10, Viva: 20)
End Sem Examination	40 (Experiment Performance: 30, Quiz: 10)

Course code: CH 510
Course title: Physical Chemistry (SPL) Lab
Pre-requisite(s): B. Sc. (H) Chemistry
Co- requisite(s):
Credits: 2 L: 0 T: 0 P: 4
Class schedule per week: 04
Class: M. Sc. and I. M. Sc.
Semester / Level: M. Sc. III/ I. M. Sc. IX
Branch: Chemistry
Name of Teacher:

Syllabus

1. To determine pH of a buffer solution using quinhydrone electrode.
2. Oscillatory reaction: Chemical oscillation & pattern formation in B-Z system.
3. To study the phase diagram of two components forming a simple eutectic.
4. To determine the molecular weight of a polymer from viscosity measurements.
5. To determine magnetic susceptibility by Guoy balance.
6. To determine the surface area of alumina by BET surface area determination method.
7. To determine the solubility product by conductivity and potentiometric methods.
8. Stability constants of complexes by the use of pH meter, potentiometric method.
9. Reversibility of an electrochemical reactions and determination of concentration of a given reducible ion-Polarography.
10. To determine the Tafel constants, the corrosion current and the linear polarisation resistance from polarisation curves.
11. Electrochemical impedance spectroscopy (EIS) study and formation of equivalent circuit diagram.
12. To determine the effect of change of temperature, concentration of reactant and catalyst and ionic strength of the media on the velocity constant of hydrolysis of an ester.

Text books:

1. B. Viswanathan, and P. S. Raghavan, Practical Physical Chemistry, Viva Books, 2010.
2. J. B. Yadav, Advanced Practical Physical Chemistry, 22nd edition, Goel publishing House, Krishna Prakashan Media Ltd. 2005.
3. V. Venkatesan, R. Veeraswamy and A.R. Kulandaivelu, Basic Principles of Practical Chemistry, 2nd ed., Sultan Chand and Sons Publication, New Delhi. 1997.
4. D. Harvey, Modern Analytical Chemistry; McGraw-Hill, 2000.

Reference books:

1. B. P. Levitt, Findlays Practical Physical Chemistry, 9th ed., Longman, London, 1985.
2. G. R. Chatwal and S. K. Anand, Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis, Himalaya Publishing House, Delhi, 2000.
3. A. M. Halpern and G. C. McBane, Experimental Physical Chemistry: A Laboratory Text Book, 3rd ed., W. H. Freeman, 2006.

Assessment Tool	% Contribution
Progressive Evaluation	60 (Day to day performance: 30, Quiz: 10, Viva: 20)
End Sem Examination	40 (Experiment Performance: 30, Quiz: 10)

Course code: CH 511
Course title: Organic Chemistry (SPL) Lab
Pre-requisite(s): B.Sc. (H) Chemistry
Co- requisite(s):
Credits:2 L: 0 T: 0 P: 4
Class schedule per week: 04
Class: M.Sc. and I. M. Sc.
Semester / Level: M. Sc. III/ I. M. Sc. IX
Branch: Chemistry
Name of Teacher:

Syllabus

1. Synthesis of alcohol from the reaction of a Grignard reagent and a ketone.
2. Synthesis of an alkene from dehydration of the alcohol prepared in previous step.
3. Multi-step reactions, (Cyclohexanone to methyl cyclohexane) using i) Grignard reaction ii) Dehydration iii) High-pressure hydrogenation.
4. Anthranilic acid from phthalic anhydride.
5. Synthesis of Nylon 6 starting from cyclohexanone.
6. Characterization of an organic compound through CHN, Mass, FTIR, NMR and single crystal X-ray diffraction.

Reference Books:

1. A. I. Vogel, Quantitative Organic Analysis, Part 3, Pearson, 2012.
2. F. G. Mann, & B. C. Saunders, Practical Organic Chemistry, Pearson Education, 2009.
3. B. S. Furniss, A. J. Hannaford, P. W. G. Smith, A. R. Tatchell, Practical Organic Chemistry, 5th ed., Pearson, 2012.
4. V. K. Ahluwalia and R. Aggarwal, Comprehensive Practical Organic Chemistry: Preparation and Quantitative Analysis, University Press, 2000.
5. V. K. Ahluwalia and S. Dhingra, Comprehensive Practical Organic Chemistry: Qualitative Analysis, University Press, 2000.

Assessment Tool	% Contribution
Progressive Evaluation	60 (Day to day performance: 30, Quiz: 10, Viva: 20)
End Sem Examination	40 (Experiment Performance: 30, Quiz: 10)

Course code: CH 513 (SPL-III)

Course title: Inorganic Chemistry-X: Inorganic Photochemistry

Pre-requisite(s): B. Sc. (H) Chemistry

Co- requisite(s):

Credits: 4 L: 3 T: 1 P: 0

Class schedule per week: 04

Class: M. Sc. and I. M. Sc.

Semester / Level: M. Sc. IV/ I. M. Sc. X

Branch: Chemistry

Name of Teacher:

Course Objectives

This course enables the students:

A.	To understand the photolytic excited state
B.	To know the techniques to study the excited state
C.	To learn the photochemistry of polypyridyl complexes and porphyrins
D.	To know the application of inorganic photochemistry

Course Outcomes

After the completion of this course, students will be:

1.	To explain photochemical excited state
2.	To determine the properties of the excited state
3.	To explain the photochemical properties of polypyridyl complexes and porphyrins
4.	To explain the application of inorganic photochemistry

Syllabus

Module I Photophysical properties of excited state

(9 Lectures)

Absorption spectra and electronic transitions, Assignment of electronic transitions, Charge transfer transition, Radiative decay, Non-radiative decay and the energy gap law, Classification of the excited state- MLCT, MC & LC excited state, Reactivity pattern of the excited state, Electronic excited state of d^3 and d^6 complexes, Solvent effects and dipole moment of the excited state, Acid- base reactions of the excited states.

Module II Photochemical reactions and techniques for the study of excited state (9 Lectures)

Bimolecular quenching of the excited state, Energy and electron transfer quenching, Energetics, Photoredox reactions of metal complexes - Thermal electron transfer process: Classical treatment and self exchange type, Energy transfer reactions of the excited state, Excited state acid-base reactions, Photoinduced electron transfer, Photoinduced energy transfer (Forster and Dexter mechanism), Characterization of the excited state by steady state methods and Time-Resolved methods (Flash Photolysis), Time resolved conductivity, Electron spin resonance, Photoselection, Study photo-redox and energy transfer reactions, Study of the photosubstitution reactions.

Module III Photochemistry of the Polypyridyl complexes and porphyrins (9 Lectures)

Polypyridyl ligands as chelating agents, Free ligand and metal complexes excited state, Ground and excited state redox properties, General trends in polynuclear and ortho-metallated complexes, Polypyridyl complexes of Fe, Ru, Os, Cr and Cu Photochemical applications of Polypyridyl complexes: Catalysed photodecomposition of H_2O to H_2 , and O_2 , Catalysed photoreduction of CO and CO_2 , $Ru(bpy)_3^{2+}$ as dye for DSSC.

Module IV Photochemistry of Porphyrins

(9 Lectures)

Introduction to porphyrin, Types of porphyrin and their general features, Classification based on peripheral substitution, Reduced porphyrins, Electronic spectroscopy of metalloporphyrin- Classification based on absorption and emission spectral feature, Description on metalloporphyrin ground and excited state,

Different types of excited states of porphyrins. Resonance Raman spectra of metalloporphyrins. Hypso porphyrins: luminiscent type- Cu Porphyrin, Ag Porphyrin, Phosporescent type- Au Porphyrins, Pt Porphyrins, Pd Porphyrins, Rh Porphyrins, Ru Porphyrins, Os Porphyrins; Radiationless Hypso Porphyrins: Fe and Co Porphyrins, Hyper porphyrine: d type- Cr and Mn Porphyrins, p Type-Metalloid porphyrins; Pseudo normal Porphyrins-Lanthanide porphyrins..

Module V Application of Inorganic Photochemistry

(9 Lectures)

Environment cleaning: Photocatalytic reactions of volatile hydrocarbons, Photocatalytic activity of TiO₂ in cleaning air pollutants, Photocatalyst based air purifying materials.

Porphyrin and photosynthesis, Active site structure of Chlorophyl, Accessory Pigments and Extended Range of Light Absorption, Exciton Transfer; Central Photochemical Event: Light-Driven Electron Flow, The Pheophytin-Quinone Reaction Center, Functional modules of photosynthetic machinery- Z Scheme, Biomimetic energy production- Artificial photosynthesis, Photosynthetic cell, Dye Sensitised Solar Cell, Tandem Cell.

Text books:

1. K. Kalyanasundaram, Photochemistry of Polypyridine and Porphyrin Complexes; Academic Press Limited: London, 1992.

Reference books:

1. M. Kaneko, I. Okura, Photocatalysis: Science and Technilogy, Springer
2. E. A. B. Ebsworth, D. W. H. Rankin, S. Cardock, Structural methods in Inorganic Chemistry; 2nd ed., Wiley-Blackwell, 1991.

Course Delivery methods
Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
Tutorials/Assignments
Seminars
Mini projects/Projects
Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets
Simulation

Course Outcome (CO) Attainment Assessment tools & Evaluation procedure

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Assignment	10
Seminar before a commitee	10
Three Quizzes	10+10+10
End Sem Examination Marks	50

Assessment Components	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4
Assignment	√	√		
Quiz –I	√	√		
Quiz-II			√	
End Sem Examination Marks	√	√	√	√

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty
2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Mapping between Objectives and Outcomes

Course Outcome #	Program Outcomes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4
CO1	H	H	L	L
CO2	H	H	H	L
CO3	H	H	H	L
CO4	M	H	H	L

Mapping Between COs and Course Delivery (CD) methods

CD	Course Delivery methods	Course Outcome	Course Delivery Method
CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1
CD2	Tutorials/Assignments	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1,CD2
CD3	Seminars	CO 2, 3	CD3
CD4	Mini projects/Projects	CO3, 4	CD4
CD5	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids	CO 1, 2, 3	CD5
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD6
CD7	Simulation	CO2, 4	CD7

Lecture wise Lesson planning Details.

Week No.	Lect. No.	Ch. No.	Topics to be covered	Text Book / References	COs mapped	Methodology used
1-2	L1-L09	1	Photophysical properties of excited state	T1, R1	1	PPT Digi Class/Chock

						-Board
3-6	L10- L18	2	Photochemical reactions and techniques for the study of excited state	T1, R2	2	-do-
7-8	L19- L27	3	Photochemistry of the Polypyridyl complexes and porphyrins	T1, R1	3	-do-
8-13	L28- L36	4	Photochemistry of Porphyrins	T1	4	-do-
13-15	L37- L45	5	Application of Inorganic Photochemistry	T1, R1	5	-do-

Course code: CH 514 (SPL-III)
Course title: Chemical Applications of Group Theory
Pre-requisite(s): B. Sc. (H) Chemistry
Co- requisite(s):
Credits: 4 L: 3 T: 1 P: 0
Class schedule per week: 04
Class: M. Sc. and I. M. Sc.
Semester / Level: M. Sc. IV/ I. M. Sc. X
Branch: Chemistry
Name of Teacher:

Course Objectives

This course enables the students:

A.	To apply the great orthogonality theorem to derive simple point groups and illustrate its use in the applications in crystal field theory, pericyclic reactions and molecular spectroscopy.
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Course Outcomes

After the completion of this course, students will be:

1.	Able to determine the symmetry operations of any small and medium-sized molecule and apply point group theory to the study of electrical, optical and magnetic properties and selection rules for absorption.
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Syllabus

Module I: Molecular Vibrations

(9 lectures)

Group theory and normal modes of vibrations of polyatomic molecules. Procedure for determining the irreducible representation of the vibrational modes for H₂O, NH₃ molecules. Selection rules for fundamental vibration transition.

Module II: Molecular Orbital (MO) Theory & its Application in Organic Chemistry

(9 lectures)

Symmetry factoring of secular equations, carbocyclic system, LCAO-MO π -bonding for naphthalene & formaldehyde. Electronic excitation, Selection Rule and Configuration interaction, Three-centre bonding, Symmetry-based selection rule for cyclization reaction.

Module III: MO Theory for Inorganic & Organometallic Compounds

(9 lectures)

Transform properties of atomic orbitals, hybridization scheme for σ & π bonding orbitals; MO theory for AB_n-type of molecules and regular octahedral and tetrahedral molecules.

Module IV: Ligand Field Theory

(9 lectures)

Electronic structure of free atoms and ions; Splitting of levels and terms in chemical environment, Construction of energy level diagrams; Estimation of orbital energy; Selection rules and polarization; Double groups.

Module V: Crystallographic Symmetry

(9 lectures)

Two-dimensional space symmetries; Three-dimensional and their symmetries; Crystal symmetry; Interrelating lattice symmetry, crystal symmetry & diffraction symmetry; Additional symmetry elements & operations; Space groups and X-ray crystallography.

Text books:

1. F. A. Cotton, Chemical Applications of Group Theory, 3rd ed., Wiley Eastern Limited, 1985.
2. V. Ramakrishnan and M. S. Gopinathan: Group Theory in chemistry, Vishal Publication, 1986.

Reference books:

1. P. Atkins, R. Friedman, Molecular Quantum Mechanics, 4th ed., Oxford University Press, 2005.

Course Delivery methods
Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
Tutorials/Assignments
Seminars
Mini projects/Projects
Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets
Simulation

Course Outcome (CO) Attainment Assessment tools & Evaluation procedure

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Assignment	10
Seminar before a commitee	10
Three Quizzes	10+10+10
End Sem Examination Marks	50

Assessment Components	CO1
Assignment	√
Quiz -1	√
Quiz II	√
End Sem Examination Marks	√

Indirect Assessment –

- 1. Student Feedback on Faculty**
- 2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome**

Mapping between Objectives and Outcomes

Course Outcome #	Program Outcomes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4
CO1	H	H	H	L

Mapping Between COs and Course Delivery (CD) methods

CD	Course Delivery methods	Course Outcome	Course Delivery Method
CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors	CO 1	CD1
CD2	Tutorials/Assignments	CO 1	CD1, 2
CD3	Seminars	CO 1	CD3
CD4	Mini projects/Projects	CO 1	CD4
CD5	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids	CO 1	CD5
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internet	CO 1	CD6
CD7	Simulation	CO 1	CD7

Lecture wise Lesson planning Details.

Week No.	Lect. No.	Ch. No.	Topics to be covered	Text Book / References	COs mapped	Methodology used
1-3	L1-L09	1	Group Theory and normal modes of vibration for polyatomic molecules	T1, T2,R1	1	PPT Digi Class/Chock -Board
3-5	L10-L18	2	Molecular Orbital (MO) Theory and its Application	T1, T2,R1	1	-do-
6-10	L19-L27	3	MO Theory for Inorganic Compound	T1, T2,R1	1	-do-
11	L28-L36	4	Ligand Field Theory	T1, T2,R1	1	-do-
12-15	L37-L45	5	Crystallographic Symmetry	T1, T2,R1	1	-do-

Course code: CH 515 (SPL-III)
Course title: Interdisciplinary Organic Chemistry
Pre-requisite(s): B. Sc. (H) Chemistry
Co- requisite(s):
Credits: 4 L: 3 T: 1 P: 0
Class schedule per week: 04
Class: M. Sc. and I. M. Sc.
Semester / Level: M. Sc. IV/ I. M. Sc. X
Branch: Chemistry
Name of Teacher:

Course Objectives

This course enables the students:

A.	To understand the structure and functions of Carbohydrate, peptides, proteins, flavonoids, terpenoids and steroids in biological system. How to differentiate reducing and non-reducing sugars.
B.	Study reactions involving peptide synthesis, biosynthesis of Steroids.
C.	To understand polymer chemistry including Properties of polymers, Methods of polymerization and processing.
D.	To design safer chemicals, safer solvents and auxiliaries, energy efficient reactions for Green synthesis.

Course Outcomes

After the completion of this course, students will be:

1.	Able to explain structure and functions of Carbohydrate, peptides, proteins, flavonoids, terpenoids and steroids.
2.	Able to explain properties of polymers, their methods of preparation and processing.
3.	Able to design safer chemicals, safer solvents and auxiliaries, energy efficient reactions for Green synthesis
4.	Able to explain the principles of green chemistry

Syllabus

Module I: Carbohydrate chemistry

(10 Lectures)

Biological importance of monosaccharides (aldohexose-glucose, mannose, galactose; epimers; ketohexose-fructose; aldopentose-ribose; deoxysugars-deoxyribose; fucose; rhamnose), polysaccharides (cellulose, glycogen, starch, chitin, agar), Glycoprotein, proteoglycan, glycosaminoglycan, muramic acid, sialic acid. Molish's test for carbohydrate, reaction of monosaccharides with nitric acid, bromine water, periodic acid and phenylhydrazine, osazone formation, reaction of deoxyribose with DPA and reaction of ribose with orcinol reagent; glycosidic linkage, disaccharides (sucrose-invert sugar, inversion of sucrose, maltose and lactose) reducing and non-reducing sugar (tests for reducing sugars, reaction with Benedict's reagent, Fehling's solution, Tollen's reagent, Seliwanoff test for ketose)

Module II: Peptide Chemistry

(10 Lectures)

Example of biologically important peptides and their functions in brief (glutathione-peptide of non-protein origin), Merrifield solid-phase peptide synthesis using protection/ deprotection protocol (brief outline). Deprotection and racemization in peptide synthesis. Solution and solid phase techniques. Proteins: Definition & structure, primary, secondary, tertiary and quaternary structure (definition and example), structure of globular protein (albumin, globulin, haemoglobin & myoglobin – Structure, function and occurrence in brief) Behaviour of proteins in solutions, salting in and salting out, Denaturation and renaturation of proteins (example -RNase), absorbance of proteins, example of metalloprotein, lipoprotein.

Module III: Natural Product Chemistry

(9 Lectures)

Flavonoid Chemistry: Anthocyanins, Flavonols and flavones; Quinone chemistry. Terpenoids: Structure and Methods for Structure elucidation. Biosynthesis of Terpenoids: Gibberellins. Acyclic (Squalene), Lanosterol, Ursolic acid & Oleanolic acid. Alkaloid Chemistry: Opium, Ergot, Rauwolfia and Vinca alkaloids. Cyanogenic glycosides, Indoles and Chlorophylls. Steroid chemistry: Introduction & Biosynthesis of Steroids. Phytosterols, Saponins & Sapogenins, Cardiotonic glucosides, Steroidal alkaloids: Solanum and Kurchi alkaloids.

Module IV: Polymer Chemistry

(8 Lectures)

Methods of polymerization: Bulk, solution, suspension, emulsion, Addition, Melt and condensation.

Properties of polymers: Viscosity, end-group analysis, hardness, abrasion resistance, crystallinity glassy state, glass transition temperature (T_g) and melting point (T_m).

Additives in polymers: Plasticizers, stabilizers, antioxidants, fillers, pigments

Polymer processing: Compounding, calendaring, die/rotational/film casting, injection molding, extrusion molding, thermoforming, foaming and reinforcing.

Module V: Green Chemistry

(8 Lectures)

Introduction to the principles of green chemistry – prevention of waste, atom economy, less hazardous chemical syntheses, designing safer chemicals, safer solvents and auxiliaries, design for energy efficiency, reduce derivatives, renewable feedstock, catalysis, design for degradation, Green synthesis, clean routes, supercritical solvents, ionic liquids, Catalysis in green chemistry.

Text books:

1. I. L. Finar Organic Chemistry Vol. II., Stereochemistry and the Chemistry Natural Products, 5th ed., Longman Ltd., New Delhi, 2011.
2. A. Ravve, Principles of Polymer Chemistry, Plenum Press, New York, Springer 3rd Edition, May 2012.
3. V. R Gowarikar, Vishwanathan Srikanth, Polymer Chemistry, Wiley Eastern, Bombay, 2000.
4. V. K. Ahluwalia, Green Chemistry: Greener Alternatives to Synthetic Organic Transformations- Narosa Publishing House.

Reference books:

1. T.K. Lindhorst: Essentials of Carbohydrate Chemistry and Biochemistry, 3rd ed., Wiley-VCH, Weinheim 2007.
2. P. D. Bailey, An Introduction to Peptide Chemistry; Wiley-Blackwell; Revised ed. edition (22 April 1992)
3. S. V. Bhat, B. A. Nagasampagi, M. Shivakumar: Chemistry of Natural Products; Narosa Publishing House; Revised edition (27 September 2013)
4. V. K. Ahluwalia, Anuradha Mishra Polymer Science:, Ane Books Pvt. Ltd.
5. M. Lancaster, Green Chemistry: In Introductory Text, RSC Publishing, 2010

Course Delivery methods
Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
Tutorials/Assignments
Seminars
Mini projects/Projects
Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets
Simulation

Course Outcome (CO) Attainment Assessment tools & Evaluation procedure

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Assignment	10
Seminar before a committee	10
Three Quizzes	10+10+10
End Sem Examination Marks	50

Assessment Components	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4
Assignment	√	√	√	
Quiz -1	√			
Quiz II			√	
End Sem Examination Marks	√	√	√	√

Indirect Assessment –

- 1. Student Feedback on Faculty**
- 2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome**

Mapping between Objectives and Outcomes

Course Outcome #	Program Outcomes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4
CO1	M	H	M	L
CO2	H	H	M	L
CO3	H	H	H	M
CO4	H	M	L	H

Mapping Between COs and Course Delivery (CD) methods

CD	Course Delivery methods	Course Outcome	Course Delivery Method
CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1
CD2	Tutorials/Assignments	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1,CD2
CD3	Seminars	CO 2, 3	CD3
CD4	Mini projects/Projects	CO3, 4	CD4
CD5	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids	CO 1, 2, 3	CD5

CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD6
CD7	Simulation	CO2, 4	CD7

Lecture wise Lesson planning Details.

Week No.	Lect. No.	Ch. No.	Topics to be covered	Text Book / References	COs mapped	Methodology used
1-3	L1-L09	1	Carbohydrate Chemistry	T1, R1	1	PPT Digi Class/Chock -Board
4-6	L10-L18	2	Chemistry of Peptide and Proteins	T1, R2	1	-do-
7-9	L19-L27	3	Natural Product Chemistry	T1, R3	2	-do-
10-12	L28-L36	4	Polymer Chemistry	T2, T3, R4	3	-do-
13-15	L37-L45	5	Green Chemistry	T4, R5	4	-do-

FOUNDATION SCIENCE (FS) FOR IMSc PROGRAMME

Course code: CH 111

Course title: General Chemistry-I

Pre-requisite(s): Intermediate level chemistry

Co- requisite(s):

Credits: 4 L: 3 T: 1 P: 0

Class schedule per week: 04

Class: B. Sc.

Level: I

Branch: Chemistry

Name of Teacher:

Course Objectives

This course enables the students:

A.	To understand the structure of atom at electronic level
B.	To develop knowledge on the physical and chemical properties of the atoms
C.	To create concept of interaction of atomic orbitals
D.	To understand the basics of organic chemistry including stereochemistry perspectives

Course Outcomes

After the completion of this course, students will be:

1.	Able to explain the properties of the atoms quantum mechanically and calculate the atomic parameters
2.	Able to predict the chemical reactivity
3.	Able to explain the interaction between atoms
4.	Able to explain the organic reaction mechanism

Syllabus

Module I: Atomic Structure

(9 Lectures)

Bohr's theory, Wave mechanics: de Broglie equation, Heisenberg's Uncertainty Principle, Schrödinger's wave equation, significance of ψ and ψ^2 . Quantum numbers and their significance. Normalized and orthogonal wave functions. Sign of wave functions. Radial and angular wave functions for hydrogen atom. Radial and angular distribution curves. Shapes of *s*, *p*, *d* and *f* orbitals. Contour boundary and probability diagrams. Pauli's Exclusion Principle, Hund's rule, Aufbau's principle, Variation of orbital energy with atomic number.

Module II: Periodicity of Elements

(9 Lectures)

s, *p*, *d*, *f* block elements, the long form of periodic table. Detailed discussion of properties of the elements with reference to *s* and *p*-block. Shielding effect, Slater rules, variation of properties in periodic table. Atomic & Ionic radii (van der Waals), Ionization enthalpy, electron gain enthalpy, Electronegativity, hybridization, group electronegativity. Sanderson's electron density ratio.

Module III: Basics of Organic Chemistry

(9 Lectures)

Organic Compounds: Classification, Nomenclature, Hybridization, Electronic Displacements: Inductive, electromeric, resonance and mesomeric effects, hyperconjugation, Dipole moment. Organic acids and bases. Homolytic and Heterolytic fission, arrow rules, Electrophiles and Nucleophiles; Carbocations, Carbanions, Free radicals and Carbenes. Introduction to types of organic reactions and their mechanism: Addition, Elimination and Substitution reactions.

Module IV: Chemical Bonding**(9 Lectures)**

Ionic bond: Radius ratio rule, Packing of ions in crystals. Born-Landé equation, Madelung constant, Born-Haber cycle. *Metallic Bond:* valence bond and band theories, defects in solids. *Weak Chemical Forces:* Van der Waals forces, ion-dipole forces, dipole-dipole interactions, induced dipole interactions, Hydrogen bonding. *Covalent bond:* Lewis structure, Valence Bond theory, Resonance and resonance energy, Molecular orbital theory. Molecular orbital diagrams of diatomic and simple polyatomic molecules, Valence shell electron pair repulsion theory (VSEPR), multiple bonding. Fajan's rules and consequences of polarization.

Module V: Stereochemistry**(9 Lectures)**

Fischer Projection, Newmann and Sawhorse Projection formulae and their interconversions; Geometrical isomerism: *cis-trans* and, *syn-anti* isomerism E/Z notations with C.I.P rules.

Optical Isomerism: Optical Activity, Specific Rotation, Chirality/Asymmetry, Enantiomers, Molecules with two or more chiral-centres, Distereoisomers, meso structures, Racemic mixture and resolution. Relative and absolute configuration: D/L and R/S designations.

Text books:

1. Lee, J. D. Concise Inorganic Chemistry ELBS, 1991.
2. Douglas, B. E. and McDaniel, D. H. Concepts & Models of Inorganic Chemistry Oxford, 1970
3. Finar, I. L. Organic Chemistry (Volume 1), Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).
4. Finar, I. L. Organic Chemistry (Volume 2: Stereochemistry and the Chemistry of Natural Products), Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).
5. Morrison, R. N. & Boyd, R. N. Organic Chemistry, Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).

Reference books:

1. Atkins, P. W. & Paula, J. Physical Chemistry, 10th Ed., Oxford University Press, 2014.
2. Day, M. C. and Selbin, J. Theoretical Inorganic Chemistry, ACS Publications, 1962.
3. Rodger, G. E. Inorganic and Solid State Chemistry, Cengage Learning India Edition, 2002.
4. Kalsi, P. S. Stereochemistry Conformation and Mechanism, New Age International, 2005.

Course Delivery methods
Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
Tutorials/Assignments
Seminars
Mini projects/Projects
Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
Industrial/guest lectures
Industrial visits/in-plant training
Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets
Simulation

Course Outcome (CO) Attainment Assessment tools & Evaluation procedure**Direct Assessment**

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Teacher's Assessment	5

Mid Sem	25
Two Quizzes	10+10
End Sem Examination Marks	50

Assessment Components	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4
Mid Sem	√	√		
Assignment	√	√	√	
Quiz –I	√			
Quiz II			√	
End Sem Examination Marks	√	√	√	√

Indirect Assessment –

- 1. Student Feedback on Faculty**
- 2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome**

Mapping between Objectives and Outcomes

Course Outcome #	Program Outcomes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4
CO1	M	H	L	L
CO2	H	H	M	L
CO3	H	H	H	M
CO4	H	M	H	L

Mapping Between COs and Course Delivery (CD) methods

CD	Course Delivery methods	Course Outcome	Course Delivery Method
CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1
CD2	Tutorials/Assignments	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1,CD2
CD3	Seminars	CO 2, 3	CD3
CD4	Mini projects/Projects	CO3, 4	CD4
CD5	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids	CO 1, 2, 3	CD5
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD6
CD7	Simulation	CO2, 4	CD7

Lecture wise Lesson planning Details.

Week No.	Lect. No.	Ch. No.	Topics to be covered	Text Book / References	COs mapped	Methodology used
	L1-L9	1	Atomic Structure	T1, T3, R3	1	PPT Digi Class/Chock-Board
	L10-L18	2	Periodicity of Elements	T1, T3, R3	1	-do-
	L19-L27	3	Basics of Organic Chemistry	T1, T5	2	-do-
	L28-L36	4	Chemical Bonding	T3, R1,R2	3	-do-
	L37-L45	5	Stereochemistry	T5, R4	4	-do-

Course code: CH 112
Course title: General Chemistry- I Lab
Pre-requisite(s): Intermediate level chemistry
Co- requisite(s):
Credits: 1.5 L: 0 T: 0 P: 3
Class schedule per week: 04
Class: B. Sc.
Level: II
Branch: Chemistry
Name of Teacher:

Syllabus

(A) Titrimetric Analysis

- (i) Calibration and use of apparatus
- (ii) Preparation of solutions of different Molarity/Normality of titrants

(B) Acid-Base Titrations

- (i) Estimation of carbonate and hydroxide present together in mixture.
- (ii) Estimation of carbonate and bicarbonate present together in a mixture.
- (iii) Estimation of free alkali present in different soaps/detergents

(C) Purification of organic compounds by crystallization using the following solvents:

- a. Water
- b. Alcohol
- c. Alcohol-Water

(D) Determination of the melting points of above compounds and unknown organic compounds (Kjeldahl method and electrically heated melting point apparatus)

Reference book:

1. Mendham, J., A. I. Vogel's *Quantitative Chemical Analysis 6th Ed.*, Pearson, 2009.
2. Mann, F.G. & Saunders, B.C. *Practical Organic Chemistry*, Pearson Education (2009).

Assessment Tool	% Contribution
Progressive Evaluation	60 (Day to day performance: 30, Quiz: 10, Viva: 20)
End Sem Examination	40 (Experiment Performance: 30, Quiz: 10)

Course code: CH 213
Course title: General Chemistry-II
Pre-requisite(s): Intermediate level chemistry
Co- requisite(s):
Credits: 4 L: 3 T: 1 P: 0
Class schedule per week: 04
Class: B. Sc.
Level: II
Branch: Chemistry
Name of Teacher:

Course Objectives

This course enables the students:

A.	To differentiate the states of matter based on molecular level interactions
B.	To understand the concept of ideal and real gases from the molecular level energetics
C.	To grow knowledge on the hybridization, bonding and structural properties of the molecules
D.	To create concept of molecular orbital, arrow in mechanism, with 3D structural understanding.
E.	To know the process of reaction driven by nucleophiles and electrophiles

Course Outcomes

After the completion of this course, students will be:

1.	Able to derive the Van der Waals equation of state and explain the deviation of real gases from ideal gases
2.	Able to analyse surface tension and viscosity coefficient of liquids
3.	Able to calculate pH/pKa, degree of ionization, dissociation constant, solubility product of electrolytes
4.	Able to explain the interaction between reaction intermediates
5.	Able to predict and analyses the configuration and conformation of molecules

Syllabus

Module-I: States of Matter

(9 Lectures)

Gaseous state: Kinetic theory of gas, Maxwell distribution equation, *Ideal & real gases*, compressibility factor, Z. Van der Waals equation of state, Boyle temperature. Continuity of states, critical state, law of corresponding states. Liquid state: Physical properties of liquids; vapour pressure, surface tension and coefficient of viscosity. Solid state: Miller indices, symmetry elements and symmetry operations, qualitative idea of point and space groups, seven crystal systems and fourteen Bravais lattices; X-ray diffraction, Bragg's law. Analysis of powder diffraction patterns

Module-II: Ionic Equilibria

(9 Lectures)

Strong, moderate and weak electrolytes, degree of ionization, ionization constant and ionic product of water. Ionization of weak acids and bases, pH scale, common ion effect; dissociation constants of mono-, di- and triprotic acids Salt hydrolysis-calculation of hydrolysis constant, degree of hydrolysis and pH for different salts. Buffer solutions; derivation of Henderson equation and its applications. Solubility and solubility product of sparingly soluble salt. Qualitative treatment of acid – base titration curves. Theory of acid–bases; Arrhenius, Bronsted Lowry, Lewis concept, SHAB, solvent systems; selection of indicators and their limitations. Hydrolysis and hydrolysis constants.

Module-III: Chemistry of Aromatic Hydrocarbons

(9 Lectures)

Aromaticity: Hückel's rule, aromatic character of arenes, cyclic carbocations/carbanions and heterocyclic compounds with suitable examples. Electrophilic aromatic substitution: Isotopic effect, halogenation, nitration, sulphonation and Friedel-Craft's alkylation/acylation with their mechanism & energy diagram,. Directing effects of the groups.

Module-IV: Oxidation-Reduction

(8 Lectures)

Galvanic cells and electrolytic cells, Daniel cell, different kind of half-cells, electromotive forces of a cell and its measurement, Nernst equation, Redox equilibrium, Standard Electrode Potential and its application to inorganic reactions, different types of galvanic cells, Thermodynamics of electrochemical cells and applications, Potentiometric titrations to determine various equilibrium constants.

Module-V: Chemistry of Aliphatic Hydrocarbons

(10 Lectures)

Carbon-Carbon sigma bonds: Chemistry of alkanes, Wurtz Reaction, Wurtz-Fittig Reactions, Free radical substitutions: Halogenation. Carbon-Carbon pi bonds: elimination reactions, Mechanism of E1, E2, E1cb reactions. Saytzeff and Hofmann eliminations. Reactions of alkenes: Electrophilic additions their mechanisms (Markownikoff/Anti Markownikoff addition), mechanism of oxymercuration-demercuration, hydroboration-oxidation, ozonolysis, reduction (catalytic and chemical), syn and anti-hydroxylation (oxidation). 1,2-and 1,4-addition reactions in conjugated dienes and, Diels-Alder reaction; Allylic and benzylic bromination and mechanism, *e.g.* propene, 1-butene, toluene, ethyl benzene. Reactions of alkynes: Acidity, Electrophilic and Nucleophilic additions. Hydration to form carbonyl compounds, Alkylation of terminal alkynes. Alkanes & Cycloalkanes: Types, Conformational Analysis, relative stability & Energy diagrams.

Text books:

1. Kapoor, K. L. A Textbook of Physical Chemistry, Volume 1, Mcmillan Publishers India Ltd, 2004
2. Atkins, P. W. & Paula, J. de Atkin's Physical Chemistry 10th Ed., Oxford University Press (2014).
3. Castellan, G. W. Physical Chemistry 4th Ed. Narosa (2004).
4. Finar, I. L. Organic Chemistry (Volume 1), Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).
5. Morrison, R. N. & Boyd, R. N. Organic Chemistry, Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Pearson Education).

Reference books:

1. Ball, D. W. Physical Chemistry Thomson Press, India (2007).
2. Mortimer, R. G. Physical Chemistry 3rd Ed. Elsevier: NOIDA, UP (2009).
3. Engel, T. & Reid, P. Physical Chemistry 3rd Ed. Pearson (2013).
4. McMurry, J.E. Fundamentals of Organic Chemistry, 7th Ed. Cengage Learning India Edition, 2013.

Course Delivery methods
Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
Tutorials/Assignments
Seminars
Mini projects/Projects
Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets
Simulation

Course Outcome (CO) Attainment Assessment tools & Evaluation procedure

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Teacher's Assessment	5
Mid Sem	25
Two Quizzes	10+10
End Sem Examination Marks	50

Assessment Components	CO1	CO2	CO3	CO4
Mid Sem	√	√		
Assignment	√	√	√	
Quiz -1	√			
Quiz II			√	
End Sem Examination Marks	√	√	√	√

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty
2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Mapping between Objectives and Outcomes

Course Outcome #	Program Outcomes			
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4
CO1	H	H	L	L
CO2	H	H	M	L
CO3	H	H	H	M
CO4	H	H	L	L
CO5	H	H	L	L

Mapping Between COs and Course Delivery (CD) methods

CD	Course Delivery methods	Course Outcome	Course Delivery Method
CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1
CD2	Tutorials/Assignments	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD1,CD2
CD3	Seminars	CO 2, 3	CD3
CD4	Mini projects/Projects	CO3, 4	CD4
CD5	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids	CO 1, 2, 3	CD5
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets	CO1, 2, 3, 4	CD6
CD7	Simulation	CO2, 4	CD7

Lecture wise Lesson planning Details.

Week No.	Lect. No.	Ch. No	Topics to be covered	Text Book / References	COs map ped	Methodology used
1-4	L01-L09	1	States of Matter	T1, T2, R1, R2, R4	1	PPT Digi Class/Chock -Board
5-6	L10-L18	2	Ionic Equillibrium	T1, T4, R1	2	-do-
7-9	L19-L28	3	Chemistry of Aliphatic Hydrocarbons	T3, T5, R3	3	-do-
10-13	L29-L36	4	Oxidation Reduction	T1, T4, R1, R2, R3	4	-do-
14-15	L37-L45	5	Chemistry of Aromatic Hydrocarbons	T3, T5, R3	2	-do-

Course code: CH 214
Course title: General Chemistry- II Lab
Pre-requisite(s): Intermediate level chemistry
Co- requisite(s):
Credits: 1.5 L: 0 T: 0 P: 3
Class schedule per week: 04
Class: B. Sc.
Level: II
Branch: Chemistry
Name of Teacher:

Syllabus

1. Surface tension measurements.
 - a. Determine the surface tension by (i) drop number (ii) drop weight method.
 - b. Study the variation of surface tension of detergent solutions with concentration.
2. Viscosity measurement using Ostwald's viscometer.
3. Indexing of a given powder diffraction pattern of a cubic crystalline system.
4. pH metry
 - a. Study the effect on pH of addition of HCl/NaOH to solutions of acetic acid, sodium acetate and their mixtures.
 - b. Preparation of buffer solutions of different pH
 - c. pH metric titration of (i) strong acid vs. strong base, (ii) weak acid vs. strong base.
 - d. Determination of dissociation constant of a weak acid.
5. Oxidation-Reduction Titrimetry
6. Chromatography
 - a. Separation of a mixture of two amino acids by ascending and horizontal paper chromatography
 - b. Separation of a mixture of two sugars by ascending paper chromatography
 - c. Separation of a mixture of *o*-and *p*-nitrophenol or *o*-and *p*-aminophenol by thin layer chromatography (TLC)

Reference Books

1. Khosla, B. D.; Garg, V. C. & Gulati, A. *Senior Practical Physical Chemistry*, R. Chand & Co.: New Delhi (2011).
2. Garland, C. W.; Nibler, J. W. & Shoemaker, D. P. *Experiments in Physical Chemistry 8th Ed.*; McGraw-Hill: New York (2003).
3. Mann, F.G. & Saunders, B.C. *Practical Organic Chemistry*, Pearson Education (2009).
4. Furniss, B.S.; Hannaford, A.J.; Smith, P.W.G.; Tatchell, A.R. *Practical Organic Chemistry*, 5th Ed., Pearson (2012).

Assessment Tool	% Contribution
Progressive Evaluation	60 (Day to day performance: 30, Quiz: 10, Viva: 20)
End Sem Examination	40 (Experiment Performance: 30, Quiz: 10)